FINANCIALTIMES

Monday December 29 1986

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Business summary

Iran 'on Best year for jet final Gulf War aircraft countdown' producers

Iran is "counting down for the deci-sive final blow" in its sur-year-old their best year in 1986, with orders war with Iran Iran's Parliamentary for 198 new aircraft worth more Speaker, Hashemi Batsanjani, said. The propagands war between Iran and Iraq scaled new beights in the wake of last week's brief military clash on the Shatt al-Arab watary clash on the Shati al-Arab wa-terway with Iraq claiming it killed or wounded 95,000 Iranians during 14 hours of fighting and Iran claim-ing 9,500 Iraqus killed or wounded. Iran also urged the United Na-tions to take "more serious and ef-

factive measures" to prevent Iraq using chemical weapons. Page 2 Basque arrests

Spanish police arrested four sus-pected Basque separatists as they were making a bomb to be used in a guerrilla attack in San Sebastian. Five store suspected guerrilles were later select in nearby Laserte.

Manila protest

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Tracing championship

Several hundred demonstrators chanting anti-government slogans in Manila burned piles of Time magazine, which named Philippine President Corazon Aquino Woman of the Year."

Palestinians shot

Israeli troops shot and wounded two Palestinian students throwing stones at soldiers during a demonstration in the occupied West Bank town of Ramallah.

Spy trial begins

Isrseli nuclear technician Mordechal Vanunu pleaded not guilty to treason and spy charges after he was taken to a closed court under heavy guard in Jerusalem, Page 2

Rebels seize base

Mozambican right wing rebels said Mozammean right wing recess and they captured a government mili-tary base in north-west Tete prev-ince, killing 41 Mozambican and 23 Zimbabwean troops and destroying four Soviet-built T-54 tanks and nine BTR-153 armoured vehicles.

French demo cali

Striking train drivers called for demonstrations in French cities this week to press their demands in transport and forced Prime Minis-ter Jacques Chirac to causel a holi-

Jordan-Egypt talks

King Hussein of Jordan and President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt met in Amman for the second time in five weeks in an attempt to form a common stand for next month's Islamic conference in Kuwait.

Editor expelled

Israel expelled Palestinian newspaper editor Akram Haniyah from the occupied West Bank after he abandoned a two-month struggle against a deportation order.

Japan train crash

A Japanese excursion train plunged 135 ft off a bridge, killing six people, most of them in a factory below. A railways spokesman said a gust of wind hit the train on the Japan Sea coast, 300 miles west of Tokyo, just after its 180 passengers had disem-

Berlin decision

The three Western allies in Berlin - NEGOTIABLE securities will be France, Britain and the US - overcame initial misgivings and decided to attend ceremonies in East Berlin this week marking the divided

city's 750th anniversary. Page 2

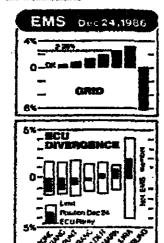
Puniab alert Security forces were put on extra alert in India's strife-torn Punjab state ahead of a general strike called by Sikh students for today.

bourne. Tennis: Australia won the Davis Cup by beating Sweden, the holders, 3-2 in Melbourne.

No. 30,120

than \$35.5bm. Page 12

EUROPEAN Monetary System: Re-newed dollar weakness put pres-sure on the weakne members of the EMS last week. Trading was very quiet ahead of the Christmas break. and thin treiling conditions tended to exaggerate currency movements. The Danish knone remained the weakent member and slipped to 68 per cent of its maximum divergence spread compared with 60 per cent the week before.



on European Monetary System ex-change rates. The upper grid, based on the weakest currency in the sys-tem, defines the cross rates from which no currency (except the lim) may move more then 2% per cent. The lower chart gives each curren-cit dispenses from its Tentral cy's divergence from its "central rate" against the European Curren-cy Unit (ECU), itself a basket of Eu-

TORYO: Nikkei average fell 119.35 to 18,791.3 in Saturday's half-day session, due to book-squaring. The market is now shut for eight days for the New Year holiday.

MORGAN GRENFELL, financial nervices group, has appointed a new managing director of its American subsidiary, Morgan Grenfell Inc, as the first step in beeling up its US operations following the acquisition of C.J. Lawrence, the US securities

firm, earlier this month. Page 15 TELECOMMUNICATIONS: World spending on equipment will in-crease by 8.4 per cent to \$108.6bn in 1987, according to a forecast by the UK-besed Telecommunications In-

dustry Research Centre. Page 2 GUINNESS: A dispute between two merchant banks over which one of them owns 2.15m Guinness shares has added a further twist to the UK Department of Trade and Industry's investigation into the brewing

company. Page 12 GTE, the US telecommunications group which has been the object of repeated bid speculation, has re-buffed its latest suitor, First City Fi-nancial, holding company of the Belzberg family of Vancouver.

BRAZIL is to build a 1,300-km rail-

way to carry grain between the un-derpopulated farm regions of the centre-west and the Amazon port of Belem. Page 2

ALGERIAN Energy Minister Belka-cem Nabi said Opec should aim at a crude oil price of \$28 a barrel.

sold for the first time in Yugoslavia on January 5, when the electric power industry of Serbia will issue debentures worth 10bn dinars (522m). Page 15

LONDON'S image as a financial centre had detariorated since Rig Bang, said 60 per cent of British company directors interviewed in a survey. Page 4

called by Sikh students for today.

Briefly:

Cricket: England retained the Ashes by beating Australia by an innings in the Fourth Test in Melhourne. Tennix Australia men the UK is forecast by Classic Conide Sandard Conide Sandard

UK is forecast by Glass's Guide Service, matching the expected record

Moscow 'likely to release more political prisoners'

THE SOVIET authorities will re- clais said yesterday that the Cov-lease many more political prisoners erament had set up a special comlease many more political prisoners in the next few months following the release from internal exile of Dr Andred Sakharov, the Soviet physicist, according to Dr Roy Medvedev, the Soviet dissident historian. In the first place Sakharov him-

self will be entering into their defence, and apart from that many were convicted under the same law as he was," he said.

Dr Medvedev, himself one of the most prominent opponents of Mr Leonid Brezhnev's Government and the historian of Stalinism in the Soviet Union, said in an interview at the weekend that, while he believed there would be many releases, he did not expect a general amnesty of political prisoners, whom he estimated to total between 2,000 and

Other reports citing Soviet offi-

mission to examine the cases of prisoners held for political reasons ed this was likely to be followed by the release of many of them.

Dr Medvedev said the release of Dr Sakharov was primarily moti-vated by two considerations: the authorities' fear that he or Yelena Bonner, his wife, could die in Gorky, combined with the Kremlin's consciousness of the damage that holding Dr Sekharov did to the Soviet Union's reputation abroad.

The immediate step leading to the release of Sakharov from his seven years of exile in Gorky, according to Dr Medvedev, was the death of Mr Anatoly Marchenko in prison on December 8. Mr March-

BY PATRICK COCKBURN IN MOSCOW

demanded in a letter to Mr Gorbachev in the spring of this year.

The Government in Moscow feared that Dr Sakharov, who is aged 65, would start another hunger strike, his fourth since he was exiled in 1960. He and his wife have both refused medical attention since they were secretly filmed receiving treatment and therefore "the authorities had no way of knowing what condition Sakharov

"The death of Sakharov in Gorky or the death of his wife there could have become an indelible stain on the reputation of the Soviet Government, and this is the main reason enko was the first name on a list of which prompted Sakharov's release 15 whose release Dr Sakharov had at this time," Dr Medvedev said.

ed to accelerate its scientific prog-ress, Dr Medvedev said.

and Bonner were in."

tation was still ternished because ne said: You are holding hostage the most outstanding scientist human rights and did it perticular damage among scientists in the West at a time when Moscow want-

Dr Medvedev said another important reason for releasing Dr Sakha-rov was the Kremlin's realisation that his views on nuclear weepons chev's arguments against President Ronald Reagan's Strategic Delence moratorium on maclear testing. He act in their favour as well as said that in the 1980s Dr Sakharov, against it."

Also the Government was con-one of the creators of the Soviet hy-scious that, despite more democra-drogen bomb, had opposed the creacy and liberalism at home, its repu-tion of a Soviet anti-ballistic missile system because it is only efficient when the country has been hit by a first strike and is already weakene in the country." His detention also and therefore it is not the one who prevented the Source Union taking wants to defend who creates the anti-missile system, but the potentia

Dr Sakharov's criticism of Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and human rights, will, of course, create a certain problem for Gorbachev, but for him what is far more important is Sakharov's quality as an ally in the struggle against the new American arms programme." The Krem-lin, Dr Medvedev said, was con-scious that Dr Sakharov's reputstion as an honest scientist indepen-Initiative (SDI) and in favour of a dent of the Soviet Government "can

stepped up its campaign to calm un-rest on the country's university campuses by announcing over the weekend the arrest of "workers" al-leged to have disturbed public order ning student protests. Five people have now been ar-rested in Shanghal, including one

Eurobonds: a profitable

borrowers, Page 13

China steps

up action

to calm

student

unrest

year for the

worker who masqueraded as a stu-dent and demanded money. Three people were arrested in Nanjing last Saturday after five consecutive days of protests.

By Robert Thompson in Peking

THE CHINESE Government has

The Government is also undernewspaper editors prohibiting ref-erences to five liberal-thinking po-ets and the publication of extracts of their work. The authorities are apparently concerned at the impact of these poets' words on restless

The momentum of student protests in support of greater democracy slowed at the weekend but posters continued to surface at Peking ming that the current Peking Government was "in every respect identical" to the "most tyrannical feudal despotism we have had in

terary magazine had been closed by city officials.

Meanwhile, the municipal government announced changes on Friday which apparently would increase the number of representatives to the lower levels of the Peo-

ple's Congress.

However, diplomats said they doubted whether the measures would make the election process any more democratic. They saw no concessions to the students' de

In the eastern city of Hefei, the capital of Anhui province and the scene of the first student protests three weeks ago, the Government has, however, made an obvious concession by delaying local elections for three weeks to allow the nomi-

nation of extra candidates. The Chinese press yesterday carried detailed accounts for the first time of the demonstrations in to disrupt public order and again said people with "ulterior motives" were behind the lawlessness. It did

By allowing reports of the protests, the Government has met one of the demands made by students in Shanghai

US to open talks over return of frozen Iran assets

BY LIONEL BARBER IN WASHINGTON

US AND IRANIAN officials are due to meet in The Hague today to dis-cuss the possibility of unbreading several hundred million dollars of ranian assets held in the US.

The assets were frozen after 52 American diplomats were seized by extremists in Tehran in 1979 and held hostage for more than a year. The sums also include interest owed by the US to Iran on money held in US bank accounts and arms previously ordered by the Shah but subsequently withheld from Ayatol-lah Khomeini's regime.

The talks between Iran and the US could be important since Iranian leaders have suggested that the unfreezing of assets could encourage Tehren to intervene on behalf of American hostages held in Leba-

The deadline for the two countries to reach a name, leaving the timest of a court-imposed settle-ment. The fact that the two sides are keen to resume talks suggests a reasonable chance of a deal being struck. The Reagan Administration beset by the Iran arms controversy, would dearly like to secure the release of at least five American hos-

President Reagan, on holiday in denied any such barter deals, but California, is said by his advisers to yesterday a report surfaced in Lonwant to keep a low profile this week don of secret US-Iranian contacts before returning to the White House on Friday. His sole scheduied public appearance is at a ceremony to honour the twin pilots of

According to the Sunday To emony to honour the twin pilots of According to the Sunday Tele-the experimental aircraft Voyager, graph, a former US intelligence

which successfully circumnavigated

the Earth last week.
In his weekly radio address at the weekend, Mr Reegan expressed disappointment over the Iran affair, an arms-for-bostages deal, but said he was "committed to get-ting all the facts and fixing what-year prison sentence for his

The President, reviewing 1986, said differences between the US and the Soviet Union had "narrowed significantly" and both sides were in a good position to make progress. He predicted stronger economic growth in 1987 and mentioned successful campaigns against drugs and the prosecution of organised crime leaders as gains in 1986.

But the tenor of his address was should, in time with the shadow cast over his presidency by the Iran

It seems certain that the dent, who has been struggling vain-ly to escape the Iran controversy, faces fresh disclosures about contacts with the Tehran regime which suggest strongly that his Adminis-tration intended to barter arms for American hostages held in Leba-

Mr Reagan and senior White House officials have consistently going back to the middle of 1984. well before the President secretly

agent Mr William Hermann said that in October 1984 he had met an Iranian guile and arms dealer, Mr Manushir Ghorbanifar, to discuss

Mr Hermann, serving an eightyear prison sentence for his part in a counterfeiting operation, said he had been briefed by the CIA before the meeting and assured that the proposed sale had been approved at the highest level within the agency.

Mr Hermann said he wanted to tell his side of the story to Con-gress, which is investigating the arms sales to iran and the resulting diversion of up to \$30m to Contra rebels in Niceragna.

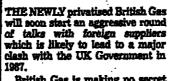
The US State Department said yesterday that it had no comment on Mr Hermann's allegations or on his application to be deported from Britain to serve the rest of his prison sentence in the US.

Mr Hermann's story adds a furclandestine US overtures to the Tehran regime by an administra-tion desperate to secure the release of American citizens held by pro-Iranian guerrillas in Lebanon. There is plenty of evidence, how-

way. The Iranians were desperate to buy weapons in their war against Iraq, including arms ordered by the Shah of Iran and subsequently held in storage by the US. Escalating the propaganda war,

British Gas prepares for battle with Government over imports

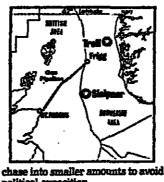
BY MAX WELKINSON, RESOURCES EDITOR, IN LONDON



British Gas is making no secret of its desire to buy around a quarter of its requirements for the late 1990s from abroad. But ministers fear that this would conflict with their desire to promote the fastest possible development of the re-maining gas reserves in the UK sec-tor of the North Sea, which they hope will provide jobs for the sup-plying industry.

British Gas, on the other hand, wants to ensure that it will obtain the cheapest possible supplies. This intention has been reinforced by its successful move into the private sector earlier this month. It believes that competition from im-ported gas supplies will help it to strike keener bargains with the oil companies which have plans to develop gas in the UK sector.

A major gas contract with Norway for the 1990s could run to £10bn or £20bn (\$14.5-\$29bn), al-though it is more likely that the corporation would break up the pur-



political opposition.

It is also expected to open serious talks with Algeria, which many in-dustry observers believe has be-come more "sensible" in its attitude come more "sensible" in its attitude to pricing after the collapse of its oil revenues. Algerian gas could be delivered to the UK by tankers in liquefled form or by niceline attention.

quefied form or by pipeline through
Spain and France.

A third option which will be explored is to buy Soviet gas, perhaps
through intermediaries in France,
the Netherlands or West Germany. mars Margaret Thatcher, the Prime has power to prevent the Frigg himister, has in the past been strongly against purchasing Soviet gas despite the keen prices avail-

abel to continental European buy-

likely to be about the purchase of gas from Norway's Troll field off the coast near Bergen. When existing imports from the Frigg field start to run down in the middle of the next decade, the pipelines could easily be extended to Troll and kept

Statoil, the Norwegian state oil company, has now concluded an agreement with a consortium of continental buyers to develop the vast reserves in Troil, and it is anxious to reach agreement with British Gas to make the maximum use of the very large platform which is planned for the field. For British

However, strong lobbying has al-ready begun to prevent British Gas from reaching such a deal. Mr Peter Walker, the Energy Secretary, has power to veto any gas pipeline planned in the British sector. Offi-

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THE MONDAY PAGE INTERVIEW

Shipping: boardroom squalls shake Britain's ferry services 4 Management: Grundig - the pain of Politics: schizophrenia and the Scots Nationalists 8 Editorial comment: prospects for arms

of turning points 10 Words of advice; to Jacques Delors and

Sir Peter Hall11 Lex: getting British Airways ready for take-off 12

Japan to spend \$9bn of surplus on foreign aid

its aid programme by attempting to tional Y300hn (\$1.8bn) in loans over direct some of its huge current ac-count surpluses towards the econ-omies of the developing countries. lending to the potentially strong de-

Last week, the Japanese Govern-ment disclosed the final part of a package of around 50 n of assistence for the leading aid agencies. Some \$1.6bn in additional loans is to be advanced to the World Bank over the next three years. Some aid officials went so far as

to encourage comparisons between the package and the post-war Mar-shall Plan through which the US helped to finance the recovery of European economies. One aid official pointed out that -

st least in nominal terms - there was not much difference in the amounts involved. The Marshall Plan amounted to the equivalent of \$12bn. To implement the plan, the aid official said, the US Government had only to redirect the in-come it was already receiving and had been spending previously on its military effort. Japanese officials on the other

hand, have constantly been point-ing out that while the country might have a huge surplus, it is all

there is to be no overall increase in government spending.

The final element of the new package would seem to be an at-tempt to harness the private sector surpluses to the aid effort. Accordingly, last week the Government announced that Japan would pro-

JAPAN has responded to critics of vide the World Bank with an addienable the Bank to increase its lending to the potentially strong developing countries in the hope of stimulating their economies.

Far from comparing the new measures with the Marshall Plan some Japanese officials have likened this new initiative to the Opec Special Fund or so-called Third Window, This was set up by the oil producing countries in 1976 when the world was clamouring for the recycling of their surpluses.

Again though there are important differences as the money for the

Opec fund came from governments, whereas 90 per cent of the money from the Japan special fund will come from the private sector. The Opec fund loans were made for only a 0.5 per cent annual commitment The Japanese funds, it is hoped. will be raised by the Japanese Gov-

ernment authorising the World Bank to increase its borrowing in the Tokyo capital markets, now limited to Y300hn a year, by Y300hn over the next three years. The Government recognises that

ing countries.

To sweeten the offer, the Japanese Government is making grants

to the World Bank of Y30bn spread over the next three years. Continued on Page 12 economie indicators,

Page 2

in the private sector. The Government itself is chronically short of loans on a commercial basis and revenue and aid officials have had thus they may not be attractive to revenue and aid officials have had thus they may not be attractive to lawless elements were attempting lawless elements were attempting not, however, identify these people or their motives.





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Tony Jackson

talks with

British author

Kingsley Amis,

Page 8

talks; laws for the music industry.... 10 Foreign affairs: looking back on a year

WORLD SPENDING on tele- crease in switches. It is likely

communications equipment will to import telecommunications increase by 8.4 per cent to equipment worth \$1.9bn, of \$108.6bn in 1987, according to which Eastern Europe is

a report from the Telecommunications Industry Research worth.

Centre, a UK-based research Most of the other main tele-

mation from telephone operating companies, is unusual for by digital and fibre optic covering most Eastern bloc and developments, the report says.

Third World countries, as well as Western industrialized

Chirac cancels trip as transport crisis continues

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

transport strikes which continue have a play a more direct part to paralyse the country. have a play a more direct part in settling the strikes. to paralyse the country.

The national train strike, now 10 days old, showed no signs tomorrow between SNCF and of ending yesterday, in spite of trade union representatives, the an overture to the unions by first meeting for a week. SNCF the management of SNCF, the has already offered a package state railway company. Further disruption was expected today from the renewal of a servate strike on the Paris Metro.

The Government has tried to leaving it to the managements of the various transport comof the various transport com-panies to settle with their work-forces, within the general 3 per cent guideline for public sector pay rises in 1987.

Transport conditions have been calmer in the past few days as the rush to get away from the cities for Christmas

Mr Pierre Mehaignerie. Minister of Equipment, Housing and Transport said at the week-end that the Government has "no call for the time being to be in the front line," and that

MR JACQUES CHIRAC, the franc in the foreign exchange French Prime Minister, has cancelled his winter holiday in creased speculation that the North Africa in the face of the Government will in the end

Talks are due to take place has already offered a package totalling FFr 500m (£53m) in the form of a January bonus and pay rises in June and October, but wants "the beginning of a return to work" before discussing working conditions and its controversial new merit-linked pay scales.

died down, but chaos could return swiftly.

Strikes are also continuing in the French merchant navy, be in the front line," and that it was up to the management of SNCF to find solutions.

But the eancellation of Mr Chirac's holiday in the wake of severe pressure on the French indian Ocean.

Where Seamen's unions are protecting against plans to allow testing against plans to allow testing against plans to allow register under the flag of the Kerguelen Islands, a French possession in the southern indian Ocean. where Seamen's unions are pro-

Italian employers expect 2.2% rise in productivity

association. It predicts that the country's

Investment in manufacturing

industry is forecast to rise by 9.6 per cent next year and by 6 per cent in 1988. The level of employment in industry, meanwhile, is likely to decline marginally over the period. A

release last week of figures declining by half a point to 4.2 by the sale of shares in state per cent in December. The banks on the Milan bourse.

ITALIAN industry is expected to increase its productivity by gross domestic product growth 2.2 per cent in 1987, according rate of 3.5 per cent in 1987; to a year-end forecast by private sector economists Confindustria, the employers' believe it will be closer to 3

per cent. It predicts that the country's productive capacity will rise at a faster rate than Japan's over the next two years. In 1988 industrial productivity is forecast to grow by 2.9 pe reent compared with 2.1 per cent in 1986.

Investment in manufacturing the first to strengthen the Italian banking system. The Bank of Italy has been authorised to set new criteria for the capital ratios of the country's banks. This is expected to lead to a strengthening of capital bases at many banks. at many banks.

Mr Carlo Ciampi, the governor of the central bank, is said to be looking for a minimum capital base of L3,000bn (£1.5bn) at major institutions. Several decrease of 1.2 per cent is fore-cast to grow by 2.9 per cent per cent in 1988, Confindustria's cautiously at the controlled system have past couple of years. Some Confindustria's cautiously past ccuple of years. Some optimistic forecasts follow the L25,000bn of such increases release last week of figures have been recorded since 1984. showing Italy's inflation rate of which L3,500bn were raised

Berlin anniversary move

BA FERTIE COTILL IN R THE THREE Western allies in sentative of West Germany. Berlin have overcome initial misgivings and decided to attend ceremonies in East Berlin this week marking Berlin's 750th anniversary. The event is being celebrated separately in both parts of the

well as the Permanent Repre- unity.

accepted the invitation of Mr Erich Honecker, East Germany's leader, to attend a New Year's Day concert opening the festivi-

The Western allies and West Germany still do not accept East Berlin as the capital of After lengthy deliberations, cerned lest their presence at the ambassadors of the UK, US the ceremony signalled a shift and France in East Berlin, as in thir position on Berlin's legal

World Economic Indicators

UNEMPLOYMENT

		Nov. 86	Oct. 86	Sept. 86	Nov. 85
US	000s	8.283.0	8.242.0	8,329.0	8,161.0
45	%	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
UK	000s	3.217.0	3.237.0	3.333.0	3,259.0
OR.	%	11.7	11.7	12.1	11.8
	70	Oct. 86	Sept. 86	Aug. 86	Oct. 85
W. Germany	000s	2.026.3	2,046.1	2,120.2	2.148.8
TV. CETTIMENT	%	7.4	7.5	7.8	7.9
France	000s	2.668.4	2.624.3	2,373,5	2.504.9
rrance	%	114	10.8	78.2	10.7
Italy	0005	3.128.5	3.155.5	3.063.7	3,023.5
11417	%	13.6	13.7	13.3	13.2
Netherlands	0005	696,0	704.8	710.9	743.4
MEDIGLITHES	%	12.1	12.3	12.4	13.0
B.J.L	000s	540.0	532.4	531.A	552.8
Beigium		13.1	12.9	12.9	13.4
	%	Sept. 86	Aug. 86	July 86	Sept. 85
P	000s	1.670.0	1,690.0	1,670.0	1,580.8
japan			2.9	2.9	2.7
	%	7.8	4.7	517	***

European Act faces further delay

THE GRANTING of an injunc-tion in the Irish high court on Christmas Eve has left EEC officials in Brussels resigned to a new delay in implementing long-awaited reforms to the Treaty of Rome.

If the Irish Government fails in an urgent action to persuade the Dublin Supreme Court to overrule the high court deci-sion, ratification of the Single European Act could be delayed by months rather than weeks diplomats fear. It was supposed to come into effect next Thurs

The injunction was granted to Mr Raymond Crotty, an Irish economist and anti-EEC campaigner, on the grounds that the Single Act raises important issues relating to the national constitution.

The Act was the result of some six months of negotiations between the 12 EEC member states, designed both to streamline the working of the Treaty of Rome, and reinforce their political co-operation outside the essentially economic scope of what is the Community's

It increases the oppor-tunities for majority voting on EEC decisions, rather than requiring unanimity, for example, on removing barriers

It also gives greater oppor-tunities for the European Par-liament to influence EEC legislation — but stops short of giv-ing the assembly full decision-making powers with the Council of Ministers which represents the member states.

The reform which has caused the reform which has caused the greatest concern in Ireland. however, is the reinforcement of political co-operation between the 12, including closer co-ordination of "their positions..., on the political and economic aspects of security."

That is seen by many Irish pationalists as compromising

nationalists as compromising the country's neutrality when all other EEC member states are also members of the Nato alliance.

Ironically, the Single Act is regarded as a feeble failure by proponents of European federalism who originally inspired the reform effort in 1985. The Irish injunction presents The irish injunction presents a potentially much more serious delay to implementation than the additional problem of congestion in the Greek Parliament, which has held up ratification by Athens.

It now seems inevitable that

the Act will not come into effect before February 1 at the earliest, and possibly later if the Irish court procedures are extended. Failure by any single lraq now claims to have on Iran will lead to a flood of against Iraq member state to ratify the Act killed or wounded 90,000 Iran new weapons reaching its King Husse means that it cannot be introduced at all.

Non-oil sector grows strongly in Venezuela

By Ioe Mann in Caracas VENEZUELA'S non-oil economic activities grew substantially

in 1986 and unemployment de-clined in spite of a dramatic drop in oil earnings according to President Jaime Lusinchi. He said that such non-petroleum activities as general industry and commerce grew by 3.3 per cent in real terms, following several years of lacklustre performance.
Mr Lusinchi also said that income from petroleum exports this year would be around \$8.02bn off sharply from \$12.406bn in 1985 and \$14.212bn the previous year. Neverthe-less, unemployment for the end of this year is estimated at 10.5 per cent, down from 12.1

MR LEE IACOCCA, Chrysler to pay the piper some time, Japan and other foreign nations; chairman, said yesterday that don't we?" A spate of unproductive fit was Mr Iacocca's strongest multi-billion-dollar business he did not want to be President of the US because in a few years the American economy would be in such a crisis he would not know what to do, Reuter reports from Detroit.

downer coming up, what are the options? I'd be damned if "If we have (an economic) per cent a year ago. Venezuela currently had liquid foreign reserves sufficient to pay for seven months of imports, the President added.

Rail line to open up Brazil interior BY IVO DAWNAY IN RIO DE JANEIRO

Growth in telecom spending likely to top 8%

three years are the Soviet years, France, Italy, Britain, Union, West Germany, China. South Korea, Spain, Mexico, Switzerland, India, South Sweden, Austria, Saudi Arabia, Africa, Australia, Belgium and Norway, Finland, Pakistan and Communication of the Soviet years, France, Italy, Britain, Union, West Germany, China, South Korea, Spain, Mexico, Switzerland, Pakistan and Communication of the Soviet years, France, Italy, Britain, Union, West Germany, China, South Korea, Spain, Mexico, Switzerland, Pakistan and Communication of the Soviet years, France, Italy, Britain, Union, West Germany, China, South Korea, Spain, Mexico, Switzerland, India, South Korea, Switzerland, India, South Korea, Switzerland, India, Indi

Over the next five to eight their spending on telecommuni-

Iraqi officials are also con-degree of Arab unity, but his cerned at the political gains attempts are unlikely to meet Iran may have made through with much success.

helping create the impression War combatants was further that the regime in Tehran is underlined in Tehran yesterday

mentioned frequently as a possible candidate since leading chrysler from near-bankruptcy to soaring profitability a few

Japan West Germany

"grain railway." linking under-populated farm regions of the centre-west to the Amazon port

CVRD has built a 1,000 km of Belem and the existing net-work of the country's industrialised south-east.

The control of the co

The ambitious project, details of which were revealed by the Transport Ministry last week-end, is possibly the most important scheme for opening up Brazil's vast interior since Brasilia was built in the early Work could begin as soon as

Ministry's budget for next year —equivalent to 1 per cent of the national budget. A new company, involving both govern-ment and private capital, will also be set up. Until now, blue-prints for the scheme, which incorporates a closely inte-grated road and river container reduced substantially if the

as Western industrialised markets.

It is forecasting growth next

year despite expecting only

small increases in equipment spending by the US, by far the world's largest telecommunica-tions spender, and Japan, the world's third largest.

The Soviet Union, the second

biggest market, is expected to boost its spending by 17 per cent, with a 20.6 per cent in-

BY ROGER MATTHEWS, MIDDLE-EAST EDITOR

ians during 14 hours' fighting, enemy.

against a figure of 10,000 it gave

on Friday, some 24 hours after the battle for control of Umm

Iran countered with a claim

of 9,500 Iraqis killed or

wounded and yesterday urged the UN to take "more effective measures" to prevent Iraq using chemical weapons. Several

THE propaganda war between bank of the Shatt al-Arab.

group.

BRAZIL IS to build a 1,300 km by the state-owned mining

CVRD has built a 1,000 km railway linking its Carajas iron ore mine with the northern port of Sao Luis, and is widely considered one of Brazil's most successful and best run groups.
The Agriculture Ministry is also closely involved, with orders to map out colonisation

programmes to make best use of farmland in a corridor 500 km on either side of the line. Food production, in particular cereals, is a growing con-May, with the aim of completing ticular cereals, is a growing conit within three years. Already cern in Brazil after a year Cz 5bn (£238m) has been which has seen soaring demand allocated from the Transport force up imports at serious cost to the trade surplus. Wheat, which enjoys a large and much-criticised government subsidy, still costs more than \$200 a tonne to produce or more than

network, have been drawn up heavy transport element in the

communications markets are

The four largest European countries, West Germany. France, Italy and the UK, will

spend 8.7 more on telecommuni-

Countries expected to show

big increase in demand for

equipment over the next two to

Iran, Iraq step up propaganda

Iraq and Iran intensified. The Iranian attack appears The two leaders have been yesterday in the wake of last to form part of the strategy it among the most staunch supweek's brief military clash on has adopted over the past two porters of Iraq and felt the Shatt al-Arab waterway, years of launching probing betrayed over what they see as south-east of the Iraqi city of missions, then pouring in the totally misguided US Basra.

Basra.

Both countries are struggling Traqis were caught unprepared, ceived moderate elements in to secure a political advantage but this time Iraq responded Tehran, in the run-up to the 46-nation guickly.

Islamic Conference Organisa: Iraq's inbilation at beating Jordan. Mr Mubarak and King tion Summit opening in Ruwalt- off the attack reflects the bit- on January 26, and seeking to termess it has felt over the discussed tactics for the Islamic exploit the disclosure that the recent disclosures in Washing- Conference Organisation with military supplies.

The attempt to build bringes to perceived moderate elements in Tehran.

During talks at Agaba in Hussein are understood to have discussed tactics for the Islamic Conference Organisation ton and its fear that US violasing the military supplies.

The attempt to build bringes to perceived moderate elements in the tensus of the setting Jordan. Mr Mubarak and King Hussein are understood to have discussed tactics for the Islamic Conference Organisation of its own arms embargo again attempt to rally support again attempt to rally support against Iraq.

its alliance with Saudi Arabia

now accepted as a permanent force in the region and one

Iacocca rules out bid to be President

disayowal yet of a possible mergers, presidential bid. He has been Japan

They fear these successes are

within Opec.

cations equipment, it says.



King Hussein would also like

The challenge to the Islamic

Conference Organisation in seeking to reconcile the Gulf

ference attended by dissident

Japan was now the financial

world currency markets, he

to use the meeting to forge a

TOP 10 TELECOMMUNICATIONS ing to the report.

3,450 1,927

65,574.1

begin at Anapolis, a provincial city 100 km west of Brasilia in the state of Goias, which already has rail connections with Sao Paulo and Rio de Janeiro. From there it would loop more than 1,000 km north, negatibly to Imperatriz, where possibly to Imperatriz, where connections on the River Tocantins could take grain by barge to Belem, a further 500 km north at the mouth of the

The governors of the western states of Goias, Mato Grosso. Mato Grosso do Sul and Rondonia are reported to have endorsed the plan enthusiastic-

cations equipment a lot, accord-

The largest supplier of tele-

communications equipment is Japan which had 27.1 per cent of the market in 1985, compared with 26 per cent in 1984. Sweden, which overtook the US

as the second largest supplier

in 1984, increased its share slightly to 12.7 per cent last

year.
The US equipment industry, now in third place, has been losing ground in South and Central America, but gaining in

Europe and some Asian mar-kets, the report says. In 1985, it held 11.8 per cent of the world market.

1987 World Outlook. Telecommunications Industry Re-search Centre, 3-5 The Square,

Barnham, West Sussex P022 OHB. £2 Europe. \$3.50 rest of

The Government appears to The Government appears to be giving high priority to rail projects. Foreign companies are competing vigorously to upgrade the key Sao Paulo-Rio de Janeiro railway line into a high-speed link — a scheme costed at anywhere between Sibn and S3bn. The 400 km journey at present takes some 12 hours.

> He also asked Sir Geogrey to contact the South African and Israeli governments about the report and to seek to establish how much the US knows of the proposats.

Top Indian and Pakistant officials have held two days of talks in an attempt to smooth AP reports from Islamabad.

"There are only small differences in our views regarding the preamble of the attack on nuclear installa-tions," a senior Pakistani diplomat said. President Mohammed Zia ni-Haq and Prime Minister Rajiv Gambli initiated the idea for the

US trade warning

sador to West Germany, said yesterday that the US might resort to protectionism to deal with European farm and tech-nology subsidies. Reuter ra· 152.1

Me

areas, the Americans will re-sort to retaliatory measures." Mr Burt declared in an inter-view in the newspaper Bild.

Boat-people's exodus Thousands of refugees, driven by poverty in the Dominican Republic, to seek a new life in the US, are making a

boat-people have so far drowned crossing the 75-mile shark-intested Mone Passage.

Eleven European hama

British and Italian Press

He was seen leaving with a bag covering his head and a red umbrella in front of his face to shield him from any contact with the Press.

At the request of the Israeli Justice Ministry, the police have launched an inquiry into last

Vanunu trial opens in secret

By Our Jerusalem

THE TRIAL of Mr Mordechai Vanunu, the man alleged to have sold Israel's nuclear secrets to a British newspaper. opened yesterday behind closed doors, with Mr Vanunu pleading not guilty to charges of treason and aggravated treason and aggravated espionage, according to Mr Amnon Zichroni, his lawyer.

After the 90-minute hearing, ZCDrom said privately that the trial would resume in six weeks, but refused to comment any further. If convicted, Mr Vanunu could face a life sen-

Tight security measures were taken yesterday to prevent a recurrence of last week's epiunderlined in Tehran yesterday sode, when Mr Vanunu relayed a message to the Press on the palm of his hand, saying he had using chemical weapons. Several of its troops had been injured by chemicals during the fighting, it claimed.

The Iranian force appears briefly to have gained control of its troops had been injured yards from the Iraqi-held west force in the region and one ference attended by dissident region and one ference attended by dissident Iraqi groups.

This is also the concern of Rafsanjani, Speaker of the President Hosni Mubarak of Iranian Parliament, told delegates that the only solution to Jordan who met at the weekend the war was the total elimination of Iraq's ruling Ba'ath Party. been abducted in Rome.

reports have since confirmed that his name did appear on the passenger list of British Airways flight 504 to Rome on September 30.

Mr Vanunu arrived at the court house more than three hours before the trial began, with his hands manacled, in a van whose windows were painted white.

week's "writing on the palm" affair. They have already called in several Israeli photographers downer coming up, what are the options? I'd be damned if I know. That's why I don't want to be President.

"I'm not being a doomsday guy. I'm just saying we have serious trouble ahead for the I Last week, Mr Lacocca said he planned to stay as chief executive of Chrysler, the third-largest US car company, at least to establish whether or not further charges will be pressed against Mr Vanuary.

Roderick Oram looks at a world where a prodigal daughter returns and new love enters a lonely widow's life

Marathon US tear-jerker wrings down the curtain

THE citizens of Henderson, a small mid-Western town, had to crowd a lot of living and loving into half an hour last week.

Wedding vows were ex-changed, a prodigal daughter returned, several relationships were saved, divorce papers were torn up, a charming new man entered a lonely widow's life, a pregnancy was announce new love was found in several stale marriages, and sundry slights forgiven.

"What is it, Jo? What is it role, you're searching for?" Stu
Bergman asked Joanne, his ter": next-door neighbour for more than 30 years.

"Tomorrow . . . and I can't wait," she replied, defiantly optimistic to the last. Both choked back tears as the credits rolled, consigning them, their by the death of families and Henderson to the in a car crash.

emotionally extravagant even the tear-jerking standards of American soap operas, episode 9,310 of Search for Tomorrow brought to a close a five-day-a-week run which had

The oldest show on American year in the soap opera encyclotelevision and ground-breaking in its prime, it finally fell victim to changing tastes and the vicissitudes of network broad-casting.

the last scene was palpably real. Mr Schemering said. The show Jo and Stu, friends but never quickly became the first suc-lovers through 35 years and six constil tolevision soap and spouses, had been played from start to finish by May Stuart and Larry Haines. They hold the female and male records for "Search" revolved around Jo longest service in one television

Jo was the "tentpole character" as soap writers say, around times. whom flourished a three-ring human circus known intimately to millions down through many generations of viewers.

Tragedy struck after only six involving teenage love and weeks. The nation was stunned by the death of Jo's husband in a car crash.

Stuart's muted exquisite facing her own problems with courage and dignity," wrote Washington. Christopher Schemering last Procter a

asting, hope for the future . . . had The highly-charged emotion of struck a chord with the public," for the first 25 years as she learned to adapt, like her audience, to the changing

> But by the mid-1970s, the most successful soaps were those such as The Young and the Restless, with storylines

Despite numerous changes in In a three-Kleenex climax, performance as the grieving style and writers, the show was motionally extravagant even widow was perfect for Jo, whose only sporadically successful winow was perfect for Jo. whose character conception was of a young woman able to offer compassion to her neighbours while facing her own problems. 1982 replacing it with Capitol, a "beautiful people" story of Procter and Gamble, the

household products manufac-turer which owned and pro-duced." Search," transferred it to NBC. But the ratings got off to a poor start when numerous NBC affiliate stations failed to pick up the show because they had their own midday news and magazine programmes in its

Dustin Hoffman . . . training

ground

A string of writers and producers took on the show through the 1980s but it never regained integrity of Joanne."

in the 12.30-1 pm slot. Also, products.

Even without "Search," it will more complex story develop-ment that hour-long episodes offer, compared with "Search's"

An audience of roughly 50m

Americans a week still tune in to more than 12 day-time soaps. Students of the genre argue that tis best, it is the only forum in films or television for serious gave broadcasting the term soap examination of family relationess hips and major social issues.

The programmes are about the producing shows is known to world, in contrast to the cocktail ey of fickle romance, insatiable sex and and improbable adventure and and improbable adventure afforms and improbable adventure afforms and improbable adventure advent

produce about 780 hours of tele-

vision programmes in the coming year. It licences them to networks in return for highly

of fickle romance, insangue sea and improbable adventure Sadly for the cast of "Search," added: "If I'd known it was an their record will be short-lived. era, I'd have paid more attention." Another Procter and Gamble tion.

In fact, audiences appear to be tiring of both these prime-time shows. They and their September. Having started on its stride for long. In 1984 its clones are being pushed rapidly creator, Mr Roy Winsor, said:
"The decline of the present version of the programme can be since of the programme can be considered as only the 12th site loss of thems and the programme can be considered as only the 12th site loss of thems and the programme can be considered as only the 12th site loss of thems and the programme can be considered as only the 12th site loss of thems and the programme can be considered as only the 12th site loss of thems and their clones are being pushed rapidly radio in 1937 before transferring the transferring the programme can be considered as only the 12th site loss of thems and their clones are being pushed rapidly radio in 1937 before transferring the transferring the programme can be considered as only the 12th site loss of themselves and their clones are being pushed rapidly radio in 1937 before transferring the transferring t most popular show and Dynasty the 34th. The personal records of Miss Stuart and Mr Haines are safe,

integrity of Joanne."

Much of the old quality was recouped this year but the ratings failed to respond because of the difficulty of preempting successful local shows operas for advertising its which started in 1956.

With Jo-like optimism, Miss

With Jo-like optimism, Miss Stuart, 62, looked to the future, talking enthusiastically about a play she has written which is just going into rehearsal in New York for a workshop produc-tion. She is also looking into

S Africa faces probe on plans for island

A campaign began yesterday to establish whether South African plans for a remote island territory include nuclear testing and how far its proposals represent a threat to the wildlife of the area, agencies report.

According to reports, South Africa plans to build a Man runway on Marion Ichand in the Antarctic, 1,200 miles south of Cape Tewn, and may be planning to use the island for nuclear testing.

South African and Israeli Military officers are reperted to have visited the island in

to have visited the island in the past two years.

Mr Tam Dalyell, Labour MP for Linlithgow, resterday wrote to Sir Geoffrey Howe. Britain's Foreign Secretary, asking if the Antarctic Treaty, to which Britain is one of the signatories, covers Marion Island.

India-Pakistan talks

out differences on a peace pact and pledge not to attack each others' nuclear facilities, draft agreement for nonagreements during a December 17 1985 meeting in New Deihi.

Mr Richard Burt, US ambas-

ports from Bonn.

"If fair co-operation is not achieved soon in both these

dangerous sea-crossing in small boats to outer Paerto Rico Illegally, AP reports

No one knows how many

Argentina trials

rights groups have urged Argentina to withdraw a bill before Parliament that puts an end to trials against security officials accused of human rights crimes, AP reports from Paris. They said it would "zilow an official silence to fall over the tent of thousands of missing and murdered people."

Algeria hails PLO

Algeria is playing down ity role in the release in Lebanon of French hostage Anrel Cornea, AP reports from Algiers. The official news agency said that Algeria—"only did its duty" and pointed to the "decisive" part played by the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

The Soviet Government has named a new Minister of Trade to replace Mr. Grigory Vaschenko (67), who had held the post for almost four years. AP reports from Moseow. He is Mr Kondrat Terekh, a member of the certain.

Soviet trade minister

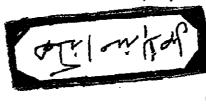
member of the central com-mittee of the Byelorassian Communist Party. Swiss growth seen

The upswing in the Swiss economy which started in 1882 should continue next year, according to the Government Commission for Economic Studies, John Wicks reports from Zurich.

After real growth in gross domestic product estimated at 2.5 per cent this year, the commission expects a slight deceleration in 1987.

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No-strike

rejected by

union chief

By Philip Bassett, Labour Editor

BRITISH trade unions have all had

to make concessions in response to

the initiative by the EETPU electri-

cians' union in signing strike free

agreements, according to Mr John

Edmonds, general secretary of the

GMBU general workers' union.
But Mr Edmonds, a key figure

within British unions, rejects such

agreements and predicts their disappearance.
Interviewed in International La-

bour Reports, Mr Edmonds says that strike-free agreements have created a polarisation within the

unions, with most on one side

against them, and one or two in fa-

and damaging" is that "we have all

had to make concessions in re-sponse to the EETPU putting no-

strike deals on the agenda because employers have felt confident

enough to demand them." The sub-

sequent polarisation of union posi-

tions has belped employers feel

deals

faces po on plan for islan

Times Monday December 5.

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He also added it is to contact the Sea to contact the Sea to the Frederick for the F iot, accord. er of tele upment is: India Pakista_k fer cen:

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Officials have held he talks in an attempte out differences he pact and plette held cent last each others metals.

AP reports from k w There are who regarding the press. 1985. comdifferences in the regarding the prosection of the control of the cook. Teles a greened days a greened days a solar to cook. Teles a greened days a greened days a greened days a greened days a greened days. astru Re-i he aquare,

agreements during the ber 17 1985 mering to Delhi. sser Philip US trade warring Mr Richard Bort Use sador to West General yesterday that the Use resort to pronetimine with European famer mology subsidies her yours from Boon.

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Swiss growth sea The upswing in the common which state common which state common to the c 25. 32.5

market sector in which they op-

Busy debut in prospect for Third Market

AS MANY as 25 companies may trade their shares on the Third Market, the new forum for the shares of young, unquoted compa-nies, on its first day of dealings ac-cording to the London Stock Exchange's estimates.

Although the slock exchange has no firm figures for the Third Market it has gauged the Ricely level of interest by moultoring Third Mar-ket activity among its members. So far it looks as if a minimum of 15 or a maximum of 25 companies will be ready to trade their shares when the Third Market opens on January

Some of the Third Market recruits will transfer from the over-the-counter (OTC) market which has spring up off the stock ex-change floor; others will come from the ranks of the mineral explora-tion companies which trade their shares under the Rule 535(3) systern; the rest will be companies which have not traded their shares

If the Third Market does succeed in attracting 25 recruits on its first day it will have a markedly more crowled debut than the Unlisted Securines Market USM which began trading in the shares of just 11 companies on November 10 1968, The stack exchange expects that

year. External estimates have

pitched this figure higher. The accountants, Tooche Ross, has sugertied that 200 companies will join the market within the first year. Although the stock exchange en-visages the Third Market as a flexilightly-regulated forum in which small companies can trade their shares, it has stipulated that sponsorship and market-making will be restricted to its own member

firms.
In recent months 28 member companies have indicated their in-tention of acting as sponsors. These include long-established member furns such as Credit Suisse, Buck-mester & Moore, Grenfell & Cole-grave and Kinon & Aitken and occcomers to the stock exchange like Guidehouse Securities. All the Third Market sponsors will make markets in the shares of their 'own' companies, but eight member firms have stated that they will also make markets in the shares of other

Eventually the shares of all Third Market companies will be quoted on the Soaq computer system, ini-tially, only the 'gamma' stocks, those with at least two market-mak-

ers, will be quoted on Seaq. But the stock exchange intends to introduce 'delta' stocks, those with only one market maker, to Seaq at least 60 companies will be quoted on the market by the end of its first will be able to accommodate delta'

Coal comes to terms with privatisation

BRITISH COAL is starting to take seriously the prospect of privatisa-tion in about four years if it can break into consistent profit and if the Conservatives win the next general election. Senior managers, originally wary

of the calls for selling off individual parts of the industry, have taken heart from a declaration by Mr Peter Walker, Energy Secretary, in a recent interview, that the industry should be sold as a whole rather

His remarks etho those of Sir Robert Hesiam, British Coal's chairman, who said recently that he would layour privatisation as long as the business remained as a

single entity.

This approach differs sharply from that being canvassed by Conservative politicians two years ear-lier when there was talk of selling off the attractive parts of the industry and letting the lossmakers dis-

Mr Walker's preference for selling the coal industry as a single business - as in the case of British Gas - is seen in British Coal as acknowledgement of its speed of recovery after the year-long miners'

The industry now plans to break even in 1988-89, a year later than originally planned, and if it generaled increasing profits for at least two years after that, it could be regarded as eligible for privatisation by a Conservative administration.

ings operation. But how significant

uct. They operate in a broadly com-

mon international trading environ-

But the extent to which they re-

fine and decorate the finished arti-

cle, the value added, will define the

erate and the extent of competition.

pense with state aid and this year we have weathered the fall in the price of oil and international coal and the strength of the pound," an

No work has yet started in the Department of Energy where sell-ing off coal is seen as still low on the Secretary of State's agenda. Of-ficials also say the coal industry has a long way to go before it is ripe for

But in principle they see no obstacle once it becomes consistently profitable. About a year before pri-valisation, it would be financially restructured, to be free of its accumulated debts. Privatisation would also entail depriving the coal corporation of its automatic title to the nation's coal reserves vested in it at

Instead, ownership of the coal would be vested with the Energy Secretary, who would receive royal-ties from coal sales like those levied on oil production.

The case for keeping the coal industry intact rather than being sold off piecemeal is bolstered by its monopoly relationship with the electricity industry, which takes three quarters of its output under a long-term understanding, subject to annual price reviews.

The Government would have to underwrite the continuation of this supply arrangement since it would be the main attraction of the coal industry to prospective sharehold-We are clearly on target to dis-, ers.

Warning on workflow techniques

JIT, the shorthand for manag-

ing workflow, focuses on a range of interlinked problems includ-

of internation prosesses incom-ing inventory control, manufac-turing lead times and machine set-up times, production plant layout and relations with suppli-

is its simplest form. Jil reduces the need for buffer stocks by ensuring that a steady and uniform flow of parts and raw materials is delivered just in time for the next production

BY DAVID BRENDLE, LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

has been shown by companies in the automotive industry. Some form of the discipline has been introduced by Comming En-gines, Massey Forguson, Perkins Engines, GKN, Lucas and TL

The January issue of Person-

nel Management, the magazine of the Institute of Personnel

Management, features a report on JIT implementation at two

unnamed automotive sector

ATTEMPTS BY companies to improve workflow by adopting Japanese-style "just-in-time" (JII) production methods are unlikely to be wholly successful unless more attention is paid to employee relations, researchers are warning.

Although the recession has ex-abled some UK manufacturers to win worker agreement to JIT processes, the researchers say, managers may have to devise other means of metivating their employees if the full benefits of

JIT are to be achieved.

Companies in network

to promote technology BY IAN HAMILTON FAZEY AT LEAST 14 leading British companies have formed a novel type of network to promote new and im-proved technology among themselves and between big corpora-tions and small business. It will start full operations early next

The new body has been named Nimtech (new and improved tech-nology) and is chaired by Mr Con Aliday, who retired earlier this year as chairman of British Nuclear Fuels (BNFL). It will operate initialy in the north-west of England where the idea originated.

Private sector founders of the network include British Aerospace: the cables group BICC, BNFL, Brit-ish Telecom; Ferranti; GEC; ICI; Mullard; Post Marwick; Pilkington; Rolls-Royce Motors and Univer. Barclays Bank and Costain are expected to be the next recruits. The UK Atomic Energy Authority was

also in at the start.

The idea was originally developed within Pikington Brothers, the St. Helens-based glassmaker, and arose from a study of how to encourage new, high technology small businesses. Mr David Boult, the

Worker fines may be tested by tribunals

By David Brindle

MANAGERS SHOULD think twice before imposing a customary "fine" on employees who stagger in late for work after the rigours of the holiday period.

For, as from January 1, when part I of the Wages Act 1986 takes effect, the common shopfloor practice of deducting, say, 15 minutes pay for five minutes' lateness may be challenged at an industrial tribunal unless explicitly agreed in writing as part of an employment

The act deals at length with the issue of pay deductions for misconduct, cash shortages or stock deficiencies. Employers who have not already done so would be well ad-vised to check closely their contractual rights in these areas.

On the other hand, the act is be ing seen by the unions as giving employers carte blanche when it comes to contractually-agreed pay deductions. This is because the legislation includes no provision that fines must be "fair and reason able," as did the Truck Act 1896 which it replaces.

The Wages Act's provisions on deductions supersede those of the

companies - one a component supplier, the other a vehicle as-sembler - by Ms Stephanie Tail-by and Mr Peter Turaball, of the incentive of knowing that their efforts will be translated in-In both cases, JIT was imple-mented after big redundancy In the UK, most interest in JTP to long-term security. **Expenditure on computer-based** training 'to rise four-fold'

per cent

BY HUGO DIXON

outgoing head of the Community of St Helens Trust, who is also a for-mer director of BICC, is on Nun-SPENDING on computing to help with training is set to quadruple to £230m by 1990 from £50m to £60m. tech's board with leading industrialists in the region. Part of the idea is to prevent unin 1986, according to a report by the

used or under-used technology gathering dust in large companies when it could be "spun out" profi-tably to small ones with lower over heads. But it is also hoped that Nimtech will help identify small businesses developing new technologies in which large companies could take venture capital stakes. The large companies might eventually be interested in outright acqui-

In addition, Nimtech may also identify smaller companies with the right sort of skulls to which large corporations could contract out some of their research and develop-

Member companies are being asked to subscribe 0.03 per cent of turnover between limits of £300 and £3,000, Since Nimtech has already been granted Enterprise Agency status by the Government, subscriptions can be offset against cor-

National Computing Centre.

The report is a confidential market analysis prepared for a new company, Advanced Training Tech-nology Associates (ATTA), which claims it has devised an innovative approach to the fast-growing market for computer-based training. The NCC report says that bank-

much as they did this year, accord-

Society, the UK's second largest.
The Abbey said that house prices

ing to the Abbey National Building tries.

have been the slowest to wake up to these new training techniques. The report expects retailing and the public sector to be among the main growth areas for computer-based training in the medium term.

nancial markets and services indus-

2.9 per cent, or 12.1 per cent on an

In the fourth quarter, prices rose

Warwick University's Industrial

been reduced from three months to 19 days; stocks and the propor-

tion of defective parts have been reduced; and machine utilisation

has been increased from 79 to 90

However, worker absenteelsm is said to have started to rise

steadily again after a signifi-fall on introduction of JIT.

relations research unit. At the components supplier, the report says, lead times have

cent to the end of the decade.

House price rises set to slow

HOUSE PRICES are likely to increase by more than the rate of inflation next year but not by as timed prosperty of the capital's fi-

technology to train their staff. Low on training up from about 4 per technology process manufacturers cent in 1986. computer-based training will change in favour of spending on

Overall, it says spending on computer-based training will increase at an average annual rate of 45 per

been leaders in using computer 12 per cent of the UK's total spent Moreover, the mix of spending on

programmes - with consequent

uncertainty among remaining workers - and without any guar-

antee of job security, the report

Arguing that motivation and

financial reward are of equal cri-

tical importance in ensuring that JIT produces best possible re-sults, the report concludes: "In

suits, the report concludes: "In effect, therefore, at both of these

companies employees are being

expected to work harder witho

"courseware" or course training. In 1985, 55 per cent of all spend-ing on computer-based training was on hardware, with 20 per cent on courseware. By 1990, spending on hardware will account for 35 per cent and on courseware 40 per cent, according to the report.

However, the north-south divide

prices rose 9.0 per cent in East An-

Mr Edmonds says that the GMBU, in line with Trades Union Congress (TUC) policy, is willing to sign single-union agreements on new sites - a position he describes as not a very noble policy, but a pragmatic one." But he says the union will not sign no-strike deals or accept automatic arbitration or

any of the 57 varieties of no-strike He says: "It is quite clear that where a union is openly prepared to rate of house price inflation is slightly lower than in previous flirt with no-strike deals - even when they say they have not signed them - they are in a much better position. But we think the whole seems to be becoming more prohing is a con and will disappear as nounced. In the last quarter, house

a fashion in due course." International Labour Reports, No 19, Jan-Feb 1987. ILR, 2/4 Oxford have risen 14.5 per cent in 1986 and annualised basis, meaning the aver-will now "take a breather." In parti-age house price is now £39,500. The over the year to 19.9 per cent. Road, Manchester M1 50A, £1.50.



Potteries reshape way out of recession

BY ARTHUR SMITH

to be located near quarries through-

POTTERIES, so often a neglected sector, grabbed City of London at-tention with the takeover sagas tor of the Ceramic Confederation, points out, his members since 1979 have shed around 30 per cent of that resulted in the acquisition of both capacity and jobs. Wedgwood by Waterford, the Irish But the picture varies. Compacrystal glass company, and Stat-fordshire Potteries by the aggresnies proving red-clay products, such as bricks, pipes and clay tiles, tand sive fast-growth Coloroll wall cover-

are the changes and what are the out the UK and have seen the workforce haived to around 20,000. Few industries have suffered so and productivity has been under-taken, but demand for products is much from recession, undergone such a dramatic change in work very much a function of activity levpractices and markets, and yet demonstrate so much confidence in els within the building and con-

their future. tracting industries. A new employers' and trade asso-ciation, the British Ceramic Confed-eration has been launched amid the surrounding potteries in Staffordshire, remain the focus for white-based products such as tablegreat publicity to proclaim the comware, sanitaryware and glazed tiles. mon interests of an industry that The concentration of the industry claims a turnover of more than £1.5bn a year, and 70,000 workers upon one area made the shakeout more painful as employment shumped from 65,000 to less than throughout the UK making everything from cups and saucers to bricks and bathroom suites.

40,000 in the three years to 1982.

The table and giftware sectors, Recession has forced, what to the traditionally exporting more than outsider, might appear a number of half their output, were particularly disparate sectors to find a common hard-hit by the rise in the value of cause. It is true that all manufactur sterling. Mr Farrell says: With the ers, whether producing a household pound up to nearly 2.40 against the pound up to nearly 2.40 against the tionally much higher as the result US dollar it was almost impossible of productivity advances, to survive. He concedes that imports have brick or fashioning a figurine, use similar basic raw materials of clay and minerals. They incur heavy energy costs to dry and fire the prod-

sures had made companies more rethe customer. "It is not just a ques-Mr Farrell argues.

Sir Richard Bailey, chairman of sition domestically."

Overall, as Mr Kevin Farrell, director of the Ceramic Confederation, points out, his members since 1979

Royal Doulton, maintains: "During recession we learned a lot of lessons and learned them well." His own group had made both manage ment and manufacturing changes to introduce new techno improve the distribution ne "Our company is now in good shape to face up to the realities of rapidly

changing world markets." Sir Arthur Bryan, president of Wedgwood, points to changes in UK retailing as factors boosting the domestic market and making it one of the bright spots in the company's worldwide business.

Stoke, in the north Midlands, and has been a key factor in the recovery of the pottery industry over the past three years. The tourist trade is also important, accounting for more than half of all china and porcelain sales, according to Mr Farrell. He reports that after a quiet first half in 1988, sales to tour ists had increased to near record

> Mr Farrell maintains that since the low point of 1981-82, employ ment in the traditional Stafford shire potteries has climbed by 5,000 to 45,000 and that output is propor

But the closures, rationalisation made inroads into British markets and changes forced by such pres- but maintains the advance can be halted. The point is taken up vocifsponsive to the market-place and erously by Sir Arthur Bryan. The brand leaders such as Wedgwood tion of competing on price but also are bound to fight back hard, and on specification design and quality", we for one are confident that we shall maintain and improve our po-

Making industry more attractive is all a question of pull.

Industry Year 1986 began against decades of negative industrial

"Britain is a curious paradox of an industrialised country with an anti-industrial culture," summed up Alistair Burt, MP, in a parliamentary debate on 26th November

Yet he also had some cheering news about the success of Industry Year in his region, the north-west.

With the major thrust of Industry Year to strengthen links between industry and education, 270 secondary schools (50 per cent of the north-west total) are now linked with local companies. It is double the

All over the UK similar effort has been made, with companies galvanised into action to change attitudes. Among them, Esso.

We've made and distributed, for instance, technology films and videos for schools - and issued 7,000 secondary schools with a series of wall charts for the DTI-backed Physics Plus project.

We continually visit schools ourselves, encouraging return visits to our plants and terminals.

We have also helped teachers to gain industrial experience through the Understanding British Industry Secondment Programmeand we are in the forefront of sixth-form Work Shadowing, with over 50 Esso executives participating.

British companies have combined in INDUSTRY a remarkable national campaign this year.

We hope it is the start of making British Matters industry magnetic once again.

Quality at work for Britain.

Chunch's SHOE SHOPS

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EDINBURGH: Waverley Market NOTTINGHAM: Exchange Arci

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Board squalls put ferry operators on fresh course

THE CLOSING weeks of 1988 are proving to be a time for stout hearts and strong stomachs for those who run the passenger ferry services

around the coasts of Britain. For once, the December weather behaved itself. But there was a succession of squalls in the boardrooms as the industry underwent its most radical shake-up since the privatisation of Sealink in 1984.

As a result, millions of passen-gers will find themselves sailing under different flags next year, or even a new one, as the market expands to take in new routes.

The most dramatic development was the agreed bid of £286.8m from Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation (P&O), Britain's biggest shipping company, for Euro-pean Ferries, one of the two biggest ferry operators.

The bid marks a return to the mass ferry market for .P&O which sold its Normandy Ferries business to European Ferries only a year

For European Ferries, which operates under the Townsend Thoresen trademark, the bid offers an escape from the effects of a disastrous involvement in US property invest-

It is a sad end, however, for a company built up with flair and in-agination by Mr Keith Wickenden, the former Conservative MP who was killed in an air crash in 1983.

Sir Jeffrey Sterling, chairman of P&O, has given no indication of his plans for European Ferries, but Townsend Thoresen was generally regarded as being well run, and it would be surprising if there were major changes in passenger ser-

European Ferries has invested £170m in the last five years in improving its fleet, and two "jumbo" ferries due to enter service next year will maintain the company's status as a market leader.

The bid is thought unlikely to be rejected by European Ferries' 180,000 shareholders, not least because of the retention of substantial discounts for shareholders on ferry

Technically, the bid could have been referred to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. Mr Paul Channon, the Trade and Industry Secretary, has stayed his hand, however, in the light of a previous report from the commission on the implications of P & O's initial 20.8 per cent stake in European Ferries.

FERRY SERVICES Denmark, Norway, SaaBok/B & | Line (Jost Service) Belfast Car Ferries Swansen/Cork Car Ferries British Channel Islands Feerle Hoverstand (See Containers) Storth Sea Ferries (P & C) P & 0 Ferries Dover/Calais ①⑦ઉ Dover/Baulogne (7)(3) Battle Shineles Co. Norway Line 979\$ Olso Lide 23 Source: ABC Passenger Shipping Golde, Jan. 1987 and Company Tim

This concluded that the small increase in the merged company's market share would be unlikely to have much effect on other passenger ferry operators. P & O held only 3 per cent of the continental Europassenger market, compared with the 51 per cent market share

built up by European Ferries.

While European Ferries was being snapped up by P & O, the other large coastal operator, Sealink, was having a torrid time trying to rationalise its lossmaking Channel Islands services.

The company's closure proposals provoked a damaging strike which was partly responsible for an indefinite suspension of dividends by Sea Containers, Sealink's Bermuda-

based parent. The agony did not end there, however. Sealink attempted to keep a toehold in the Channel Islands business by starting a joint service with Channel Island Ferries, a

small Jersey company. Channel Island Ferries kept its part of the deal by supplying a ship for the service - but the two ships promised by Sealink never arrived because of a protest by seamen. Channel Island Ferries (CIF) sub-

sequently won a High Court declaration that Sealink had broken the terms of the joint agreement and was liable to hand over its 50 per cent shareholding in the joint com-

pany, British Channel Island Fer-

The case is subject to appeal, but Mr Justice Hirst, the trial judge, had a number of things to say in his judgment which will have been carefully noted by Sealink's competitors and workforce.

Sealink claimed in court that in order to end the strike it was forced to conclude an agreement with the merchant navy officers' union which effectively made it impossible to provide the two ships needed by BCIF.

Mr Justice Hirst concluded, however, that Sealink had failed to establish that it was forced to sign the

nancial ruin. The judge said, Sea-link's attitude, evinced by Mr Charles Lenox-Conyngham, the chairman, was a "misplaced" opticompany. mism that CIF would have to agree to a change in the basis on which

CBI set for effort to

improve City relations

A CAMPAIGN by the Confedera- force comprising leading busi-tion of British Industry (CBI) to im- nessmen and financiers. The task

prove its relations with the City of force is chaired by Mr David Nick-

London gets under way early in the son, CBI president and chairman of

ber 27.

satisfactory."

the ships would be provided. He added that Sealink did not have an impressive record of standing up to union pressure, and despite assurance given to CIF that the management intended to hold out, if necessary, for a long period, there had been no systematic consideration of a strategy to handle the

The result is that, unless the judge's ruling is reversed on appeal,

The CBI is hoping to overcome some of the criticism levelled at it

by businessmen, particularly indus-

trialists, at its annual conference in

The main concern of industry is

the belief that the City is preoccupied with the short-term view. It says

that this is demonstrated by take-

over bids which bear no relation to

industrial rationale. There are also fears that risk capital will be insuf-

ficient to satisfy needs in the longer

The CBI's southern region gets

he campaign underway on January

28 with a meeting of banking and financial institutions. Similar meet-

ings will take place throughout the Points thought worthy of further

examination will be sent by CBI re-

Sealink will be unable to re-enter the Channel Islands market until 1988. The company has retained a related summer service from Weymouth to Cherbourg, however, which is due to reopen in April.

What sort of profits BCIF will be able to make on the route remains to be seen, but analysts are optimistic about the prospects of a full service using two or three ships.

Sealink lost film on the route in 1985, while Channel Island Ferries lost another £300,000. Torbay Seaways runs a summer service to the islands from Torquay, and there are suggestions that a hydrofoil service will begin operations to Portsmouth

Meanwhile, Sealink is facing new competition in the UK to Ireland market, where it runs services in co-operation with the Irish company B & L

The new entrant is Swansea Cork Car Ferries, which will offer five sailings a week between the two ports in the summer, and three in

The company is chaired by Mr Denis Murphy, a former chairman of the Cork Harbour Commissioners, but much of the finance has been provided by Irish and Weish local authorities, which put up £800,000, and the Irish Government, which contributed £470,000.

Both West Glamorgan County Council and Cork County Council are hoping the service will lead to a big increase in tourists. There have also been developments in the train ferry freight business, with the impending closure of Sealink's route from Harwich to Zeebrugge, and the consolidation of traffic through

Dover recently announced plans for a 52m berth to handle ships being built by SNCF, the publicly-owned French railway and shipping

The accompanying map shows passenger services leaving UK ports for destinations in continental Europe, Ireland, the Isle of Man and the Shetland Islands. Some services from northern, south western and Manx ports are seasonal, and freight-only routes are not included. In addition to the services shown,

Caledonian MacBrayne operates a network of services to 51 ports on Scotland's west coast and in the Firth of Clyde, and there are a number of short services to other British islands such as Lundy and the

Scottish and Newcastle Breweries.

is given today in a survey conduct

ed among 200 senior executives for

ing to this, nearly 60 per cent of

tween manufacturing and industry.

tor, as "unsatisfactory" or "very un-

The institute described the de

cline in businessmen's views of the

and financial markets in moving to

The guide acknowledges "the con-

tinuing threat" to the trade and in-

dustry's profitability caused by Eu-

On balance, however, we believe that the healthy and sustained de

mand expected from both the busi-

ness and private sectors of the mar-

ket will go some way to curbing

these forces and thus allow a wel

come move back towards more real-

istic and sensible trading, and to

ropean over-production.

Further evidence of the divide between the City and British industry

BASE LENDING RATES

Adam & Company ... Affed Arab Bk Ltd...

Albed Dooker & Co.

Associates Cap Corp Bassa de Bilbac...

اليمار ليسما (11)

Bank Credit & Comes ...

Beneficial Trest Ltd.

American Exp. Bb.....

in London.

. Scotland's first malt whisky. –

Comps. Bk. N. East Eniator'i Tst C'p elc 11 First Nat. Fee. Corp...... 11/2 First Nat. Sec. Ltd......

HFC Trust & Savines. C. Hoare & Co...

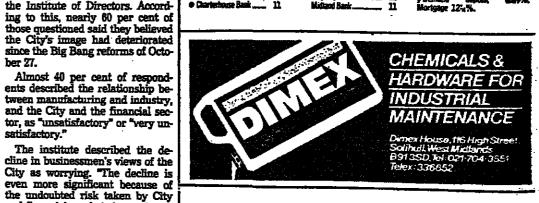
Hongkong & Shangt' 11 Knowsley & Co. Ltd. 11¹2 Lloyds Bank 11

Members
Houses Consmittee,
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FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

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DIVAN - HILTON - SHERATON

'Strong year' ahead for car sales BY JOHN GRIFFITHS

gional directors to a national task trend restrictive practices," it says.

ANOTHER BUOYANT year for new car sales in the UK, almost natching the record expected for 1986, is forecast by Glass's Guide Service, the motor trade used car valuation and statistic organisation.

In its January editorial, the guide forecasts total new car sales of up

to 1.86m next year. This compares with Glass's own forecast of 1.88m units for 1986, and one of 1.86m for the current year from Mr Derek Barron, Ford UK chairman. This would set a record for the second healthier profits," it says.

Insolvency rules now in force

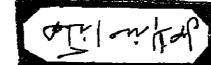
MORE THAN a quarter of Britain's directors could still be unaware of their full responsibilities under the Insolvency Act, according to a survey conducted by accountants Ernst & Whinney. Those provisions of the act not brought into force last April come into operation today.

The survey found that more than quarter of directors questioned did not know what "wrongful trading meant under the act and how far they could be held accountable if a company traded when it was insolvent and then went into liquid-

Sixteen per cent of directors were also unaware of circumstances under which they might be brought to court to justify their actions.



No Longer Reserved To The English



This 150ft yacht has: no sails, is owned: by a German playb and skippered a duncering idiot.

See it tonight in the America's Cup.

Tonight at 9.25, while you're watching 'The Challenge,' you'll see the new Audi 80 literally launched from this yacht. Rather less appropriately, the commercial, an epic 21/2 minutes long, will also appear at 9.25 on Channel 4 during the movie 'New York, New York.'





THE FIRST GEORGIAN MALT WHISKY The first British men known to drink mak ne

was George IV, said to be 'nothing else" but The God Today, Scotland's fin malt whisky is also first be in London. otland's first malt whisky.

SE LENDING RATES

London, Frankfur, New York

ing in ISTANBUL nentary copies of the Final following hotels in Island



HERMANUS KONING was a man in a hurry when he came to Grundig as the new chief executive in the spring of 1984. He had to turn round the all-ing West German electronics company after Japanese compe-tition and its own infexible management style had led to

management style had led to its near collapse.

He found that not everyone at Grundig, notable at management level, was in such a rush as he was. "After a year here. I came to the conclusion that people said 'Yes', but didn't really understand what we were talking about," says 62-year-old Koning, once a forward in Dutch league football with the Feyenoord Rotterdam club.

with the Feyenoord Rotterdam club.

For years, people at Grundig had deferred to the autocratic Max Grundig, who had built it up over nearly 40 years into one of the best known of all German companies. The often dismissive way in which he treated top managers and their ideas meant that Grundig had too many Yes-men.

The sick state of Grundig when Koning arrived just over two and a half years ago required speedy treatment and a drastic change of management culture. A long-time manager at Philips, the Dutch concern which now owns 31.5 per cent of Grundig, he installed systematic planning, cost control and budgeting systems that were a far cry from anything that existed before in the north Bavarian-based company.

Bavarian-based company. Giving his finger a quick lick, he says: "It didn't happen just like this." To slash costs, streamline production, and exert greater control over supplies and stocks, he implemented some 90 different management projects. "It was very hard

Along the way, several hundred thousand jobs have gone in and outside Germany. But Koning has not marched in as noung has not marched in as an axe wielder, carving up the company and stressing cost-cutting above all else. He has kept up investment in new production methods and products and worked closely with German unions to alleviate the impact of employment cuts.

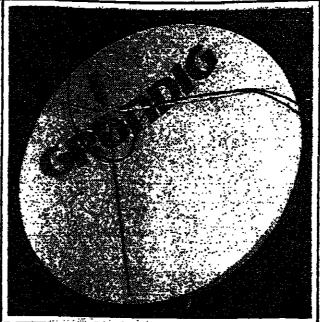
As a result of these steps, turnover per employee has risen by 50 per cent in the past three years. But average revenue per product last year was 3.5 per cent lower than the year before, reflecting tougher competition.

Grundig

The pain of recreating a culture

BY ANDREW FISHER





cent stake in 1979, thus strengthening the links already

built up with the supply by Philips of components, mainly TV tubes, to the German

new concentrates on hotel in-

terests and keeps away from the company he founded. So Philips, with German cartel office approval, now owns \$1.5

are on the board with him. These days, Grundig's man-

Asian onslaught, Grundig was unable to pick itself up fast enough. The shock had exposed the inadequacies of its inflexible management style and of the strong, patriarchal leadership of Max Grundig.

Koning's approach is far from imperious, though associates say he drives a hard pace, even on the tennis court. His career at Philips, where he also acted as a company doctor at the Dutch group's own German sub-sidiary before joining Grundig, meant, however, that he had a whole array of professional management experience to bring to his new job.

Today, Grundig is emerging into profit again. But the last few years have clearly been painful for the once-proud company which typified the robust entrepreneurial spirit that helped to lift Germany for the profit of the profi

could be readily applied in times of difficulty. Grundig is not the only company which not the only company which the market virtually dishas found it hard to adjust to a ppeared. Grundly eventually a harsher environment after years of growth and prosperity.

"It was a totally different proved less hard than expected type of management" notes discorning customers.

areas of production and supply costs.
"It could only happen with

somebody who said, 'It's all my own money,'" adds Koning referring to the Max Grundig regime, in which other managers hardly got a look in and top executives were regularly fired, so that the growth of strong top and middle manage-ment layers was inhibited. "As a professional manager, you can't have that."

For instance, he points out, ing it as a company that needed for the form more systematically, many types of colour TVs and "We have realised nearly had more than 500 different DM 400m of cost savings," he models in stock in 1983, including some that were produced five or more years ago and were no longer made.

Grundig's warehouses, more-over, were stuffed with over company which typified the robust entrepreneurial spirit 200,000 video recorders of the that helped to lift Germany V2000 type, which Philips also produced. It was the Japanese invasion of the European video market that nearly did for under which the company flourished vigorously after its offered by Japanese makers was foundation 40 years ago as a small radio shop in Fürth near much wider range of cassettes. Nuremberg, was not one which that could be watched at home. So notwithstanding the technical advantages of the V2000.

reflecting tougher competition, especially from Asia. Last year, reorganisation costs, including job and capacity cuts, totalled DM 220m.

What made the rationalisation necessary was the heavy losses that resulted mainly from low-price Japanese competition in video recorders. Having been sent reeling by the sudden sent reeling by the sudden sent resulted mainly from low-price Japanese competition in video recorders. Having been grown up, especially in the processory with a share of around grown up, especially in the sudden sent reeling by the sudden sent reeling by the sudden sent resulted mainly from low-price Japanese competition in the sudden sent reeling by the sudden sent reeling to some because they appealed to some discerning customers. Since Koning came to Grundig he has cut the number of model types by half. Most of thinking required was not falled by the sudden sent recorders always easy to achieve. The of model types by half. Most of thinking required was not falled by the sudden sent resulted mainly from low-there are they appealed to some because they appealed to some size they appealed to some the they appealed to some they appealed to some they appealed to so

He emphasises that one favourable aspect he found when he came to the Grundig headquarters at Fürth was the fact that product quality and not suffered among all the traumas. "I found a lot of good things," he says, others being the product development side and the sales organization.

" It's impossible to improve on situation which is bad on all sices." Thus he did not regard Grandig as a terminal case, see-

Some of the most obvious savings show through in the latest annual report for the year to March 31 1986. Stocks were reduced by a further 30 per cent to around DM 560m (£195m), representing 19 per cent of sales against 28 per cent in 198485. They were not far short of DM 1bn two years before.

Much of Koning's work has gone into tightening up what happens before the production stage, namely in the supply of materials and the speed at which they reach the factory. Last year, stocks of raw materials and supplies and work-in-progress were cut by 14

On the financial side, the improvements have also been dramatic. Whereas Grundig was still labouring under net financial liabilities of DM 372m was still labouring under net ducts and thus, as he put it course if the market goes lift its stake, but not to over against them.

Now first Grunding is past the cartet approval of its present shannial assets of DM 54m. Its losses fell sharply to DM 49m from DM 185m, thus beating The Dutch group first became Koning's own earlier forecast.

In the year before Koning dig when it took a 24.5 per how, and does now, and does now, and does now, and the allowed to them ourse if the market goes lift its stake, but not to over against them.

Now first Grunding is past the cartet approval of its present worst, Koning is pondering the stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be raised? "It's direction it should go in the cartet approval of its present stake. Will it be

took over, losses totalled meanly DM 290m. For the current year, he expects a profit of "at least DM 50m," and hopes Grundig can progress to around DM 200m by 1988-99. That would represent a return disturnover, then Ukola

Grundig can prigress to around TV tubes, to the German DM 200m by 1988-89. That would represent a reticul dit turnover, then likely to be around Grundig's fortunes might be DM 3.5bn against the DM 2.5bn of last year, of 6 per cent. That's an aim," he says cautiously. "I can't yet put a signature under it."

Few observers would have thought three years ago that the floundering Grundig company agreed to buy from Max Grundig the 75.5 per cent of his group not owned by Philips. But the German cartel of his plants are now among the most modern in the world.

"Now, at least, we've got some sort of perspective on the future," says Gerhard Domazer, a member of the team that implements new production methods in the video plant at new production into the cost about DM 15m—two more will follow—be adds: "We've got to do this, we've got the Japanese at our backs."

Under Max Grundig, hwest.

terests and keeps away from the company he founded. So Philips, with German cartel office approval, now owns 31.5 per cent of Grundig, German and Swiss banks nearly 20 per cent.

Koning has kept most of the eriginal Grundig management, bringing in only four other Philips people. Three, including finance director Pleter Under Max Grundig, investment was also high in the years before Koning took over. But the former boss reacted late to

the Japanese threat, both in bringing out new products and starting to shed capacity. He has strongly criticised other European manufacturers for distributing Japanese products and thus, as he put it just before handing over management control to Philips, acting as "Trojan horses of the Japanese inductor."

recovery course in 1984, he is trying to work out market sectors where Grundig is most likely to prosper.

He believes in listening to the

views of outside experts, though their recommendations may not always be taken up. Apart from improved colour TVs and videos, both markets where growth prospects are be-coming more limited, he sees possibilities in the development of receivers for cable and satelof receivers for came and saved lite transmission. Long involved in industrial and office elec-tronics — Grundig makes computer controls for machinery, dictation machines, and measuring and testing equipment company is now expanding its thrust in these sectors, which Max Grundig tended to rank be-

Max Grundig tended to rank behind the entertainment side.

Koning is setting up a small research team to look beyond immediate product development. The life span of products in the industrial and professional electronics sector, which makes up some 8 per cent of turnover, is going down fast, he notes. "Five years ago, systems for numerical control had a lifetime of three to five years. Now, it's down to two or three years."

With total capital spending

years. Now, it's thought to the state of three years."

With total capital spending of around DM 300m earmarked for the next two years, Grundig is steaming ahead with plans to further automate production as much as possible. Productivity at the TV plant in Nuremberg has more than tripled in the past few years. Around 1,000 of Grundig's staff are employed on development work, and in 1985-86 the group spent nearly DM 100m on new products and manufacturing techniques.

To combat over-capacity and

turing techniques.

To combat over-capacity and
Japänese competition, Grundig
agreed in 1985 a co-operation
deal with Blaupunkt, controlled
by Robert Bosch. Grundig will
produce colour TVs for Blaupunkt, thus using surplus
capacity, while the latter will
make car radios for Grundig. make car radios for Grundig. The aim is for Grundig to step up TV output sharply in its existing plants, both boosting sales and lowering unit costs. Under the co-operation deal, Blamunkt has an option up to Koning has kept most of the eriginal Grandig manage-ment, bringing in only four other Philips people. Three, in-cluding finance director Pieter de Jong, promoted from his auditing to at German Philips Blampunkt has an option up to 1989 to buy 20 per cent of Grandig. "The longer they wait, the more expensive it will be," says Konig with a hearty laugh. But as Grundig moves deeper into the black, the question of ownership is likely to become of increasing therese." auditing job at German Philips, agers have to provide much more regular information for budgetting and planning, keep a close eye on stocks and material flows, and be ready to switch course if the market goes against them.

Now that Country is past the

finterest.

Philips would be allowed to

Management abstracts

Media evaluation. K. Bertrand and others in Business Marketing (US), August 86

Marketing (16; pages)
A series of five articles: (1)
discovers greater control being
exercised by company marketing personnel over decisions to
advertise in particular business
publications—this at the exrense of agencies; illustrates publications—this at the expense of agencies; illustrates pense of agencies; illustrates pense of agencies; illustrates Rockwell International Semi-conductors Division's media chart for evaluating publications; (2) provides guidelines for arbitrating between claims made for different publications; concepts such as made for different publications; considers concepts such as receivership, readership, and target audiences; remarks on shortcuts taken by media planners, eg, relying on self-serving promotional materials from the publisher; recommends award-winning magazines for serious consideration; (3) offers onestions to ask of publishers, serious consideration; (3) offers questions to ask of publishers, eg. "who reads the publication?", "is the publication audited?", (4) outlines the shared responsibility between ad manager and agency at 3M; and (5) advises on how to read a publication's circulation audit.

Competition and the product life cycle. S. Onkvisit and J. J. Shaw in Business Horizons (US). July/August 1986 (114 pages) Faces up to the charge that

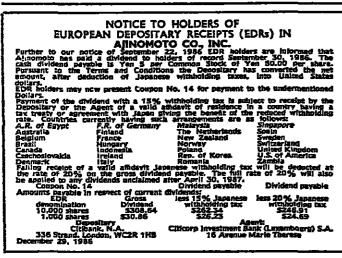
the product life cycle is a vari-able whose behaviour depends on the marketing mix (with a product, classified as being in decline, being sure to decline still further): restates the pro-duct life cycle theory and shows how it can stand up to competitive pressures by outlining general strategies—of imitation, defence, expansion, transition and new technology adoption—which are consistent with particular life cycle stages.

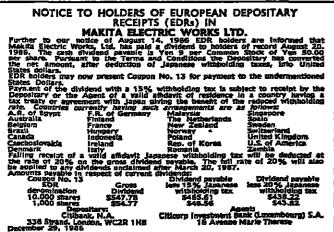
Dealer involvement in direct marketing. D. L. Kastiel in Business Marketing (US). August 1986 (4 pages)

Points to the advantages of using distributors to undertake suggesting that a large, national organisation can sometimes lack the appeal of a local contact; notes examples, eg. Geico, a "huge" leasing company. Looks at questions raised by this method, such as who pays and who is in control: sees dealerdirected programmes as a growth area for direct market-

These obstracts are condensed from the obstracting journals published by Anbar Managament Publications. Licensed copies of original entires may be obtained at a cost of £4 each (lackuding VAT and p & p; cash with order) from Anbar, PO Box 23, Wembley HAS 8DJ.

Company Notices





ANGLIA

£150,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that
the rate of interest for the three months period 23rd December, 1986 to
23rd March, 1987 has been fixed at 11.455 per cent. per annum. Coupons
No.2 will therefore be payable on 23rd March, 1987 at 52,824.52 per
coupon from Notes of £100,000 nominal and £141.23 per coupon from
Notes of £500 popular.

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

THE SCOTTISH AGRICULTURAL SECURITIES CORPORATION PLC 14% Debenture Stock 1993

Notice is hereby given that the Registers of the Corporation's above mentioned Debanture Stock will be CLOSED for TRANSFER and REGISTRATION from 19th to 30th January, 1987. By Order of the Board Nigel B. Richardson General Manager

REPUBLIC OF ITALY Ecu 300,980,000 Floating Rat Notes due 1992

rice with the terms and conditions of the Notes, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that for the 3 months period from December 50, 1988 to March 31, 1987 the Notes will carry an inferst of \$4% per anoma.

The relevant interest payment date will be March 31, 1987 and the coupon amount or Eu 10,000 nominal will be March 31, 1987 and the coupon mal will be 2.180.21.

BANQUE GENERALE DU LUXEMBOURG Societe Anonyme Agent Bank

bought the file before.



FF 500,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1991

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes. notice is hereby given that for the initial interest period from December 23, 1986 to March 23, 1987 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 8 1/16 % per annum.

The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, March 23, 1987, will be FF 210.94 per Note of FF 10,000 nominal and FF 2109.38 per Note of FF 100,000 nominal



KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOISE

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION AND PREPAYMENT CITY OF COPENHAGEN
UA 15,000,000 123% 1982/1992 Bonds On December 12, 1986 Sonds for the amount of UA 1.875.000 have been drawn in the presence of a Notary Public for resemption at per on February 4, 1987. The following words will be redeemable, coupon due on February 4, 1988 and following attached:

1726 to 2075 Incl.

3949 to 4575 Incl. 21225 to 2135 lnd.
22236 to 2366 lnd.
22237 to 2366 lnd.
22327 to 2433 lnd.
2444 to 2445 lnd.
2491 to 2991 lnd.
2494 to 2495 lnd.
3495 to 3797 lnd.
3495 to 3794 lnd.
3575 to 3740 lnd.
3575 to 3928 lnd.
3916 to 3927 lnd.
3916 to 3928 lnd.
3916 to 3928 lnd.
3917 lnd.
3916 to 3928 lnd.
3917 lnd.
3918 to 3928 lnd. 3545 3613 lnct. 3631 to 3645 lnct. 3633 to 3545 lnct. 3748 to 3797 lnct. 3844 and 3845 3883 to 3899 lnct. 3805 to 2899 lnct. 3905 to 9818 lnct. 19104 to 9818 lnct. 19104 to 1910s lnct. 3773 Incl. to 3871 laci. 10271 and 10272 10605 10739 to 10763 lad. en will prepay at 10%496 on February 4.
Inding efter the above-mentioned drawing (i.e. rest due on February 4, 1987 and reinbursement of principal accordance with the terms and conditions of the Bonds. See to accrue on the Bonds as from February 4, 1987 fixed Agent KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOISF LUXEMBOURG

Contracts and Tenders

SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

PUBLIC ESTABLISHMENT OF ELECTRICITY FINANCIAL DIRECTORATE—EXTERNAL CONTRACTS SECTION

No.: 3894/F Date: 29/11/1986 Extension of the closing date of Tender No. 1608

Following our advertisement of the call of tender 1608 for Januar Thermal Power Station using coke fuel 2 x 60 MW units mentioned in the daily official bulletin No. 5397 dated 2Z.6.1986. The closing date for submitting the offers is extended till Monday As we draw your kind attention that PEE has issued an addendum

for the file of the subject and we will distribute to each one who THE GENERAL DIRECTOR OF PEE

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF BEARER DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (BDRs) IN HITACHI, LIMITED holders are informed that Hitchi, Limited has paid a dividend to holders ecord September 30, 1988. The cash dividend payable is Yes 4.3-per mon Stock of Yes 50.00 per share. Pursuant to the Deposit Agreement the Hitery has converted the net amount, after deduction of Japanese withholding is into United States Dollars. Payment of the dividend with a 15% withholding tax is subject to receive by the Depositary or the Agent of a vallet afficient of residence in a country lawing a lax braity or agreement with Japan giving the benefit of the reduced withholding rate. Countries currently having such arrangements are as follows: A.R. of Egypt. F.R. of Germany Malaysia as Tollows: Brazil Findand France New Zasiand Norway Switch Hongary London Hongary London

BRASILVEST S.A.

SOCIEDADE DE INVESTIMENTO

1. NOTICE OF EXCHANGE NEW COUPON SHEET (and SERIES)

As from Describer 29, 1986, holders of IDR's tain's Series should surrender
istor No. 1, to Morgan Generally Trust Company in Brussells at 35, series desstors tailor for 2 stacked in exchange new coupon sheet with coupons 18 to 30
There will be no fee or commission for the exchange, except that There will be no fee or commission for the exchange, except that molecular will be liable for shipping fees.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the administrative council of the company has decided that a dividend of cruzinos 0.496195 per share will be paid in respect of the shr-month period ended on September 30, 1965.

The dividend distribution payable on or after December 229, 1966 to IDE's Holders, after decidence of the Brazillan withholding zex at the rate of a paracent for the 1st. Zaid and 3rd series, and 10 per cert for the series after decident of the Depositary's expenses 10 per decodery series after 48 as follows:

Series series series series 150 compon of the Commission of the Depositary's expenses 150 compon of the Commission of the Commission of the Depositary's expenses 150 commission of the Com

entioned dividents are payable at any of the following age MOBIGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK — Brussels, S5, arente des Arts — New York, S0 West Sroadway — London, 7, Angel Court — Zurich, 36, Stocknessase BRAZILIAN INVESTMENTS S.A. SOCIEDADE DE INVESTIMENTO---CAPITAL ESTRANGEIRO

INTERNATIONAL DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS ISSUED BY RGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK Interin dividend of USS6.83 bet per IDR of the Sint series and USS6.39 net per IDR of the second series, in respect of the period ended 30th September 1986, will be payable on or after 25th December 1986 mon presentation of Coupon Mo. 22 direct series) and No. 17 (second series) at the offices of MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK — Brusself, 35, avenue des Arms — London, 1 Angel Court — New York, 23, Wall Street representing 8 gross dividend of 2 per cent per cruzeiro abars (less Britzillan withholding tax of 15 per cent and expenses of USSG.505 per IDR (first and

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Classified Advertisement Manager

Financial Times, Bracken House
10 Cannon Street, London ECAP 4BY

SOCIETE D'HABITATION DU QUEBEC (CANADA) NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF 15.75% BONDS, DUE

JANUARY 15 1988 Notice 15 hereby given that pursuant to the terms of the 15.75% Bonds, \$85,000.00 principal amount of 15.75% Bonds has been drawn

Bonds: \$85,000.00 principal amount of 15.75% Bonds has been drawn by lot by the undersigned fiscal agent, for redemption, out of the Sinking fund moneys, on the 15th day of January, 1987. The said Bonds so called for redemption will therefore be redeemed on the 15th day of January 1987 at 100% of the principal amount so called, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption. upon surrender of the said Bonds with, thereto attached, all interest coupons maturing January 15, 1988, at any of the following serving against:

paying agents:

La Société Générale Alsacienne de Banque, City of

La Société Générale, Paris;
La Société Générale, London;
Morgan Gizaranty Trust Company of New York, Brussels;
Banque Nationale du Canada, Montreal. Banque Nationale du Lanada, Montreal.

Notice la also hereby given that interest upon Bonds so called for redemption shall cause to be payable from and after the said redemption date, namely the 15th day of january, 1986, and coupons for interest maturing after the said redemption date

coupons for inteerst maturing after the said redemption date shall be void.

The designating letter and numbers of the Bonds so called for

Re designating retain and maintens of the bolids so taken for elemention are:

3-0052 - 00888 - 01501 - 01736 - 02110 - 02500 - 03303
-04987 - 06364 - 7980 - 07224 - 07532 - 08402 - 09301
-09987 - 12648 - 12808 - 13201 - 14204 - 14600 - 14932
-16656 - 17115 - 17652 - 17986 - 18424 - 19025 - 19444
-19515 - 19902 - 20859 - 21942 - 23725 - 24332 - 25503
-26342 - 26810 - 27242 - 28909 - 29227 - 29603 - 25869
-30115 - 30323 - 31088 - 31322 - 31612 - 32431 - 33079
-33700 - 34002 - 34505 - 369111 - 37777 - 38802 - 38971
-3900 - 39447 - 39613 - 39837 - 39986 - 40748 - 41312
-44926 - 42314 - 42504 - 42902 - 43104 - 43687 - 44104
-44603 - 46713 - 47111 - 47200 - 47420 - 47428 - 49212

The designating letter and numbers of the Bonds called for previous redemption and not presented for payment are:

8—91948 — 02279 — 02607 — 03889 — 05766 — 08910 — 27693

—30766 — 31937 — 35027 — 44246 — 44357 — 44571 — 44980

48887 — 49018 — 49336

The principal amount of 15.75% Bonds outstanding after January 15th, 1987 will be: Can\$49,677.000 Dated at Montreal, the 17th day of November 1986.
GENERAL TRUST OF CANADA

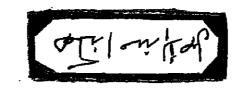
FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY The Financial Times proposes to publish a Private Health Care **Survey**

on January 21 1987 The following subjects will be covered:

Introduction Introduction
Investment into New Hospitals
Cost Containment
NHS—Private Sector Links
The Provident Associations
Occupational Health The Aged
The Voluntary Sector Specialist Treatment Alternative Medical Treatments Party Attitudes

12 The US All editorial comment should be addressed to the Surveys Editor. A full editorial synopsis and information about advertising can be obtained from Stephen Dunbar-Johnson, Telephone 01-248 8000 Ext 4148, or your usual Financial

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER



-== Monday December 3 &

EDITED BY CHRISTOPHER LO

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D'HABITATION DU QUEBRAN TO THE HOLDERS OF 15.75% BOND, R ANUARY 15 1988

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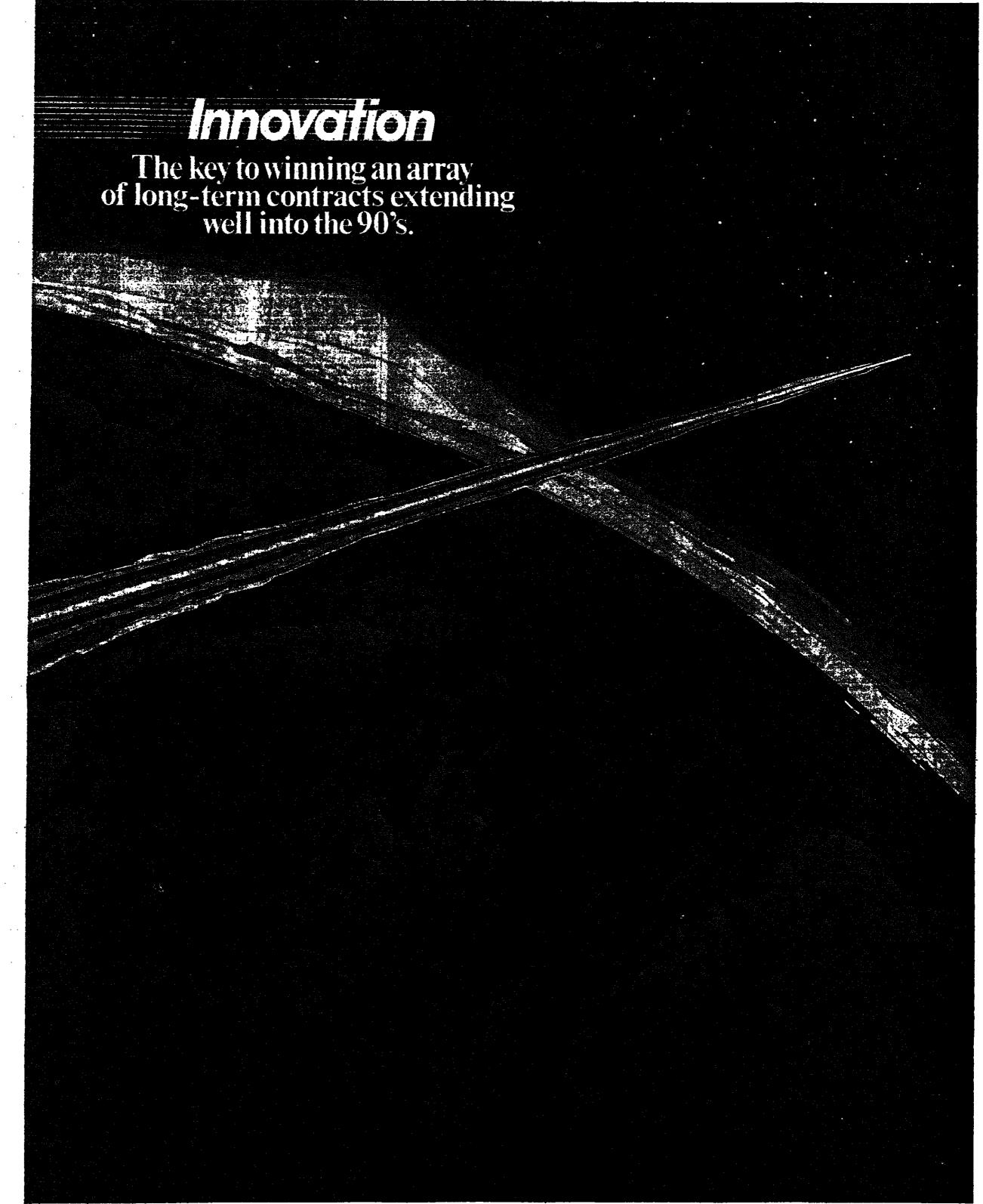
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CIAL TIMES SURFE nancial Times proposes to publish

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Giving shape to imagination.

ate Health Car Survey en January 21 1987 Control of the Second New Hospital

E'S BUSINESS NEWSPAFE

As technologies expand at an ever-greater pace, so do the opportunities for those who can put them to use.

At Lockheed, some of today's top engineering and design teams are exploring technology in four major areas: Aeronautical Systems; Information Systems; Marine Systems; and Missiles, Space and

Electronic Systems. Lockheed is organized to capitalize on unique fields of expertise, and to properly focus the corporation's efforts in areas important to the future.

A planned investment of more than \$2 billion over the next five years will ensure Lockheed's position at the forefront of these technologies. With sound technical and financial strength, Lockheed moves into the future from its best position ever Further, Lockheed enjoys a

solid, well-balanced business base. From lasers for strategic defense to systems for a permanent space station, Lockheed continues to advance the technologies essential to the military and commercial contracts of the future.

INTERVIEW

The old devil

Novelist Kingsley Amis enjoys getting up people's noses.

Here he talks to Tony Jackson

view. In the 30 and more vears since the appearance of his first novel Lucky Jim, he says, he has undergone the process hundreds of times. "There's nothing like it for finding out which are the good and bad interviewers. The good and bad interviewers. The good and bad of the warningly he warningly be added." ones," he adds warningly, are the ones who listen."

"are the ones who listen."
He is correspondingly professional, though, going through his task with patience and courtesy. He begins with profuse apologies for an unco-operative taxi which made him late for the appointmade him late for the appointment. Only as the talk settles down are there occasional touches of irritability, provoked by a foolish question, a left-wing sentiment or opposition to his very decided aesthetic views.

The reader of Amis's novels may have the impression of knowing him in advance, beknowing him in advance, because of the apparently intimate and self-revealing character of the writing. Not so, he says. Or not simply so, anyway. "The idea that what a book says is what an author really thinks in his life won't do. If an author's life won't do. lucky or privileged enough for it to happen, the reader will say 'T've often thought that, fancy him saying it '—but not 'at last, he's giving us the truth about himself.'

"Of course, if you've read several of an author's books you can start to make deductions — there's a lot about women in Amis, and not a lot about home-



heterosexual' - that kind of thing. But imagine someone saying to Kipling 'I see your marriage is breaking down, Ruddy.' 'How do you mean?' 'Well, it says here 'the female of the species is more deadly than the male,' and 'he travels

the fastest who travels alone' so when are you off?"
 It is lunch time, and we walk to Amis's chosen restaurant, Simpson's in the Strand. His

NEW ISSUE

INGSLEY AMIS is in one latest novel. The Old Devils, sense a hard man to inter-which won him this year's Booker Prize, dwells on the physical aspects of getting old. As might be deduced, he himself — a portly 64 — moves with deliberation.

The staff at Simpson's welcome him tumultuously, and we make our way to the bar. "Partly like a pre-war men's club," he remarks of the decor, "partly a very intelligent Holly-

wood imitation of one."

Installed at a corner table with a treble Glenlivet, he talks about books. "Most of my favourite writers are dead— Waugh, Wodehouse, Larkin, Betjeman, Robert Graves, Ian Fleming, too. Dick Francis is far from dead, but he's moved into the second division.

"But," he says, brightening,
"George Macdonald Frazer is
still with us, thank God—I read
everything of his as it comes
out. He's the most underrated
chap in the country today—he
makes the ordinary historical
novelist sound like Barbara
Cortland or dreadful things like Cartland, or dreadful things like

There is a momentary burst of irritation at the suggestion that Barbara Cartland may be to women readers what Ian Fleming and Dick Francis are to men. But he is not, he makes clear, opposed to women novelists. He is particularly enthusiastic about a little-known English novelist, now dead,

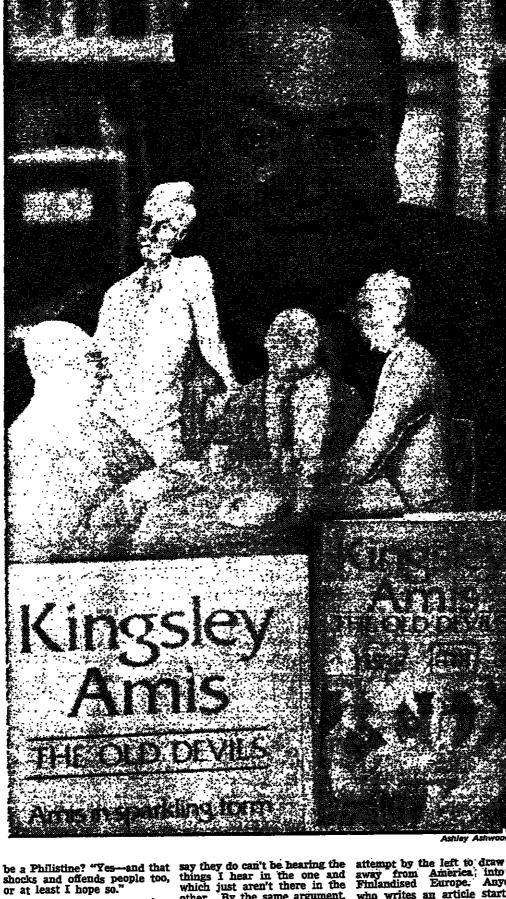
"The trouble is," he reflects,
"when you get a first rate
woman novelist like that, she
gets taken over by other women

and queers."

There being no obvious answer to that, we go in to lunch. Along with the Lancashire hotpot, he chooses sparkling red Burgundy. "A very "A non-U vulgar wine. It was very popular in the north of England 30 years ago." There is a hint of the perverse about this. Does he enjoy getting up people's noses? "Oh yes. It's a fringe benefit, not the main object, but if you can't annoy someone it does take a bit of the zest out of life."

Pursuing this thought, might he not be described as a highbrow pretending to be a middle-brow, an aethete pretending to

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



not totally worthless?' Amiswhat makes any given page of Pound worthless makes him all worthless'. It sounds Philistine to say 'modernistic crap'. but it is modernistic crap, and I could take you through it slowly showing how."

This leads him on to another of his passions: music. "I don't see how, if you really enjoy traditional jazz, you can also really enjoy modern jazz. Those who

December, 1986

He mimics a conversation. Interviewer — what do you think of Ezra Pound?' Amis— worthless'. Interviewer—'surely not totally worthless?' Amis— worthless?' Amis— worthless?' Amis— worthless?' Amis— worthless'. Am

to listen to, and that's enough," Of course, his tastes in classical music are not as obvious as the last bit would suggest.
"Weber's Andante and Rondo all'ungherese for bassoon and orchestra," he says, solicitously offering to spell it. "If I were that sort of chap, I'd ask for that to be played at my funeral."

A Hungarian rondo by Weber is, of course, not real Hungarian music but a pastiche. This is a vital recommendation. very important to fight against authenticity. If I'm offered 'real' Punjabi music or Kashmiri hill music against what I hear in the local Indian restaurant, give me the second every time. Or 'real' Indonesian cuiwho wants it? Give me a

The blues are another example. If you turn the radio on to 'Jazz Record Requests,'

European compromise.



you're only just recovering from a wailing fandango from a modernist when they give you two blind negroes with a jew's harp and a guitar." He rocks in his seat, moaning impressionistically. "I want sophisticated blues the way Count Basie did it. People think if a thing's closer to the source it's better. In fact it's just closer to the

Some of this prompts another thought. Might Amis be a touch

"A touch?" he says, amazed.
"Of course. Why? As a reaction to trendy menophilia, for a start, and against the idea that there's and against the idea that there's a European literature or a European inheritance. Anyway, it's better for us to a with the says.

"I wish I could say you were a European inheritance and inh better for us to go with the English-speaking cultures— are perhaps a dozen pieces America, Canada, Australia— which are all right. The rest than with all these buggers in Europe,"

attempt by the left to draw us away from America; into a Finlandised Europe. Anyone

to any political party, since a brief time in the Communist Party in 1941. "Quite interesting that was, quite instructive. We had our men on the com-We had our men on the com-mittees of all the political clubs in Oxford. If somebody says there are Communist Party



members here and there in the leadership of the SDP' that sounds paranoid, but not if you've seen it elsewhere on a smaller scale. And you know that if it isn't so, it's not for want of trying.
"There is no extreme right

in this country. There's no party or group that wants to abolish state education, introduce right-wing censorship or lock up Jews. And there's no feeting pewer to work for foreign power to work for.
Turkey? Chile? I don't expect
they've many men in the Tory
Party, though the Russians have

men in the Labour Party.

"The other day, Amnesty
International wrote asking for
my support. I wrote back saying of course I'm not supporting your bloody organisation. Take their "Prisoners of Conscience"

— pages 1-30 Turkey, 31-60
Chile, 61-90 the US and pages
91-92 the USSR to show they're even-handed. They leaked my letter — who do you think to? The Telegraph? The Times? No — the Guardian. That shows they're suspect."

Winding down over the last of the coffee, I remark apologetically that I have read almost none of his poetry. "You haven't missed much," he says. Back outside in the Strand,

By now he is fairly launched an empty taxi approaches. into politics. He is speaking "Good luck," he says, hastily with less care and more emphasis, and with an occasional intercept k. Unco-operative touch of anger. "There is an again, it stops for someone else.

Schizophrenia and the Scottish

keep the Kingdom United. Most obviously, in Northern Ireland the majority is as far as ever from accepting an Anglo-Irish agreement which has little more to its credit than a rise in terrorism. But less noticed is Scotland, where the approach of a general election has stimulated a renewed focus

on the ever-open question of the Scots' political identity.

John Mackintosh, the Labour MP whose death robbed his party of its most passionate advocate of devolution, wrote the Scots of of the Scots as a people who had to retain a "dual identity." had to retain a "dual identity:"
they were both Scots and
British. This schizophrenia is
familiar, even congenial, to a
race who gave the world such
schizoid classics as Stevenson's
"Dr Jekyil and Mr Hyde,"
Burns' "Holy Willie's Prayer"
and, the crowning glory of the
genre, Hogg's "Confessions of a
Justified Sinner."
Because most Scots would

Because most Scots would confess to split feelings on the matter of the union—280 years old in four days—the issue remains a deeply emotive one in Scotland (while being, reasonably, a matter of indifference or even irritation to most English people). The Scots political arithmetic

is currently this. Of the 72 Scots seats, Labour holds 41 (with 35 per cent of the vote in the 1983 election); the Tories 21 (28 per cent); the Alliance eight (25 per cent); and the Scottish National Party two (11.8 per cent). The SNP, whose sole parliamentary representa-tives are Mr Gordon Wilson, the party leader in Dundee East, and Mr Donald Stewart, who intends to retire at the next election (in the Western Isles), appeared three years ago to have been all but obliterated since October 1974 when, with 11 MPs and over 30 per cent of the Scottish vote the party determined the devolutionist agenda of the Labour Govern-

ment.

But since 1983, nationalism
has slowly reasserted itself. The
latest poll (System 8 in the
Glasgow Herald on December 3) shows the SNP with 18 per cent of the Scots vote: Labour has also increased its share substantially, to 49 per cent; while the Tories have fallen to 19 per cent and the Alliance to 14 per cent. The SNP is confident that the rising trend continues: it points to a string of successes mostly at Labour's expense in council by-elections.

A snap general election would

result in seven more seats, the party believes, mainly in the northern rural areas currently Tory held: a longer pre-election period, it believes would see the SNP once again carving into the industrial lowlands belt where most Scots live.

JOHN LLOYD

as the old year ends because they have pinned on Labour a "doomsday scenario." This is that, while Labour retains or increases its majority in Scot-land after the next election. Mrs Thatcher would again dominate England and thus the UK. In front of the Scots would stretch another five years of Thatcherism for which, even

would stretch another five years of Thatcherism for which, even at its peak, only one in four of them voted and over whose economic consequences even the Scots Tories (a wet bunch, in the main) mutter rebelliously.

Labour could do nothing: trapped in its own unionism, all it could call for in Scotland would be another five years of patience until the inevitable victory would bring the Scottish Assembly promised in its manifesto — in 1991 or 1992. Here, says the Nationalists, is the perfect reason for voting SNP — only the big bold step. the rolling back of nearly three centuries of constitutional history, can make Scotland free now to regenerate its own economy and be free of (as the Declaration of Arbroath put its restriction of Interest of Constitution of Interests of Its restriction of Interests of Its restriction of Interests of Its restriction Decisration of Arbroath put it six centuries ago) "the domina-tion of the English."

Some of Labour's ablest people are in Scotland: Mr people are in Scotland: Mr John Smith, the Industry Spokesman; Mr Donald Dewar, the shadow Scottish Secretary; Mr Robin Cook, the Trade Spokesman. But all suffer as well as gain from being seen to have British ambitions based on Scottish seats. on Scottish seats.

Even if they were free from electoral constraints, these men could not propose some extraconstitutional action to force a third Tory government to grant a Scots Assembly which most Tories find anathema. They must wait for the national tide to flow Labour's way. Mr Mal-colm Rifkind, the young Scottish Secretary and a sharp Edinburgh lawyer, expressed their dilemma well in the course of dilemma well in the course of an interview he gave this month to the magazine Radical Scotland. He said: "I think that as long as the vast majority of Scots vote for unionist parties and by that I mean Conservative, Labour, Liberal or SDP anything other than Nats—and thereby express a clear political thereby express a clear political desire to remain a part of the UK—then the only mandate that matters is the UK man-

But Mr Rifkind is also embattled. "Governing" Scot-land on the base of 25 per cent active support (or less) is a delicate task.

sceptical media. The Daily and throw a further strain on Record, dominating the mass Scots market, is more solidly The Nationalists' tails are up and overtly Labour than the

rest of the Mirror Group of which it is part. The Scotsman under Mr Chris Baur and that Glasgow Herald under Mr Arnold Kemp are strongly and committedly devolutionist and even sympathetic to nationalism: they are also the daily newspapers outside London which maintain high intellectual and journalistic standards, and which can thus mobilise and refresh a distinct political culture. Both Scottish political culture. Both Scottish elevision and BBC Scottand are energetically pro-Scottish; the latter under Mr Pat Chalmers has produced for national

the wings. The adhesive is antiLondon feeling on political or
nationalistic or self-interested
grounds, or a mixture of all
three. This has taken, since
July this year, an organisational
form: the Scottish TUC, with a
new young general secretary in
Mr Campbell Christie, has put
itself at the head of a Scottish
Standing Commission.

Mr Christie says its aim is
to "convince the Scottish
electorate that London priorities
are not Scottish priorities."

are not Scottish priorities."
Interestingly, Mr Christie, a strong left-winger, is at least tactically dropping class struggle in favour of the (Scottish) national struggle

tish) national struggle.

Mr Dewar, a firm devolutionist, is still necessarily cautious. He, too, recognises the truth of Mr Rifkind's company and though he says that ment: and though he says that "there is a substantial feeling for devolution that wasn't there for devolution that wasn't there before," he adds that "it is still an activist enthusiasm and we have to do more work to make it popular." Like Mr Neil Kinnock and Mr Roy Hattersley at national level, Mr Dewar does not wish to become Scotttish Secretary on the basis of overbeated expectations which he heated expectations which he

cannot fulfil.

There is a palpable feeling in Scottish political circles for more self-determination. It is not a simple matter, and Scots feeling is as schizoid on this as much else. But that is the way the north wind is blowing: and it will be an irony that a third term for the Conserva-tive and Unionist Party will stimulate a flurry of radicalism the union.

The author is editor of the

A legal winter's tale

I THIS time of year there is a considerable amount of personal enrichment. both in the presumed spiritual uplift of the religious holiday and in the reciprocated giftmaking that reflects the pagan aspect of the festivities. It was with the latter part of

that thought in mind that I went about my Christmas shopping. Little did I realise that one of my purchases was going to be a weighty legal tome, which discusses the law's atti-tude to the variety of ways that individuals are unjustly en-riched. The third edition of a book first published 20 years ago appeared earlier this month as a suitable present to a per-plexed lawyer friend. The Law of Restitution is a remarkable work of legal erudition into a recondite branch of law. The authors are Lord Goff of

Chieveley, who became a law lord last year, after a distin-guished academic background, a life of practice in the commercial courts, followed by a successful career on the High Court bench. His collaborator, Prof Gareth Jones, has stuck to the legal academic's last at Oxford and now at Cambridge, as Downing Professor of the Laws of England. Their product of 750 pages is a masterly treatise that marks a rare but happy mixture—the expounding of a growing jurisprudence and daily practice of the law in action.

The first edition of the book in 1966 was astonishingly a late arrival, as the first English text on Restitution, a subject almost wholly unfamiliar to English lawyers. The emergence of a law of restitution as a distinct branch of law had been delayed by the application of antiquated



restore property, as if those obligations were to be implied only by virtue of concepts drawn from the law of contract.

Most modern civilised systems of law have found it neces-sary to provide for the restora-tion of benefits on the grounds of unjust enrichment, over and above the remedies which the law gives to those who have been the victims of breaches of contract or the sufferers of Since all Christmas presents wrongs committed by others.

A simple example is where misapprehension or under any

A mistakenly confers a benefit on B. To allow B to retain such a benefit would result in his being unjustly enriched at A's expense. Subject to defined limits, the law will not allow the retention of the benefit and will order restitution. Unjust enrichment is thus simply the name commonly given to the principle of justice which the law recognises and will give effect to in a wide variety of

The Americans have long accepted the doctrine of unjust enrichment. The first paragraph of the American Restatement of Restitution states that "a person who has been unjustly enriched theories about obligations to at the expense of another is

the other." The English authors compellingly argue that a close study of the English case law now reveals a highly developed and reasonably systematic complex of rules for restitution,' The textbook, The Law of

Restitution, in its exposition of the massive case law and legal literature, reveals three basic propositions. The recipient of a benefit must have been enriched beyond what he would have expected by way of a remedy for the infringement of a contractual right or damages for some definable wrong committed against him. His enrichment must have been at the expense of another person who ought not to have been deprived of the benefit. And the law must determine that it would be unjust to allow the retention of the benefit. These interrelated rules reflect in a nutshell the true nature of restitutionary claims and the principle of unjust enrichment.

compulsion other than the simple desire to benefit the recipient of the gift, the enrichment can never be said to be unjust. At least, the law would never unwrap the Christmas parcel and restore it to the donor, even if it should turn out that the person receiving it was not the intended recipient. A copy of Goff and Jones on the law of restitution should certainly not be restored to the giver, other than as a temporary loan to an inquiring colleague with a problem of determining whether the law will order restitution of a benefit derived at a client's expense.

Third Edition, 1986, published by Sweet & Maxwell; 560.



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PERSONAL FILE

1927 Born Clapham, South London; educated City of London School, St John's College, Oxford.

1949-1963 University lecturer in English (Swansea, Cambridge). Selected novels: Lucky Jim (1954), That Uncertain Feeling (1955), Take a Girl Like You (1960), I Want It Now (1968), Girl, 20 (1971), Jake's Thing (1978), Stanley and the Women (1984), The Old Devils

1948 Married Hilary Ann Bardwell, 1965 Married Elizabeth Jane Howard (marriage dissolved 1983). It was the Bolshoy's year. After more than a decade,

Moscow's Fride returned in triumph. Yury Grigorovich's ensemble — and it is absolutely

the instrument of its director

and choreographer — looked siecker, younger and more powerful than heretofore. I

reported on the company from Vienna and Paris and Dublin,

from Covent Garden and Batter-sea Park, in which last location as in Dublin — the Enter-tainments Corporation (impres-arios for the visit) performed

marvels in accommodating hallet for a large audience.

It was the year of Irek Mukhamedov as the latest in a line of technical phenomena produced by the Russian school, and also mechanical of his remains the latest in the land also mechanical personal latest and also mechanical personal latest l

and also — because of his com-pany's and his nation's acothetic beliefs — Mukhamedov's year

as a grandly expressive artist: a tormented lyan the Terrible.

a brave Spartacus, a pure hero for the cinematic fun of The Golden Age.
It was Natalya Bessmortnova's

year as Grigorovich's muse, ideal as the heroine of his ballets, and in Paris a marvel-

It was Lyudmila Semenyaka's year, marking her London debut, showing us the dance as it is

given to few artists to be able to reveal it. In this glorious high summer of her talent. Semenyaka is a classic belierina without peer; her flawless Aurora in Vienna, her noble Raymonda in London, her interest Civille to the control of the contr

luminous Giselie in Paris (the whole of Act 2 a denced

crescendo), made this an owners

year, and Nina Semisorova's and Nina Adamiashvili's, as young

ballerinas of superb gifts. It was the year for famous sons

of famous fathers, with Andria Lieps and Alexey Fadeyechev

as Bolshoy premiers danseurs

Natalya Makarova

and it was the year when I saw

It was Alla Mikhalchenko's

murghilis for ballet.

Romantic icon.

----ипау December 20 III

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iter's tale

the perfect Carabosse with Yury Vetrov's performance during the Bolshoy's Vienna season, exactly that implicit in Chaikovsky's score and explicit - for those who care to respect them
— in Petipa's production notes and choreography.
It was also the BBC's year in that, with commendable enter-prise, BBC2 TV brought off an excellent live transmission from the Battersea Tent, showing— as television should— the best of the art, rather than the dreariest of local practitioners, to the nation. It should also be gratefully recorded that the Bolshoy took its full forces to the regions, knowing that there is audience life outside the

metropolis. One other visiting troupe made a most welcome debut: The Central Ballet of China from Beiling, albeit much

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Ballet in 1986/Clement Crisp

The Bolshoy returns in splendour

Lyndmila Semenyaka, who made her London debut

Valse was the very spirit of the

company. I record with greatest regret that during the present winter season in New York Miss

Farrell will retire from the

stage; we shall lose an artist

dancing so pure in utterance that it seems impossible that it could be bettered.

American Ballet Theatre

looked strong, dancing an eclectic repertory that included

Kenneth MacMillan's new Requiem, with its tragic resonances from the Vietnam

war, and a dislocated Mollino Room, all design and modish frenzy, by Karole Armitage. Mikhall Baryshnikov gave an account of the male role in Les Sulphides.

Sylphides perfect in poetic sympathy: where most inter-

preters move as if they couldn't rhyme "June" and Moon," Baryshnikov wrote sonnets with his dancing.

on the reconstruction of Bournonville's Abdallah as pre-

sented by the Royal Danish Ballet. Alas for good intensions.

The production was pious but did not succeed in evoking Bournonville as the extent

Among our own companies,

Ballet Rambert celebrated its

60th birthday with a Sadler's Wells season which found the company looking alert, staging

repertory shows him to us.

From Copenhagen I reported

cramped on Sadler's Wells Kyra Nichols, Maria Calegari, stage, showed strong dancers Darci Kistler (returned in and a company bright with prosuperb form after a period of mise for the future. The reperinjury) seemed to blaze with tory was intriguing, if rather light, and Suranne Farell in La mise for the future. The reper-tory was intriguing, if rather too local in interest: on their next visit, which must be soon and to a larger theatre, more international fare would be

The Chinese, though, have come of age as a balletic force, and are fine.
The Peking Opera also made

an exhibitating visit to the Wells, but for the most part the year's visitors were tiresome.
The undistinguished Tokyo
Ballet was an inexplicable
choice for Covent Garden, with a desperate repertory which included Bejart's harmetic Kabuki (though with what pleasure did I see most of the cast commit suicide in the final scene), and triple bill where

one wished they had committed suicide before curtain up.

The Edinburgh Featival provided a couple of clangers: the Lyon Opera Ballet assaulted Prokofiev's Cinderella in a nightmare version by Maguy Marin; the Ballet of Lie Grand Theatre, Warsaw, presented an unwise version of The Sleeping Beauty. The Gulbenkian Ballet brought a lack-lustre repertory to Sadler's Wells; Rosalind Newman showed featureless dances; the wonderful Douglas Dunn was trapped at the Bloomsbury in Futurities, a toepoetry mismatched, in which Dunn looked a gazelle among

hyenas. Stephen Petronio at The Place was highly original, always intriguing. The delight-ful American Ballroom Theatre at the Wells was lightfooted and light-hearted. The dire Bucket ight-hearted. The dire Bucket Dance Company brought choreography and dancing to naif to be credible. Happily the Dance Education to their work, with a witty dedication to their work, with notable performances of Fancy Free, and the imaginative resassesment of traditional piecea: Frederic Franklin's Creole Giselle and John Taras' jungleser Firebrid.

Abroad, performances of the year were those given by New York City Ballet in a rich r perfory which makes our local trangplant of the performances of the year were those given by New York City Ballet in a rich r perfory which makes our local trangplant on the performances of the year were those given by New York City Ballet in a rich r perform was excellent.

Second Stride offered us Ian Spink, with a with a with a with dedication to their work, with a with a dedication to their work, with a with a dedication to their work, with a with a with dedication to their work, with a with a with a dedication to their work, with a challenging to popera season at Sadler's Wells

Salled to a beautiful physique, produced dancing with a technical gloss and grace undreamed of by most of our native artists.

It was a year generally dim in its choreographic novelties. It was also, a year all too like its predecessors of late, in seem of the Covent Garden that the year was one of mixed and frequently unhappy fortunes. The province of the covent of the covent of the covent of the plant was a choreographic novelties.

For our national ballet the year was principal of the Royal Harvey as a principal of the Royal Harvey as

Michael Clark rampaged over the Wells stage with the usual mixture of primple japes, shoddy choreography, and fragments of admirable dancing. There was an ear-blasting rock score whose bistancies were nothing when compared with a crass portrait of Mr Clark which Channel 4 IV showed early in the year.

Extemporary Dense Theatre put on two glum programmes, one very confusing about the Muses and jets; the other devoted to the dustier aspects of New Dance. I gained no pleasure from the programme by Janet Smith and Dancers or from the English Dance Theatre. London Contemporary Dance London Contemporary Dance Theatre remains a magnificent troupe of dancers, with Patrick Harding Irmer and Darshan Singh Ehulier as its dazzling male leads, but its creations during the year told me nothing new about the company. London City Bullet acquired. City Ballet acquired a staging of Glecile from Galina Samsova; Northern Ballet Theatre put on André Prokovsky's version of Swon Lake, and also staged the attractive Ancient Airs and Dances by Michael Corder.

London Fostival Ballet, cheated of its Russian tour by Chernobyl, nevertheless kept a high profile, staging Roland Petit's Carmen, Balanchine's Symphony in C, and a new and over-complicated Nuteracker by touching view of regeneration, danced with fine conviction by a cast led by Jeannette Mulli-gen. The company continued gen. The company communication indomitably seeking a new audience with LFB2, and winning that audience with a well-conceived repertory which stage; we shall lose an artist whose interpretative genius has given us a quarter-century of life-enhancing performances as Balanchine's muse and a key image of NYCB style. The Farrell years have been miraculous. With Ih Anderson in Ballo della regina (and other works) I saw despring on muse in uncerness. included the medcep Drop your pearls and hog it, Girl from the flavour-of-the-month Michael

Clark. Performance of the year, and tribute to the galvanising effect of a super-star, was Natalya Makarova's single appearance as Tatyana in Onegia, lighting up the Coliseum with a nova of temperament and dancing, and showing why the London Stan-



WEST GERMANY

To mark the 190th anniversary of his birthday, the museum, helped by the Macke archive and sponsored by the estate of Northrhein Westphalia, is displaying 180 paintings, 130 pictures, 70 watercolours and documents. Macke, born in Mescheds (Westphalia), studied in Düsseldorf and Berlin under Lovis Corinth. He was responsible for a new art form before the First World War, In the spring of 1914, he went

War. In the spring of 1914, he went with Paul Klee and Louis Molliet to

Tunis. In the same year, he was sent to the front in France, and died in action in Champagne, Ends Feb 2.

PARIS

Spink's Borendorfer Waltzes, a heat news was that the Digital gloss on The Firebird which Equipment Company, with looked like surreal knitting, and splendid generosity. splendid generosity, came to the rescue of Sadier's Wells Theatre in an admirable act of sponsorship which not only secured the future of a theatre embattled through bureaucracy and Arts Council myopia, but also provided further support (under the umbrella title of Partners in Dance) for other troupes and organisations. DEC

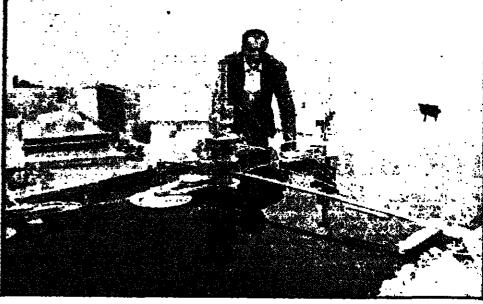
has the gratitude of the British dance world.

Sadler's Wells Royal Ballet, intimately involved to the Wells crisis, contrived to make a major tour of North and South America, put on new works by Susan Chow and Graham Lustig. review Frank Staff's adorable
Peter and the Wolf, played a
Covery Garden season in addition to visits to the Wells,
mounted David Bintley's threeact, very popular (and to me, wildly disappointing) Snow Ones, and generally get about its business of being overworked, under-manned, and wholly dedicated.

The Royal Ballet at Covent Garden acquired a new director in Anthony Dowell at the start of this season, and had a switchback of a year. There were some gleamingly good performances: Antoinette Sibley and Anthony Dowell in Manon and The Dream: Fernando Bujones gordée; Gelsey Kirkland as an exquisite Aurora but a much The most intriguing work of Collier in the welcome revival the year came from Christopher of Anastasia Act III; Stephen Bruce with The World Again. Jefferies in Mayerling and in a mysterious and mysteriously much else he danced. much else he danced; Anthony Dowson making an unexpected but very worth-while début in Mayerling; Fions Chadwick dazzling in Le Baiser de la fée as in all her roles; Philip Broomhead as a new and fluent Oberon; Michael Coleman as a wonderfully funny Bottom in The Dream, and convulsing as the Spike Milligan of the dance in Flora's Demise, included in the Save the Wells gals organ-ised by the Royal Ballet's dan-cers to help fight for their

ancestral home. Symphonic Variations was at last restored to the Opera House repertory, ss was La Valse in Ashton's version, and the rovised version of MacMillan's Baiser de la fée was most wel-come. Rather less so was Jerome Robins's Opus 19; The Dreamer, a Baryshnikov vehicle that made no sense for the Royal Ballet, though Robbins's The Concert came back in spanking form. David Bintley's Galanteries featured in the Royal Ballet's right to Verseuwer's France Sc. visit to Vancouver's Expo '86, but looked to me too genteel for its Mozart scores. The year ended dreadfully for the company with the creation of Wayne Eagling's Beauty and the Beast, an exercise in choreographic and musical kitsch that should supposed "centre of excellence."

It was a year in which stan-dards of dancing were both a delight and a chief cause for concern. The Bolshoy's example was there for our local ensembles to contemplate and
ensembles to contemplate and
dare we hope—emulate in a
quest for classic probity and
power. The arrival of Cynthia



Architect Richard Rogers made his mark this year

Architecture in 1986/Colin Amery

Spotlight on Lloyd's

and their problems being dis-cussed at length at all levels. with the Prince of Wales lending his support to Inner City Aid and the community architecture bandwagon rolling slowly into the Royal Institute of British Architects.

Politics apart it has been a good year for architects. The three fashionable star archi-tects, Norman Foster, Richard Rogers and James Stirling sur-vived the blaze of publicity that acompanied their show New Architecture at the Royal Academy. All three also ex-perienced the more significant pleasure of seeing major buildings they had designed officially opened. In London it was the year of Lloyd's—an important and extraordinary new head-quarters designed by Richard Rogers and politely opened by the Oueen.

In Hong Kong the Governor opened the headquarters of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank designed by Norman Foster and reputed to be the most expen-sive building in the world. James Stirling saw his Sackler Wing at the Forg Museum at Harvard move into operation and his work is complete at the Clore Wing of the Tate Gallery although the pictures are still being hung. The year of 1986 was clearly the year of the new museum. It ended with an explosion of monumental proporconverted railway station in Paris and began with the selec-

the most interesting designers around today, won the RIBA Gold Medal. It was his museum that opened to display contemporary art in Los Angeles at the end of the year—be described it as a village among the sky-scrapers. The world is still waiting to hear what wonders Richard Meier will perform as

The year began much as it classicism (or is it post modern Penelope Chetwode died on has ended with the inner cities neo-classicism?) reared its one of her remarkable explorated their problems being dishead in a provocative and tions of India. She had some

Krier.

In planning terms, the concerns which continued to a curious stylistic link between occupy ministers were the rampant spread of shopping simpler Hindu structures. She and leisure centres - the opening of the Metrocentre near Gateshead proved that shopping and it was round her excellent can take the lead — but the table that so many ideas were can take the lead — but the sanctity of the Green Belts refreshed. Osbert Lancaster seemed to be confirmed by Nicholas Ridley. While the danger of over development tilting the island irreparably to the South East was denied by the Prime Minister speaking in Manchester—the M25 continued to be a traffic jam. In the South East it is still Dockland which most preoccupies developers and its shadow continues to worry the City of London. Will Canary be much missed.

Dockland which most pre-occupies developers and its shadow continues to worry the City of London. Will Canary Wharf be built this year and will the tenants turn up? The House of Lords decided not to impede the progress of the Dockland Light Railway Bill, which does mean that in time it will be possible to nip down to the Docks from the Bank in 15 minutes or so. James Stirling was chosen to design one of the Canary Wharf Towers, although most of the planning of the scheme is American, with Skidmore Owings and Merrill and I. M. Pel as the lead architects. One architect told me this year that staying at the rans and organ with the selection of the American architect
Robert Venturi to design the new extension to the National Gallery in London.

Important new museums opened in Merida in Spain, Cologue and Los Angeies, The Japanese architect Aracs place of the Hay's Wharf complete on the South Bank of the plex on the South Bank of the possion that only he could bring.

plex on the South Bank of the passion that only he could thames. He's promising something Edwardian.

The new year is not likely to

interesting proposal for the redevelopment of Spitalfields for the developer Stuart Lipton by the architectural theorist Leon

Krier.

HOUS OF THOMA. She made bounce refreshing views about the origins of Hindu architecture, being quite convinced that the wooden temples of the Himalayas traced their design was the last of the free thinkers when it came to architecture table that so many ideas were

> be much missed. Another less familiar but in his way more important figure died at the end of 1986. Hubert de Cronin Hastings was the joint proprietor and editor of the Architectural Review until 1973. He pioneered through his scape, inscape, Civiha and a broad view of architecture that championed the Modern Movepicturesque - a rich view of virtues of style. He was a curlous genius, almost impossible at times to work for because he found it hard to see

thing Edwardian.

Three extraordinary and marvellous architectural influences died in 1986. Penelope Betjeman—the widow of John Betjeman and better known as the traveller and writer well in 1987 and bases?

The new year is not likely to see vast changes until Mr Rod Hackney moves into the RIBA in July. He has a huge task and the best thing to do is to wish him — and the profession — the traveller and writer.



the traveller and writer well in 1987 and beyond.

The new Lloyd's building

Arts Guide

LONDON

Vicana Philharmonic Orchestra con-ducted by Herbert von Karajan. New Year's eve concert. Musikver-ein [658190]. (Wed and matines

Konserthaus (Wed and Thur).

Lincoln Center (874 2424). Merkin Hall (Goodman House): Hyung-Il Ahn tenor and In-Young Lee bass duo recital. Poncheielli, Tosti, Handel, Verdi (Mon). 87th w. of Broadway (3828719).

WASHINGTON Concert Hall: A Night in Old Vienne

nave never seen out of Chings. Itse exhibition covers the main period of Chinese art, and the objects found in tombs, buried with the owner for his use in the hereafter, shed a fas-cinating light on life in the period. Ends Merch 1987.

MÉTHÈRLANDS

use of colour in modern European architecture from 1910 to the pres-ent. Ends Jan 25.

Madrid: Julio Gonzalez (1876-1942). Madrid: Julio Gonzalez (1878-1942). Spanish cubist sculptor considered with Picasso the top exponent of this movement; 56 sculptures and 70 drawings on loan by the Ivam. Valencia's modern art museum. Ends Dec 30. Also Miro sculptures (1893-1983); 100 sculptures and 140 drawings on loan by Monna, Georges Pompidou, Miro Foundation and private collections offer a vision of private collections offer a vision of Miro's sculptures of 1930-1970, Ends Jan 20. Both at Centro de Arte Reina Sofia, Santa Isabel 2. Open Tue to Son: 10.00-21.00. Closed Mondays. Isrosiona, Georges Braque. A retro-spective gathers 128 works – draw-ings, tapestries, sculptures and paintings from 1900 to his death in 1051 R-45 Van 25.

Tübingen, Kunsthalle Philosophen-weg 76: Toulouse-Lautrec. A retro-spective of 130 paintings and picture studies by Henri de Toulouse-Lau-trec (1864-1901). Ends March 15.: filiator, Westfälisches Landesmu-seum, Domplatz 10: August Macke: To mark the 190th anniversary of

nings of modern art and the impressionist and Post-Impressionist collections formerly in the Jeu de Pauma. Here they are counterbalanced by academic painters, their contemporaries, long derided for their pomposity.

The sculptures come into their own in the immensity of the nave, at the end of which is a large-scale model of the opera and its district below glass tiles. The view of Paris from the terraces is an additional delight. Musée d'Orsay, Entrance 1, run de Bellechasse (4549 4214). Closed Mon.

VIENNA

Gold and Power - Spain in the new work: To mark the 590th anniversary of the discovery of the American with works of 69 American artists the exhibition also features a live concert, videos, junk food corner and other aspects of the American pop culture since much has been profited as a Language to the pop culture since much has been profited as a Language to the pop culture since much has been profited as a Language to the pop culture since much has been profited as a Language to the pop culture since much has been profited as a Language to the pop culture since much has been profited as a Language to the pop culture since much has been profited as a Language to the pop culture since much works of 69 American artists the exhibition also features a live concert, videos, junk food corner and other aspects of the American artists the exhibition also features a live concert, videos, junk food corner and other aspects of the American artists the exhibition also features a live concert, videos, junk food corner and other aspects of the American artists the exhibition also features a live concert, videos, junk food corner and other aspects of the American pop culture since much has been profit and pop culture since much has been pop

in Paragusy and stunning gold sta-tues and jewellery from a land my-thologised as El Dorado. Vienna is the first stop for this exhibition, which will later travel to Cologne and Budapest. Kunstlerhaus. Ends Jan 25.

NEW YORK

December 26-January 1

Metrapolitan Museum: 90 paintings from the end of Van Gogir's life are the focus of this second of a two-part show of the prollific artist at Saint-Remy and Auvers. The Starry Night and Cypresses come from this peri-od working first in an asylum in Saint-Remy and then in Auvers, where he commuted suicide in July 1890. Ends March 22.

Art Institute: The art of Italian Renhet Institute: The art of Italian Ren-sissance armourers, with suits em-bossed with Greek and Roman dei-ties and fantastic creatures of the artists imagination, is on display in a special exhibit of French king Henry II's armour borrowed from Hever Castle. Ends Mar 1.

grafted on to Japan's youth culture by now, the exhibition should reveal the extent to which the original has been changed for Japanese taste, i.e. inpanised La Foret Museum in

Arts news in brief . . .

In spite of fears of a drop an eight-year absence to give n museum and gallery attend-ince figures for 1986, the Coliseum from June 30 to July in museum and gallery attendance figures for 1986, the
national Gallery looks set to
achieve a record 3m visitors for
the second year running.

Opera House in 1979.

This is due, in part, to the exceptionally high attendances during October and November (approximately 300,000 for both special forms of the second special forms of the s months, the highest figures for five years) when the exhibition "Dutch Landscape: The Early Years" attracted nearly 125,000

Goldsmiths will display works by art nouveau jeweller Rene The National Ballet of Lalique from May 28 to July

The Worshipiul Company of

Serenade, and another short work to be announced.

Alastair Muir

New Statemen un tratt the

f DS per cent and it will be an may:

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the other." The Experi er realingly against 77-7 now reveals a highter and reasonably states G. Pules for repla-

The terribook Te Reservation, in 15 exersture, reveals in compositions. The marganitation of the marganitation positions. The many positions is the fermion of the mass three expected by in the mass of the fermion of the mass of the fermion of the fermion of the benefit for the benefit

Social Chimans

description with the second se STAAS CHRUSE

Music

Wigners Hall: King's Consort directed by Robert King. Bech and Tele-mann (Thur).

VIENNA

Thur).
Vienna Symphony Orchestra and the Singukademie conducted by Peter Schnader with Ana Pasar, soprano, Margareta Hintermeter, slito, Jemes King, tenor, Ruggero Raimondi, bass, Besthoven's ninth symphony.
Krinnerthans (Wad and Thur).

Camegie Haßt New York String Or-chestra, Alexander Schneider con-ducting, Mozart, Haydn, Stravinsky, Wolf, Strauss (Mon). (247 7800). New York Fulfharmonic (Avery Fisher Hall: Erich Leinsdorf conducting, Yefin Bronfman piano, Strauss, De-biasy, Lizzt, E. & J. Strauss (Tue). Lincoln Center (874 2424).

with Alexander Schneider and Friends. Vienness chamber music and ball (Wed). Kennedy Center

Exhibitions

Venice: Palazzo Ducale: China In Ven-Venice: Palazzo Ducale: China In Ven-ice: Chinese Chilisation from the Han Dynasty to Marco Polo (25-1279 AD): 150 objects, including silks, brocades, jewellery, terracotta figures, glass and porcelain lent by the Peking Museum. Many result from recent exervation, and most have never been out of China. The exhibition covers the main period of

Laren, Singer Museum. Glass cros-tions by Sybren Valkerna, Ends Jan 18. aingen, Groninger Museum. The

SPARI

Esteve: After important exhibitions in Germany, Switzerland and Scandi-navia, Paris in turn honours the ab-stract French artist born in 1904. The retrospective consists of 116 paintings, 50 watercolours, nearly as many drawings, some collages and tapestries and shows Esteve's development, Influenced at first by solitary road until he achieves an equilibrium between a rigorous composition and an explosion of col-ours. Grand Palais, Closed Tue,

composition and an explosion of col-curs. Grand Palais, Closed Tue, Ends Jan 12 (4236 0924).

Ends Jan 12 (4236 0924).

Ends Jan 12 (4236 0924).

Ends d'Orsey. The spectacular mu-seum of the lith century is simated opposite the Tulieriers Gardens with-in the metallic structure and the glass-roofed vault of the vast Belle Epoque railway station. It houses paintings, aculptures, objets d'art and photographs from the end of the romantic period to the begin-nings of modern art and the impres-sionist and Post-Impressionist col-lections formetty in the Jeu de

Spanish conquest. The collection, seen for the first time outside Spain, includes ornaments and utensils of indigenous Americans, beautiful Mexican mother of pearl pictures of the collection. the blood-and-th

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T

TOKYO

Canada returns to London after 24 at Goldsmiths' Hall.

FINANCIAL TIMES

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4P 4BY Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Monday December 29 1986

The prospects for arms talks

greater tension, rather than the hoped-for improvement in Eastwest relations. Yet there are indications that prospects for 1987 are significantly better than the bare record of events since October might suggest. Temporary setback though it undoubtedly was, the Reykjavík summit may well have set the summit may well have set the US-Soviet nuclear arms control negotiations on a more realistic and productive course after the brief and heady dreams of a nuclear-free world. Both President Reagan and Mr Gorbachey know that, short

of war or a dangerous state of permanent tension, a modus vivendi has to be found between the US and the Soviet Union and that an arms control agree-ment must form the crux of any arrangement. It would be astonishing indeed if, during the last two years of his presidency, Mr Reagan did not try to achieve something which try to achieve something which would assure him an honoured place in history and help to wipe out the stain on his reputation of the Iran arms

sales affair.
For Mr Gorbachev, the imperatives to reach an arms control agreement with the US are somewhat different, but at least as strong. The Soviet couraged by his Reykjavik leader has made nuclear disarmament into one of the main planks of his foreign policy and therefore badly the US while President Reagan requires a success in the field in at the bally. The Soviet

Stumbling block

Though the Geneva nuclear interests remained stalled in the after-math of the Reykjavik summit, no doors have been slammed by either the US or the Soviet Union. One of the main stumblof President Reagan's space-based defensive system (SDI), has not prevented Mr Gorba-chev from making gestures 1987 than in 1986.

INTERNATIONAL develop- aimed at improving the general ments during the last few East-West climate.

months of 1986 have led to The Nato allies have always The Nato allies have always maintained that arms control negotiations can be successful only if they take place in an overall context of better East-West relations and that this must include, as a priority, an improvement in the human rights performance of the rights performance of the communist bloc. This has been a constant theme not only at the various European security and co-operation follow-up con-

ferences, but also at Nato ministerial meetings, such as the one in Brussels earlier this month. Whatever domestic reasons, Mr Gorbachev may have had for adopting a more liberal policy towards Soviet dissidents, such as Dr Andrei Sakharov, he is certainly sensitive to the international implications of such a move. Inadequate and limited as the recent Soviet measures are, they at least appear to indicate that the West's message on the link between arms control negotia-

European allies

pointy and therefore bady ing US while Frestient Reagan requires a success in this field is at the helm. The Soviet to bolster his position in the leader may well consider that Communist Party and hierarchy. an outgoing US President, in At least equally important is tent on burnishing his image. At least equally important is the need to divert scarce would be imbued with a greater resources from arms production sense of urgency than his sucto the modernisation of the cessor, who would take some time to find his feet.

As a result of the complaints by the European allies that Mr ragan did not take their terests sufficiently into into arms control negotiations have account in Iceland, the Nato arms control negotiating stance has been clarified and refined to an unprecedented degree. That is a factor which should prevent unwarranted illusions ing blocks-Washington's re- about what could be achieved fusal to accede to Moscow's at another summit, such as the demand that any agreement ones that prevailed at the must include the abandonment Reagan-Gorbachev meeting in

Laws for the music industry

THE BEST starting point in the right to enjoy the latest any trade dispute is to back the side which offers consumers quality of the music available what they want. That is why to them. the Japanese appear to have The Japanese were right to the best of the arguments in reject out of hand the music

Copyright incomes

panies acknowledge that it is a technological breakthrough. Neither is dumping an issue: there is no digital audio tape industry in Europe or the US to be undermined by cheap imports. The music industry industry industry that the new sound system imports. The music industry insists that the new sound system will not damage sales of compact discs, now beginning to take off, because the two can co-exist. Nor is there any real dispute about how consumers would vote, if given the chance. would voie, if given the chance.
The music industry says that
consumers must be protected
against their worst instincts,
which would be to use 1.2 new
system for home taping, because their longer term interests would be damaged: this, their best argument, would cut no were more convincing at the

the best of the arguments in what could turn out to be a bitter wrangle with their western trading partners over a new music medium, known as digital audio tape.

The system, developed by the Japanese, offers the same high quality sound as compact discs in smaller and thence more convenient nackages. Its crucial legislation throughout the

venient packages. Its crucial legislation throughout the advance will be to allow con-western world is in a mess. In sumers to record music with Japan, home taping is not almost no loss of quality. Illegal. In other countries such Compact discs, by contrast, as the UK and Australia, home can only play, not record taping is against the law, but it music. The Japanese have is a law more honoured in the been ready to launch the breach than in the observance. new tape system for some A third group of countries, time, but they have been held which includes West Germany back in part by the vigorous and France, has recently introcampaign waged against it by dueed a levy on blank tapes, the music industry in the US and Europe.

Commission incomes.

That points to the need for Western music companies an agreement among the countries representing the major markets on a legal frame-ties of digital audio tape will result in an explosion of taping by consumers at home and hence drain their copyright incomes. They have lobbied both the US Government and the cover both anglesus and digital cover both anglesus and countries representing the major markets on a legal frame-work which would both legitimise the universal practice of home taping and protect copyright inthe US Government and the cover both analogue and digital European Commission for sound systems and hence would European Commission for sound systems and hence would legislation to require all diginot be restricted to the new

legislation to require all digital audio tape system.

an anti-copying device, known as a spoiler.

There is no dispute about the advance which digital audio tape represents: the music companies acknowledge that it is a feedboological breakthrough.

being canvassed is to have two classes of tapes and discs.
One would be more expensive because it would be encoded so as to allow copying; the other would be cheaper because it would not be copiable. The idea has savered advantages idea has several advantages, including allowing consumers to choose whether they want to copy or not, and making it easier to pay not, and making it easier to pay royalties from copying to the exact copyright holders. Only further debate will determine whether it is a workable com-promise. But legislators in the US and Europe probably have a good year before digital audio tape machines reach their shores in any great numbers first top-level meeting between the Japanese electronics in-dustry and the western music companies held in Vancouver earlier this month. They said, correctly, that consumers have not after, the event

ing grant place in the companies of the companies of the property of the companies of the c

HEN THE man comes to write it down in the history book. I think he will tell us that 1986 was an important year; not just because a lot of things happened, but because a lot of things happened but because a lot of things happened that were important turning-points in important sectors of the world scene. Some years are positively dull: in 1976, for example, did anything happen at all—spart from the election of Jimmy Carter to the US Presidency and the birth of my daughter (and only the second of these was in the least significant)? By contrast, 1986 was a vintage year for a succession of mega-events that was fast and furious, and which contained a remarkable number that fall, as I say, into the Turning-Point category; and this is not. I hope, just an illusion attributable to the fact that 1986 is not yet quite in its grave.

In my Critic's Choice for 1986.

grave.
In my Critic's Choice for 1986,
I should like to nominate seven Turning-points; but first a word about a number of candidates which failed to reach the short

ist.
The year ended as it began, with a blazing political con-troversy in Britain over defence procurement; but I think it is doubtful whether either row will leave a lasting mark. In will leave a lasting mark. In the case of the Westland heli-copter company, Mrs Thatcher was able to block the rescue proposal put forward by the European consortium, and to hand the company over to Sikorsky

With hindsight, it is hard to know why she cared so much about a preference which cost her two Cabinet Ministers, when she was not prepared to take that extra step which might have made it all seem cost-effective; but since the Ministry tions and humanitarian questions is being taken on board in Moscow.

Encourage allies

of Defence has not placed an order for Sikorsky Black Hawk helicopters, Westland's underlying problems remain much as they were before.

At the same time, however, the Westland crisis does not seem to have had a terminal effect on British defence collaboration with Europe. In other words, a political battle which had the rest of Europe transfixed with amazement, turns out not to have had any serious significance—except for the political careers of Michael Heseltine and Leon Brittan, and the reputations of some civil servants, including the Prime Minister's press secretary, Mr Bernard Ingham.

The uproar over the choice between the Nimrod and the Boeing early warning radar aircraft looks even less likely to have long-term importance, despite the protests from a large number of Tory MPs that Government should buy British; unless, of course, you believe that the main effect of the Westland crisis was to persuade Mrs Thatcher thenceforward to put a poultice on her reflexive temptation to interfere in everything and anything and on this occasion to immunise the decision by tying it with the ribbon of national

Also into the category of excessive expectations comes the general election in France. Obviously, the Chirac govern-Obviously, the Chirac government's economic programme of liberalisation and privatisation did not finally make it. The is very different from that of Peter Wright-MI5 court case in its socialist predecessor; but the Australia provided wonderful political reality is that it is entertainment, and succeeded constrained as much by its in giving the maximum possible narrow majority in the National publicity to allegations which

Foreign Affairs: Ian Davidson

Turning points







Timos Sammer included to the





Non-Turning-Points is the would not go to please Mrs The opening up of the chasm add to the problems of Soviet puzzle of the Soviet Union. In Thatcher. But this was not a has come in three phases: the energy policy; and it has added an union point: we can be such a cutting off of bank loans; the most two world-wide anxiety about the Polithers of Soviet Canal Company.

Moscow party boss, was dropped from the Politburo; in December Dinmukhamed Kunaless soon disappear from the Politburo; and in between there was as regular a stream of sackings, retirements and transfers as in the first nine months of Mikhail Gorbachev's tenure in the top job. Yet it remains unclear how

far he is getting his own way on domestic policy, or even (in view of the tameness of the proposals at the 27th Party Congress) how far he wants to go. There has been a degree of liberalisation for small businesses, and the head of the state price commission has been removed; yet as late as October Mr Gorbachev was publicly complaining that the conserva-tives were obstructing his But perhaps in a country as riddled with bureaucracy and perks as the Soviet Union, it is an error even to think in terms of Turning-Points: perhaps they are stuck in an ideological and apocalyptic time-warp from which they are condemned never to escape.

Assembly as by its cohabitation the British Government was with a socialist President, and that while France may be conservative with a small "c," it is not ultra-right-wing.

More interesting among the publicity to allegations which for tote again that the British Government was ostensibly trying to keep secret; further to abandon apartheid it also prompted the question, servative with a small "c," it is not ultra-right-wing.

Whether there was any length an entirely different kind of to which Sir Robert Armstrong government.

we know that we can have no final certainty on who were the yev was removed as party boss past traitors; and we can be in Kazakhstan, and will doubt- sure that Mrs Thatcher and her friends will continue to believe passionately in the importance of keeping government secrets, except when they are leaked by Mr Bernard Ingham.

There was a brave try from There was a brave try from Hanoi, where the top three leaders in the Politburo resigned simultaneously, apparently because they had given up hope of improving Vietnam's appalling situation; but I am afraid we can't include it, because they had start to the transfer of the control of the con cause we do not know if the next lot will do any better. Per-haps the moral is that both sides lost the Vietnam War. Enough of this: to my list. I

nominate South Africa, Cher-nobyl, Challenger, Reykjavík, Irangate, the European farm policy and Alds as my seven Turning-Point stories of 1986. From one point of view, the South African story did not develop dramatically differently in 1986 compared with 1985, in the sense that there was a fairly steady continuity in terms of violence and state repression, culminating in the latest clampdown on the press. But from an international perspective, it seems clear that a vast chasm started to crack open in 1986 between South Africa and the western world, and that it will not close again until either the than it has been willing to do until now, or it is replaced by

imposition of economic sanc-tions by the European Com-munity, by the US and by killed only seven people, com-Commonwealth countries; and pared with an indeterminate most recently the disinvestment by major multinational com-panies. In practical terms the

most significant action was that of the banks; but in political terms it was that of the governments, because they have now spelled out demands for political reform, which must consti-tute a minimum benchmark for the future. Whatever the merits of economic sanctions or politi-cal demands formulated by foreigners, it seems clear, after the visits of the Eminent Persons' Group and of Sir Geoffrey Howe, that President Botha rejected the possibility of compromise with the blacks.

The Chernobyl and Challenger disasters were sensational, not just for reasons of horror, but because of their self-evident repercussions on technology, domestic politics and foreign

The Chernobyl reactor explosion, the worst nuclear accident ever, spreading radiation in a wide swathe around Europe, grounds: it cast new doubt on claims by nuclear power lobbywhich (after a delay of a week) a deal?

haired young man
be passed with flying colours; On the other hand, I do not
its implications are bound to imagine the two men were playpretty busy year.

number yet to come from Cher-nobyl, yet its implications are in some ways rather similar. Space travel is not, after all, a risk-free routine; the shuttle turns out to be what it looks like — a Heath Robinson contraption; Nasa was desperately under-managed; Europe, Japan and China now have great opportunities to grab a bigger share of the space business; and if it is true that the shuttle barely escaped a similar accident on several previous occasions, how on earth can we give any cre-dence to Ronald Reagan's Star Wars scheme? The Reykjavik summit re-

mains a puzzling vortex of ambiguity. Ostensibly, the two leaders discussed and nearly agreed either the elimination of all ballistic nuclear missiles, or agreement over Star Wars.

two superpowers would not in practice sign such an agreement. The Russians would not leave a monopoly of nuclear weapons in the hands of three

ing an empty game. So my hunch is that the talk of total nuclear disarmament was a metaphorical negotiation to exmetaphorical negotiation to explore the possibility of a radical transformation of superpower relations, starting with
an effective remandation of the
nuclear threat. The summit
reached an impasse; but if
radical politics was the purpose
behind the Gorbachev behind the Gorbachev manoeuvre, we should not assume that he will drop the idea just because he was turned down once by Ronald Reagan.

Reagan.

By contrast, The Case of the Fifth Amendment is not in the least puzzing — just appalling. We always knew that President Reagan was a bit weak on policy, and a bit short on management; we always knew that his administration was the least co-ordinated, the least disciplined Washington had seen for years; we always knew that it contained some rightwing loonies who passionately believe that the Contras are good guys; we always knew the CIA was addicted to dirty tricks. It turns out that the situation is much worse than we situation is much worse than we

President Reagan's presidency President Reagan's presidency must now be terminally weakened, because there will be no rapid end to the inquisitions: it even begins to look as though the space shuttle will fly again before the Senate gets through investigating every nook and cranny of President Reagan's foreign policies, every aspect of his Administration's procedures, every delinquency of his underlings. But since the problem is Ronald since the problem is Ronald Reagan, it is insoluble.

We can approve those would-be friends of America and the Atlantic Alliance who call for an early return to normal, because a weakened American presidency is not in the interests of the West, and if the inquisition goes on too long, it may tempt him into alarming populist adventures; we can approve, but we know they are whistling in the dark.

I've taken a bit of a fiver by including last month's decision of the European farm ministers to cut into milk and beef production. Reform of the farm policy has been talked of since 1968, but in the past whatever the farm ministers have done has had zero effect on the surpluses; surprise, surprise! This time may be different, because the balance of opinion has at last turned against the farmers, because the Com-munity's financial erisis is far worse than it has ever been. because the US is making threatening noises, and because the French are now net contrihntors to the budget. Well, anyway, let's keep our fingers

Aids is not a totally new year when governments, prudes and the happily married suddenly woke up to the fact that this disease risks becoming an the elimination of all nuclear enguining disaster. Mr James weapons; ostensibly, this near Anderton, Chief Constable of agreement was blocked by dis-Manchester, seems to blame it reement over Star Wars. on the degeneracy of our Yet any fool knows that the society; which is, unfortunately, so superpowers would not in the kind of opinion you would

expect from a policeman.

Well, that's the list of winners. When you remember that I've left out the ostracisms claims by nuclear power lobbyists everywhere that their industry could be inherently safe;
and China). What about the
it threw a harsh light on the
design, the engineering or the
operation of the Soviet nuclear
power industry; it posed an awesome test for Mr Gorbachev's
new policy of openness, a test
new policy of openness, a test
a deal?

weapons in the hands of three
that I've left out the ostracisms
of Ferdinand Marcos and Baby
Doc Duvaller, the release of
Anatoly Shcharansky, the US
Samora Machel and the senseless murder of Olaf Palme, not
to mention the wedding of
Sarah Ferguson and that darkhaired young man, then I think haired young man, then I think
On the other hand, I do not you will agree that 1986 was a

A Secret Community Commu

では、1911年の1

Under starter's orders

Australia's inveterate gamblers may soon be able to combine punts at the racecourses with those at the stock exchange Plans are being made to float a well-known thoroughbred training operation headed by ToJo (Tommy) Smith, and there

is talk of a second.

The ideas come hard on the heels of another unusual proposal — to set up a market for the trading of interests in thoroughbred stallions. The plan for the Australasian Blood-stock Exchange, as it will be known, is thought to be a world-first for Australia, and is said to have attracted considerable interest.

Certainly, it is a sign of how far the Australian thoroughred industry has come in recent years, thanks many would say, to the drive of men such as Robert Sangster. Other well-known entrepreneurs such as Alan Bond and Robert Holmes a Court are also deeply in-volved in the highly lucrative racing and bloodstock busi-

Smith, 67, is one of the most successful trainers in the country. Since news of his plan



immediately to jail "

Men and Matters

broke, there have been suggestions that one of his great turf he had developed theoretically rivals, Bart Cummings, may be as a research student. The come involved in a separate flotation. Merchant bankers, accoun-

tants and brokers are now con-ducting the necessary feasibility studies in preparation for the underwriting of the Smith float. Official approval is still needed, but his backers hope the new company will come to market next month.

Flow charts

British universities are routinely chastised for refusing to soil their hands with the unpleasant realities of the industrial world. But the Government's award programme aimed at increasing the technology flow between the academic world and industry has this year equally under-scored the reluctance of UK companies to become involved with academics.

The £20,000 Industry Year award for technology transfer has gone to a Manchester University unit whose fainding has come largely from his over-

has come largely from big over-seas-based multinationals seas-based multinationals —
Exxon, Dow and Dupont of the
US, BASF and Bayer of West
Germany and Ek of France.
"There are some UK companies which could have usefully joined the scheme, but I had a great deal of difficulty in recruiting in this country," says Professor Bodo Linnboff, head of the Centre for Process Integration at Manchester.

as a research student. The technique, he claims, saves companies up to 25 per cent of companies up to 25 per cent of their investment in new plant and 50 per cent in operating costs. But the longer he worked at ICI, says Linnhoff, the more he realised the development would become the property of the company alone. "It was obvious that the technique was significant beyond the bound."

Britain's manufacture. significant beyond the boundaries of one company, and I wanted to continue research and be free to publish the results," he says. It was also something of an accident Linnhoff was qualified to apply for the award. West German by birth, he worked on aircraft design at home and in Switzerland before coming to the UK in the midnone and substitute the system. It is the highest number in any one year since 1972. The 1970s to do research at Leeds University. He has remained, he says, because he likes the "absence of red tape in Britain."

Sir Edwin Nixon, chairman of IBM UK, is an outspoken proponent of the view that it would be a disaster for the UK to abandon its manufacturing base and hope that service industries could compensate for the loss. Given this attitude, his decision to account a next as arctimeter.

Nixon's base

to accept a post as part-time chairman of a modestly-sized Southampton-based company, Lloyd Instruments, is not as odd as it looks at first sight: of the Centre for Process Integration at Manchester.

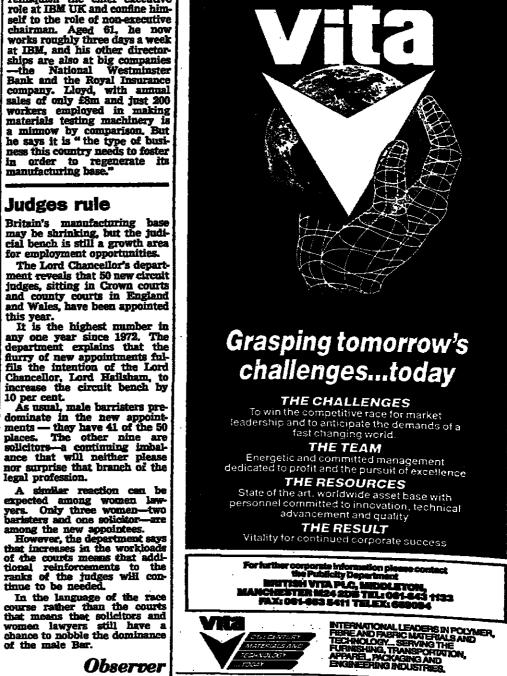
Linnhoff's group won the award for developing a scheme which, he claims, allows the academics in the programme to keep control over their research, while transferring the results more swiftly to industry than would normally be the case.

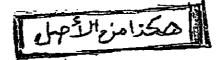
He set up the centre after a spell at ICI applying new odd as it looks at first sight: small Lloyd may be, but it is supports, such as designing sophisticated high-technology products, exporting them vigor-outly—70 per cent of its sales are overseas—and growing steadily by ploughing back money into research.

The Lloyd appointment follows Nixon's decision at the beginning of this year to

any one year since 1972. The department explains that the flurry of new appointments ful-fils the intention of the Lord Chancellor, Lord Hailsham, to increase the circuit bench by 10 per cent. As usual, male barristers predominate in the new appointments — they have 41 of the 50 places. The other nine are solicitors—a continuing imbalance that will neither please nor surprise that branch of the A similar reaction can be expected among women law-yers. Only three women—two baristers and one solicitor—are among the new appointees. However, the department says that increases in the workloads of the courts means that addi-tional reinforcements to the ranks of the judges will con-tinue to be needed. In the language of the race course rather than the courts

Observer





A few ecus more . . .

LADIES AND gentlemen.

Auonday December

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come pajota had in the European Parliament at the beginning of my third year in office, having just had the honour of being confirmed. for another two years. Thank you for your kind words of congratulation, although I could have done without them last month in front of Mrs Thatcher. when all you offered her were brickbats, Our relations are difficult enough without your

As it is, I fear I need more commiseration and sympathy. difficult year for the European Community. I fear it will be a year when the chickens, to use an appropriately agricultural metaphor, come home to roost. Searing that in mind, I believe the time has come to spell out a few home-truths to all the institutions involved in building this Community, and abour all to the member states

and their governments.

First, we have all got to learn to live with the Single Act. That is not, as some of the wits among you appear to believe, a new cure for Aids but it should improve your political health. It is the rather messy and cum-bersome compromise package of reforms of the Treaty of Rome. designed to make decision-making speedier, by having more majority voting; and more democratic, by giving a bigger role to yourselves in the European Parliament.

With the new rules providing interests of the Reinquisition goes at
may tempt him av
approve but we ha
wheating in the mi
Tra taken a for a second reading in the Parliament, the system could end up more cumbersome rather than less: that is your responsibility to resist the temptation to insert frivolous amendments, and sort out your own intermin-

and sort out your own interminable party-political point-crossing. It will not help if each institution defends its powers too lealously.

For my part, I confess to having got rather carried away with the awful subject of "comittody"—the committee system which rups so much af system which runs so much of day-to-day life in the Comwhat it icolds
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This time may be
because the blanch
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worse than it has because the US it munity—in order to try to speed up decisions in the whole proposals and Council decisions. For my New Year's resolution. I promise to be less fanatical about a subject which no ordinary person can possibly under-

Second, I must turn to the budget. We cannot swold it.
Any progress with new policies.
new hopes of integration and
increased co-operation, depends

upon it.

As I told the heads of government in Downing Street last month, we have all been

purting off the avil day when the consequences of spending beyond our limited resources would catch up with us. This year I am convinced it will

I must be honest. I want more money for the Community budget, and I want it in a way that means I do not have to keep running back to the national capitals to ask for a few Ecus more. But I know

few Ecus more, But I know that if I am going to get anything like a reasonable long-term deal from the major contributors — which means West Germany, Britain and France—I will have to prove I can manage the cash wisely. At the other end of the spectrum, I have to persuade the Mediterranean countries like Italy, Graces and Spain that the Community means more than just a common market; they are all clamouring for more money to be spent on social and regional policies. Mr Papandreou puts a price on Mr Papandreou puts a price on practically anything he is asked to do, as you know.

am putting forward a pack-age of ideas designed to prevent any member state being driven into a corner too quickly. But those heads of government are all so bol-lempered, they do not exactly help. It includes reform of agriculture, a shake-up of social and regional spending so that the money goes where it is needed, and a bid for more money in the long

We have made a start on agriculture. I must admit I am not too gure we are going about in the right way. I think the to a dirigiste French tradition, whole policy should be biased and a majority of my Commismuch more in favour of the sion are for losses-faire poliment for fend for themselves. I the competition rules. So I am do not think anyone can be sure always at loggerheads with that rutting milk quotas, and Peter Sutherland, the Commissioner for competition, which that cutting milk quotes, and cutting a few Ecus from intercuting a few Ecus from intersioner for competition, which
wention prices, will balance does not look very good to the
supply and demand. Improvements in productivity are overone confused about where we

cooking the books for years, taking us before we have even

mored.
Then I am under enormous pressure from France, and no Commissioner, not even the President, can ignore his own resident, ten quote me our home state. We can't simply stash farm spending regardless of the social consequences, as the British sometimes seem inclined to do.

This terrible triumvirate -Britain, Germany and France,
is ganging up together more and more. They won't let my research programmes through without decimating the cash content. They block perfectly good proposals to get more student exchanges and univer-sity links across frontiers for

want of a few million ecus.
They have got to realise that
the budget is not the be-all and
end-all of Community life. If
they want their common market,
and more political co-operation
from the EEC in the UN and
other places they are seeded to other places, they are going to have to pay something for it. I have invented some Euro-jargon for that; I call it cohesion.

I know what I want to do this year. I want to get on with developing the European Monetary System and liberalising capital movements. To do that I need to persuade Mrs. Thatcher to bring sterling into the exchange rate mechanism. the exchange rate mechanism: I know she won't do it before a general election, and the other problem is we are barely on speaking terms since we clashed here in Strasbourg last

tious quality. Increased take home pay just might stimulate greater appetite over the long run. It could focus attention

on better results for "our firm," instead of diverting time and

effort into industrial disputes or into that comfort geared

who feel trusted. A virtuous circle builds confidence and

success—pay is one of the in-gredients in success.

Worst of all is our persistent secrecy. It destroys confidence,

builds suspicion. The very fact

that any one wants to suppress

these findings is a crime. It shows that Ministers and Civil

Servants still have not under-stood that elitism of this kind undermines the chance of build-

ing the team-will on which American and Japanese drive and success are based. Why do we always have to trip our-

6, Cumberland Road, SW13.

From Professor J. Ashworth

Sir.—It is instructive to put David Fishlock's excellent article (December 18) on research and development in

we have had a long and invalu-able association. The reasons for our dismay is reflected in

Bros as one of the few manu-facturing companies in the north

supplying those markets with

BTR's bid for

Fred Tuckman.

Pilkington



From Michael Coveney to Sir Peter Hall, National Theatre director, and

from Quentin Peel, who drafts a speech for Jacques Delors, president

of the European Commission

are going. I will try harder.

We must maintain our common front on external relations, taking a tough attitude on trade with both the US and Japan. American protectionism is a real threat which must be countered with retaliation every

The coming year is going to be very difficult for taking the necessary long-range decisions because so many member states have national elections. Let us hope Bonn will be more cooperative once its poll is out of the way this month. Then there are going to be others in Italy and Britain, not to mention Ireland, and culmination in the Execution of the Present Presidential ing in the French presidential election in 1988.

The danger is that no-one will be prepared to take decisions until all those votes are out of the way. If they don't, we will be even more bankrupt than we are already, there will be no new policies to beef up this Community of ours, and my Commission will be in danger of being a lame duck for the rest of its term of office.

Dear Peter. OST of your plans for 1987 are already formed, some of them announced, but why should announced, but why should that minor detail deter a critic from teiling you what you should be doing and where you are going wrong? Your contract expires on December 31, 1988 and over the next two years you will want to see your successor safely installed and your-

self retiring in a blaze of glory. You will then be 58, time still, as you have said, for one more big administrative job.

This has not been one of the National's best years. The Ian McKellen and Edward Pether-bridge company was disbanded in May after visiting Chicago, the audience figures dipped in the summer and there was that malicious campaign against both you and Trevor Nunn of the Royal Shakespeare Company over private fortunes allegedly amassed in the exercise of public duty.

The vaguely autonomous com-pany system you initiated with-in the NT structure was a prag-matic solution to the problem of meeting the demands of the building, but the rapid turn-over of productions and person-nel militates against any over-all perception of a National Theatre identity.

The place, let's face it, is a cultural hypermarket, more concerned than a National Theatre should be with balancing the repertoire and putting bums on seats. You have always accepted these pressures as part of the job, and when a project like your own Oresteia, or Bill Bryden's Mystery Play produc-tions, or Pranda, really takes of, the satisfaction must be enormous. But this year we have seen Neil Simon's Brighton

Sacrificial rights.



beach Memors unwisely dis-located from its Brooklyn Jewish environment, a Threepenny Opera of anodyne, featureless extravagance, an indifferent Tom Stoppard adaptation of Molnar's Leibelei and your own production of a tame two-hander The Petition.

I list four shows I happened not to like and I concede that you could easily defend them individually as indicating a responsibility to cater for all tastes. Neil Simon, Brecht and Molnar, certainly, should be represented by a National Theatre, although Howard Brenton might dispute the inclusion of two of them and remind you of his view that there is simply no conti-nuum between Alan Ayckbourn and Trevor Griffiths.

This problem of doing work out of a sense of responsibility rather than passionate belief must be weighed against one of the NTs declared functions of showing the best of all world drams. Kenneth Tynan, when he was Olivier's literary manager in the 1960s, prepared a list of 400 plays that any National Theatre should consider producing. I dare say you have something similar, but this year the repertoire strikes me as having been compiled a

I am glad the new group under Di Trevis's direction will Daniels in the Cottesloe this kick off with a splendid un-known Moliere. School For The International season Wipes: that Michael Gambon

will play Arthur Miller's Eddie Carbone in the Cottesloe; that Jonathan Lynn's group will per-sist in dusting down old Broadway comedy with a revival of Three Men On A Horse by George Abbot and John Cecil Holm; and that yet another new group under Michael Rudman will present a new version of Firendelle's Sin Chereston. of Pirandello's Six Characters In Search Of An Author.

But there are too few acts of enlightened, dangerous excava-tion. You brought a fine poet, Geoffrey Hill, into the theatre to work on Ibsen's Brand. But the choice among both Ibsen and Shaw is always safe. You should be thinking in terms of The Pretenders and Pillars Of Society. Alan Ayckbourn's superb re-

vival of Tons of Money, the first Aldwych farce, was a fine example of matching personal obsession with public duty. There is no reason why such an enterprise should not be declared part of a will to investigate British farce and comedy in more depth:

A National Theatre should be

more openly engaged in popu-lar past and present; you are sadly out of touch with all fringe, dance and political theatre since Hare and Brenton, themselves now middle-aged men. Your attempt to come up to date with Sarah

which opens next year with

Jason Robards in The Iceman Cometh is a welcome innova-tion and although you say per-sistently there has never been enough money to bring foreign and regional shows onto the South Bank, as well as to tour your own productions around the country as much as you would like, it is imperative that the NT finds a way to break its metropolitanism and cultural жепориобія.

Terry Hands once explained the lack of foreign guest direc-tors at the RSC by saying their fees would be exorbitant. Now that Peter Stein. Andrei Serban and various other distinguished European directors have worked for peanuts with our Welsh and Scottish Opera Companies, that canard is lame. It is all very well importing Bergman's Miss Jule or Stein's The Hoiry Apc; but how about mixing your own actors with such visiting maestri, as Olivier and Tynan used to do at the Old Vic? The Lyric Hammersmith's The House of Barnarda Alba directed by Nuria Espert and designated by Giorgio Strehler's design team in Milan was a reminder this year of what can

be done.
Finally, in defending yourself against the Sunday news-paper allegations last summer and in lucidly outlining the basically healthy mixed economy system that operates between the commercial and subsidised sectors, you deli-vered yourself of a striking. slightly alarming statement: "In these monetarist days, the idea of happily working for glory only, for prestige only, is gone for ever."

Is it really? So much the worse for the theatre. No one worse for the theatre. No one should work for negligible financial rewards, though many, especially in the theatre, do. It worries me slightly that your chosen successor, Richard Eyre (an appointment to be ratified by the board) has a television by the board), has a television and film career to juggle alongside the enormous demands made on anyone running any

theatre, let alone the National. We need a period of absolute unsullied commitment to the subsidised monoliths by those who run them. Great theatres ficial activity of those who work in them, One small point: although

your theatre programmes are more legible and more interestnearly good enough, nor are they worth 70p. Again, the National at the Old Vic sets the standard. Apart from that, and the price of drinks at the space in the Lyttelton foyer, no more complaints. For now.

Insider dealing

From Projessor D. Myddelton Sir, — Your editorial on insider dealing (December 20) concluded that "the overriding honest investors get a fair deal."
But how are honest investors harmed by insiders?

Samora Machel and property. Does less murder of Okilia with a party such a Samora Machel and property of the samora I recently sold some shares in chloride; but if a bidder had appeared next day I could not have "blamed" anybody else for my ignorance. If an "insider" (who knew about the coming bid) had been buying on the same day on which I was selling, there would still have been no cause for complaint. Indeed, I might have got a slightly higher price for my shares as a result!

Well-informed speculation is normally regarded as a good thing. It speeds up the absorption of relevant information into the market price, and thus helps improve the usefulness of price signals. If speculators on balance make profits, they help to drive market prices sooner to unive market prices sooner towards levels they would other-wise have taken longer to reach. Surely that is desirable, and should increase everyone's conidence in the reliability of mar-

ket prices.
(Professor) D. R. Myddelfon.
Cranfield School of Management,
Cranfield, Beds.

The Portuguese economy

From Mr R. Dias,

Sir, — With reference to letter under "Problems involved in the Portuguese economy" (December 16), permit me to recall, that after the 25th April 1974 revolution, Portugal was faced with untold difficulties in addition to these caused. addition to those caused in absorbing within three months over 850,000 returnees, from the former Portuguese territories in Africa—an Increase of almost 10 per cent of its entire population. The reserves from the Portuguese coffers were almost depleted and the Portuguese economy was in shambles. The constant change in governments further deteriorated the economic simation in Portugal.

Within this context the fact the economy has stabilised this year, the interest rates are the inflation is down to 12 per cent is a reason to be optimistic." As it indicates that Portugal finally appears to be on the right track to get its economy in order. It is laudable to encourage Portugal with constructive appraisals such as that of November 17, so that the momentum be maintained in doing away expeditiously, with legislation that deters the rapid development of its agriculture

Letters to the Editor

The definition of "muddling through" given by your correspondent M Anne Pitcher is indeed thought-provoking. The definition may reflect the true situation which definitely is not to be "admired". However, the truth is that this little country. that discovered two-thirds of the inhabited globe, does need greater assistance from the EEC and in this regard your correspondent appears to have made a good case on behalf of Portugal and strengthened it by adding that the Portuguese are "smart".

Roque Felix Dias, The Cottage,

Nr Sevenocks, Kent.

Effective

work From Mr P. Tuckman MEP

Sir.—On December 16 you carried this answer "Tax cuts do not spur employees to work harder" to the wrong question. We aim at effective work; it need not be harder. Extra money to spend stimulates the desire for more, making people more willing to take the risk, to be adventurous, to excel.

what happens in industry springs from what a few managers and engineers decide long before the bulk of employees are involved. High returns and high morale imply going for a product which is one better than you now think ressonable or fessible. High morale and efficiency cause management to incur the extra risk, incorporate the more advanced feature, the better design for maintenance and design for maintenance and

All too many British firms have a non-British machine park. Why? Because the competitors' product incorporates features and competences not designed into our own machines. We lack the appetite, the will and the discipline to excel.

Our work force could again be among the best, but we don't train enough, and we have a reduced pace of work on the job. In fact many a youngster is pulled up sharp by his workmates and supervisors, early in his first week at work for going too fast; he is showing up the group, Germans work shorter hours, but produce more at better and more ambiwhich implies considerable investment in long term projects Such commitment is all too rare in Britain and I hope that David Fishlock's report of the Government's belated recognition of this together with the related desire to do something about it may alter the corporate of those of us in the service industries who stand ready to help. (Professor) J. M. Ashworth.

The University, Salford, Manchester.

and develòpment; a commitment

Mortgages and pensions

or into that comfort geared pace and the inadequately imaginative plan.

Above all we must communicate better both within each firm and nationally. Ours can be a high standard of living—for the asking. But that requires committed people. People who are trusted and who feel rejected. A virtuous rom Mr C. Thompson Sir.—I believe that Mr H. Wynne-Griffith (December 17) misses the point of the pension mortgage.

If a house buyer borrows money he must pay interest (net of basic rate tax) to the lender. In a perfect world, the repayment of the capital would not be required until his death, but lenders are impatient people, and expect repayment of the mortgage after 25 years, or at

The borrower is then faced with the choice of repaying the capital over the term of the mortgage; from the proceeds of an endowment policy; or using the cash sum from his pension scheme (or retirement annuity policy): it is accepted that the most tax efficient way of providing for this repayment is from the pension cash sum.

If the borrower is already making maximum contributions for pension, that may be suffi-cient to meet the capital re-payment: otherwise he has the payment of capital mortgage.

Most borrowers are not making maximum contributions, and existing pension arrange-ments are not sufficient to meet this repayment of capital at re-tirement. It must then be in the interests of the borrower (be he a member of a pension scheme or self-employed) to repay the capital by making additional voluntary contributions to his pension scheme, or his retirement annuity policy.

research and development in Britzin alongside the reports elsewhere in your paper of the strepuous attempts by Pilking-ton Bros to fight off a takeover bid by a company whose senior executives are on record as denigrators of research and development. Under the new legislation, We view with alarm the pos-sible disappearance in all but name of a company with which pension mortgages are to be made available to all home buyers from April 1988. If the tax rules subsequently change, the borrower will have the option of changing to an enour identification of Pilkington dowment or a repayment of capital mortgage, in the knowledge that he has already had full tax relief on his contribu-tions to date, and that the conwest region which has undis-puted world leadership in its markets. We recognise that tributions invested in the fund this position has been attained because the attention of the company has been directed to and interest, free of any tax, up to retirement, C. C. Thompson.

will continue to earn dividends

innovative products and pro-cesses resulting from a com-8 Osbaldeston Gardens, mitment to continuous research | Newcastle-upon-Tyne

New Issue

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



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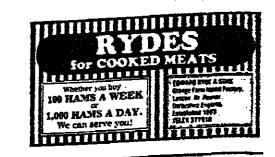
Takugin International (Asia) Limited

December 1986

sping tomorrows allenges...today THE CHALLENGES
the competitive race for fine

FINANCIAL TIMES

Monday December 29 1986



Roderick Oram on Wall Street

An above average performance

ANY PUNDIT predicting the Wilshire will hit 2,600 by year-end runs the danger of losing his audience for using an obscure measure. Sug-gesting, however, that the Dow will top 2,000, as many did when it set a record last month, would mean something even to millions of people who own no shares.

By virtue of its seniority, familiarity and relative accuracy, the Dow Jones industrial average is the main measure of stock markets for countless investors despite its shortcomings. The worst are its narrow focus on manufacturing industry, a distinct rust bowl streak from businesses past their prime and a rather suspect statistical

Thus the Dow industrial, comprising 30 shares of the New York Stock Exchange, has risen 25 per cent this year while the exchange's 1,540 stock composite index has

The divergence is even greater from other markets. The American Stock Exchange all-share index is up only 7.5 per cent this year and the Over-the-Counter composite index has risen 8 per cent. The Wilshire index of 5,000 shares in all three markets has advanced 15 per

The Dow industrial's critics can be scathing. "The Dow is a polyglot fallen angels. It's very deceptive." says Mr Raymond DeVoe, market strategist for Legg, Mason, a leading regional brokerage firm.

Although the 30 stocks account for about a quarter of the market's capitalisation of the NYSE and a fifth of all US stock markets, the av-

erage is faulted on several scores. It is growing increasingly unreentative. Infrequent changes have left it skewed to old, heavy and cyclical industries. A number of the constituents are no longer widely held by professional investors.

Only six companies have joined the list since 1959 to replace those de-listed or no longer suitable: McDonald's, Philip Morris, American Express, Merck, 3M and IBM which was not re-included until 1979. It had been dropped in 1939.

Unweighted by market capitalisation, the largest stock, IBM at average as the smallest, Bethlehem

Originally, the average was calculated by adding up the 30 share prices and dividing by 30. But to maintain continuity, the divisor has been frequently adjusted to compensate for stock splits and other

Currently, the divisor has dwindled to 0.889 thus magnifying price movements. If all 30 stocks rise \$1 on a day, the Dow rises 33.7 points When Owens-Illinois announced a management buy-out recently, the \$3bn glassmaker alone pushed up the Dow about seven points. In periods of busy takeover or restructuring activities, a handful of stocks can account for, say, a 150-point

liable analytical tool. "The market peaked in April but the Dow set a record in November," says Mr De-Yoe. On the downside, "most of the damage is done by the time the Dow gives the sell signal." The Standard and Poor's index of 500 stocks or the NYSE composite are better guides but accuracy comes with using a wide range of indices, each capturing the trend in particular industries or markets.

A prime virtue beyond its high public recognition is its historical value. Today's figure can be compared directly with those dating back to October 1 1928 when it took on its present form. Its precursors evolved from an 11-stock index heavy on railways compiled by Mr average and its sister transportation utilities and stock composite indices remain the property of Dow Jones, publisher of the Wall Street

The industrial average "has its faults but it's well known; we're comfortable with it," says Mr Charles Stabler, an assistant managing editor of the Journal.

As the official "keeper of the Dow indices" he is charged with making periodic changes in consultation with his Journal colleagues. They seek no outside advice. Changes are small and infrequent to maintain the continuity of the industrial av-

Many Dow watchers argue, though, the Journal editors should accelerate and broaden their very gradual evolution of the index to make it more representative of American manufacturing and service industries and investment pat-

Meanwhile, Dow Jones points out in its pocket guide to its indices the tendency of averages to obscure diversity. "Statisticians caution against trying to walk across a lake with an average depth of 3ft." with an average depth of 3ft."

ORDER BOOKS TOP \$35BN AS FLEETS NEED REPLACING

Record year for jet airliner sales

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON

THE WORLD'S jet airliner manufacturers had a record year during 1986, with firm orders for new jets of all types worth over \$35.5bn. This compares with orders for 688 new jets in 1985, worth over \$23bn.

A major new development to wards the end of the year was the emergence of the McDonnell Douglas MD-11 trijet replacement for the ageing DC-10 long-range airliner, which quickly picked up orders for 32 aircraft worth some \$3.6bn. As a result, McDonnell Douglas is

expected to commit the MD-11 to full-scale development and produc-

The company's board is due to meet in St. Louis today.

The MD-11 decision is likely to spur Airbus Industrie to launch its rival A-340 long-range jet airliner, a project currently under consideration by the governments of the Airbus partner countries - the UK, France, West Germany and Spain -

previous record in 1979, when 751 short-to-medium and very long new jetliners were ordered. There- range categories. fter, the annual inflow of orders ordered, worth at then-current val-

The 1986 orders have also been jumbo jet in the long-range categoaccompanied by a substantial num-ber of options which have still to be converted into firm contracts. If firm orders for 1,746 aircraft, which these materialise, as the makers addition to the world's jet fleet for ing 727, now out of production. 1986 could eventually account for over 1,000 new aircraft.

THE UK general election is likely

to be held in the spring, and the out-come will be a coalition govern-

ment, Dr David Owen, the leader of

COMMERCIAL JET AIRLINER ORDERS, 1986						traffic will continue to grow over the next few years, at an average
•	On	ders (1985 brackets)	ia	Approx value (in \$m)	orders	annual rate of around 5 to 7 per cent. Figures for world air traffic in 1986 due to be published shortly,
Airbus industrio	A-300 A-310 A-320	7 17 148	(21) (29) (39)	455 1,020 4,800	282 129 236	are expected to show that the 1985 total of 891m scheduled air travellers worldwide has risen over the
Boeing (US)	737 747 757 767	216 83 13 23	(282) (42) (45) (21)	19,300	1,746 765 195 211	past 12 months by about 6 per cent to about 950m, with further growth forecast for the next few years. The world's jet airliner manufac-
British Aerospace	146	14	(30)	260	79	turers all agree that the future for new jet orders is bright. Boeing, for
Pokker (Netherlands)	F-28 F-100	2 50	(21) (30)	20 1,000	241 88	example estimates that up to the year 2,000, the total Western world market for new jet airliners of all
McDonnell Douglas (US)	MD-80 DC-10 MD-11	191 5 32	(125) (3) ()	4,775 300 3,600	516 442 32	kinds will amount to some 5,300 air- craft.
Totals		799	(688)	35,530	4,962	Allowing for the retirement of some 2,900 ageing jets, there will be

"In each case, substantial options, letters of intent or conditional commitments exist, involving

UK election 'likely to produce coalition'

and a decision is likely some time lines are now replacing ageing fleets which have been in service before the spring.

The 1986 orders total beats the for nearly 20 years, especially in the

This accounts for the large numdeclined rapidly as recession began ber of orders for the Boeing 737 to bite into the world air transport twin-engined jet airliner, now the industry, reaching a low point in world's best-selling jet, and for the 1983 when only 232 new jets were McDonnell Douglas MD-80 series, both in the short-to-medium range category, and for the Boeing 747

brings it close to the record 1,831 are confident they will, the overall firm sales of the three-engined Boe-

Boeing is confident that the 737 will overtake the 727 in the next The most significant reason for year or so, and believes that eventu-the rise in orders is that many air- ally well over 2,000 737s of all types dence in the industry that world air

Allowing for the retirement of some 2,900 againg jets, there will be a net increase in the world jet fleet. of some 2,400 aircraft, to an overall total of over 9,000 by the end of the

Boeing estimates that this mar-

ket will be worth at least \$246bn (in constant 1986 dollars), of which some \$172bn, will be for aircraft to meet traffic growth, and 574bn, to meet fleet replacements.

The 1986 sales pattern was marked by several significant trends, which can be expected to continue during 1987.

One was the emergence of les sing as the dominant way of acquiring new jets. Although aircraft lea-sing is not new, it has swiftly gathered pace as financially hard hit airlines have discovered that they can still re-equip their fleets by leasing rather than borrowing for direct purchase. rise in orders is the growing confi-

European jet faces further delay,

January 31 when the Alliance un-

This will be followed on February

8-8 by the Labour Party's local gov-ernment conference in Leeds,

where there will be major speeches

THE LEX COLUMN

Fasten your seatbelts

Flans, hydraulics, engines . . . in-stitutional slide-show. Ready, and cleared for takeoff. There is none the less plenty of room for doubt as Airways merits, what it can actually be sold for in early February (which is a different thing), and who is supposed to buy the shares. The process of settling these questions, as of finalising the longest-delayed prospectus in the history of privatisation, has doubtless blighted many a Christmas at Heathrow and in the City of London.

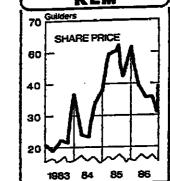
If it had not been for all those tiresome wrangles (and class actions) over the bankruptcy of Laker Airways, and prolonged doubt over the renegotiation of the Bermuda agreement which governs BA's transatiantic business, it is prob-able that the airline would have been floated long-since and conceivably at a larger capitalisation than the Government can hope to achieve in 1987.

Pricing

It is the levelling out of BA's flight path (productivity improve-ments are admitted to be slowing down) which presents the greater obstacle to a premium price. The Libya dip was, after all, partly offset by an unrepeatable drop in fuel prices. Had BA been a quoted company since the start of 1985, it would probably have had the same sort of share price performance as, say, KLM: a strong run in the shares as traffic volumes rose, and dividends were paid for the first time in years, followed by a sharp fall as the tourist trade evaporated. If BA is competitive with such as KLM and Lufthansa in the airline market place, it must expect to share their volatile stock-market fortunes. Although part of the pricing will be determined by such peculiar British factors as having to

that offered on British Gas - something like 6% per cent being the likely attitude - after the sale BA will be as much a substitute for other international airlines as for other offerings from the British Govern-

earnings basis, at a discount from tive shareholders therefore have to



some p/e ratios which – adjusting for different accounting practices are well down into single figures. Indeed one sales proposition is that when the over-depreciation of aircraft and profits from the sale of aircraft are taken of the profit and loss, the other European airlines are cheaper than they need be. Even Lufthansa, on an historic reported multiple of almost 30, is currently worth no more than some 6% times adjusted 1986 earnings. KLM, the least costly European carrier, is selling on a multiple of seven.

Had the flotation gone through when there were still a couple of years of recovery and restructuring profits to come - as planned in 1984 or 1985 - there would have been a much more exciting package to sell. Recovery is not the best quality of growth, but a steeply rising trend of earnings is still the best pitch known to equity salesmen. As things have panned out, BA is being sold during a year when earnings would perhaps have levelled out if left to themselves, but when Libya and Chernobyl crucially messed up the summer tourist season across pitch the yield attractively against the Atlantic route, where BA makes about two-fifth of its profits.

This makes the sale a much more challenging affair, since not even the imaginative struggles to drag Americans back on to the Jumbos could hope to repair the damage done to BA's profits for the middle BA has thus to be offered, on an two quarters of 1986. What the puta-

accept is that BA's earning capacity is represented by the £20km profit that it made in 1985, rather than the £150m that seems likely this year, after pre-tax profits of only Eleim in the first half.

Competitive

If it were already in the market there is no reason why BA should be valued any differently. Since it runs out of protective tax losses this year, BA's earnings capacity must be of the order of £150m, so it might be cruising along on a capitalisation of around the film mark. To pull in the institutions, still the natural owners of such an inherently choppy earnings stream, a multiple of six is probably about as high as anyone dare fly; call it £900m and knock a bit off for safety, as airlines and government vendors are sup-posed to do.

It is consequently difficult to build anything into the selling price, but BA does seem to have some long-term competitive advantages, which should work increasingly in its favour through the next

At Heathrow it has the largest international hub in the world - by some margin - and holds the largest market share of Heathrow traffic. It also makes efficient use of this endowment. BA is good at dividing up the cabin among different markets: BA is said to be a world more ingenious at filling long-baul flights than a Swissair, which maintains a rigid three-class structure, with no discounting.

Through the old inheritance of an Imperial route structure, BA is second in size of network only to Air France. Yet the density of passessgers on the BA network is over twice as high as that of Air France. As route density is the key to bergaining leverage with the airports. BA stands well to win the coming battle for quality of service on the ground, and thus improve its score in the convenience rankings. Virtuous spirals can thus be seen.

stacking above Heathrow. But when all's said and done, the issue will fly or flop with the other privatisation stocks. British Gas, and Mrs Thatcher's standing in the polls, had better hold up well in the

the Social Democratic Party, predicted yesterday. campaigns in the next few weeks. "It looks as though an election is likely within three or four months," The liberals are confident of holdlikely within three or four months," ing the Truro constituency in Corn-he said in a new year message. A wall in the poll following the death sufficient number of SDP and Lib-last week of Mr David Penhaligon,

eral MPs would be elected to force one of the party's foremost stratethe Conservatives and Labour to gists and campaigners. Mr Penhalinegotiate on a programme. "We will ment in this country." In a radio interview yesterday, he

discounted suggestions that the Tories' 8 percentage point lead in the latest opinion poll meant that the Government was electorally invincible. "The Conservative Government has an extraordinary record of incompetence and insensitivity. Its attitude to unemployment of-fends the vast majority of people in

this country," he said.

His remarks came as the political easy to overhaul Labour, which the new opposition campaigns, the arties prepared for two by-elec- demonstrated its strength in Lon- first of which will be launched on parties prepared for two by-elections, and as the opposition parties put the finishing touches to the launch of their general election

gon had built his majority up from years in parliament. Labour will be less sure of holding on to the inner London seat of

Greenwich after the death on Christmas Eve of Mr Guy Barnett, who had a majority of only 1,211 over the Conservatives in the 1983 general election. However, neither the Conserva-

tives nor the Liberal-SDP Alliance which was 4,578 votes behind La-

don this year with successes in local government elections and victory in the by-election in marginal Fulham. The party leadership will be hoping that the local party members choose a candidate who cannot be portrayed as an extremist.

will be sold, making it the world's

most popular jet airliner. But 1986 was also the year of the

jumbo jet, and especially the new long-range 747-400. No fewer than

83 new jumbo jets of various ver-

sions were added to the order books

in the past year, worth an estimat-

ed \$10bn, and accounting for about

half of Boeing's total sales by value.

The European Airbus Industrie

consortium, with its new A-320 150-

seater jet airliner, also had a good

year. With new firm orders for 146 aircraft, total sales, including both

firm orders and options, for the A-

320 now amount to close to 400 air-

craft, well before the aircraft has

made its maiden flight, which is

The second main reason for the

now due in the coming spring.

The Conservative campaign by Mr Neil Kinnock, the party leadagainst alleged extremism in La- er, Mr Roy Hattersley, his deputy, bour-controlled local authorities Dr John Cunningham who, as has picked Greenwich as one of the 'shadow' Environment Secretary, is offenders, but its defence that it is the party's chief spokesman on spending money on necessary pub- cal government, and Mr David lic services may prove electorally Blunkett, the leader of Sheffield popular, rather than a liability.

er by-elections - traditionally that mittee. decision is taken by the party which holds the seat. They are expected to take place no sooner than mid-Feb election campaign, stressing its pol-ruary, when the updated electoral icies on public services, health and register comes into force, and no social services, privatisation and later than mid-March.

City Council and a leading figure on No date has yet been set for eith- the party's national executive com-The conference speeches will effectively launch Labour's general

jobs - all areas where it feels the

Japan to spend \$9bn of surplus on aid deals

Continued from Page 1

It says grant money could be used by countries to buy technical assistance for the formulation of projects that would then qualify for World Bank loans. Japanese offi-cials thus suggest that the grants would amount to an interest rate subsidy on the overall project.

The other main components in Japan's increased aid effort are new standby loans of SDR 3bn (\$3.6bn) for the International Monetary Fund for a period of four years and a subscription of \$2.6bn in new capital for the International Development Association (IDA).

The IMF needed additional finance because of the increasing call on its resources in the past year to help countries overcome their balance of payments problems.

The IDA, the World Bank's office for allocating grants to the poorest of the developing countries, set its so-called "eighth replenishment" of capital this year at \$12.4bn com-

While all this is impressive, it is Lord Spens, the managing direcunlikely to silence Japan's aid critics. Foreign governments are parti-tics. Foreign governments are parti-cularly irritated by the large pro-portion of Japanese aid spending that is tied, that is, the recipient is Grenfell, another merchant bank,

very strong, it means that the reci-pient countries are probably paying uncompetitive prices for aid-fi-ment in nanced goods.

This week, the Finance Ministry new Japan special fund and the aid programmes with international in-stitutions were completely untied.

Dispute erupts over Guinness share sale

BY HUGO DIXON IN LONDON

A DISPUTE between two merchant pared with 9bn three years ago. Ja-pan has agreed to increase its con-2.15m Guinness shares has added a tribution by 53 per cent from \$1.7bn further twist to the UK Department of Trade and Industry's (DTI) inves-Last April, Japan also committed an additional \$1.3bn to the Asian pany, which was launched earlier this month.

obliged to use it to buy only Japa- in April. However, Morgan Grennese goods and services.

This policy serves to increase Japan's already very high trade surplus and, at a time when the yen is that it owned the shares, said Lord

Morgan Grenfell refused to comment in detail on Lord Spen's version of the events, saying the matter was under investigation by the was at pains to point out that the DTL However, a spokesman said it would be disputing fiercely some of the points made by Lord Spens.

The sequence of events, according to Lord Spens, was that at the end of March, when the Distillers bid was reaching its climax, Mor-gan Grenfell asked Ansbacher to buy shares in Guinness, presumably as part of a ploy to boost its share price.

banks over which of them owns names have not been revealed, that they buy Guinness shares. He did not inform Mr Fenhalis.

When the Distillers bid was clinched just after the mid-day on April 18, these clients decided to sell their shareholdings. Morgan Grenfell then approached Ansbacher, said Lord Spens, and offered to pay for the shares. This was apparently because it wanted to dispose of other shares in Guinness and did not want to see the price fall. he

Morgan Grenfell paid £7.6m, or 355p per share, to Down Nominees, a subsidiary of Ansbacher which buys and sells shares on the behalf of other people. This was above the market price for April 18, when Guinness shares opened at 335p and closed at 315p. The dispute about who owned the

shares began when dividend payments worth £48,000 arrived at Down Nominees in August, according to Lord Spens. Down Nominees sent the money to Morgan Grenfell, but two weeks ago Morgan Grenfell sent it back saying there had been a mistake and it did not own the

Mr Fenhalls then decided to report the incident to the DTI, which had just begun its inquiry into Guinness, and both he and Lord the idea, but Mr Richard Fenhalls. Spens gave evidence under oath chairman of Ansbacher, was not in The dividend payment has since favour. So Lord Spens suggested to been sent back to Morgan Grenfell.

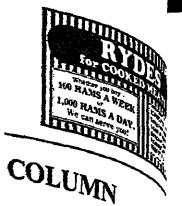
British Gas faces imports fight Continued from Page 1

One official said this would only British sector gas available to be be allowed "over his dead body," but developed until well into the next

others are less sure whether it century. They are particularly anxcould be prevented under present ious to develop as much gas as pos-regulations. regulations.

Meanwhile the larger oil compa
sible now that oil field develop
ments are looking less profitable. nies have started a lobbying cam-For British Gas, 1987 is likely to paign to prevent or restrict future be the year of decision about future imports. They say there is plenty of imports.

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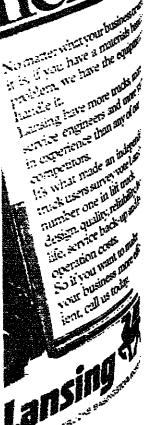
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SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Monday December 29 1986



INTERNATIONAL CREDITS

New instruments come of age

commercial paper (ECP) market, they were dispelled in 1988, writer Alexander Nicoli in London,

shows, newly signed programmes ther developed. This is in contrast more than quadrupled during the with the early days of the market, when banks were the main buyers from Euromoney Capital Markets. This was exactly double the amount of note facilities signed in 1988, which fell to \$28.8bn after nearly crebling to \$40bn in 1965.

The figures underline the maturi-ty of the market for short-term secrities, which has musticomed in the past three years.

instead of cautiously arranging note facilities with structures providing assurance that paper could always be issued, borrowers have feit increasingly confident that they could go directly to the investor without the insurance of a tender

panel or back-up credit.

Sweden, for example, moved away from reliance on the tender panel structure by allowing panel members to submit unsolicited bids directly to the barrower.

Other important staging posts have been reached. General Motors Acceptance Corporation, which issues some 10 per cent of outstandings in the \$300hn US commercial paper market opened an ECP programme which had grown to Sibn of outstandings within two months, helping to provide a core of corporate paper as well as giving a seal of approval that has attracted other CS corporate names.

Nobody knows the exact amount of ECP actually outstanding, mit to what they see as US-oriented though guesses put it between \$25bn and \$36bn. Bankers believe there is still scope for dramatic expansion. Rapid growth, however, has thrown up several key issues, the determination of which will

shape future development. The argument within the market is over placement and the related question of what "liquidity" means. Many of the market's beavyweights put emphasis on placement of paper with end-investors and do indeed appear to have located a growing core of ECP buyers which did not exist a year ago. Although hard

the growth potential of the Euro-managers and corporate treasurers. Many bankers argue that the market will not survive a period of rising interest rates unless this As the accompanying chart base of non-bank investors is fur-

and made easy money by taking advanishe of failing rates.

The conclusion of this argument is that ECP is a piecement rather than a professional trading market and that houses do not make twoway prices to other professionals prices to investor clients who may want to buy more paper or to get out of their position. In the lather case, houses would buy the paper and re-place it with other investors.

Borrowers also appear to view placement with end-investors as extremely important. The rapid growth in the number of ECP programmes had posed new tests for dealers who, having won dealerships from customers, then have to

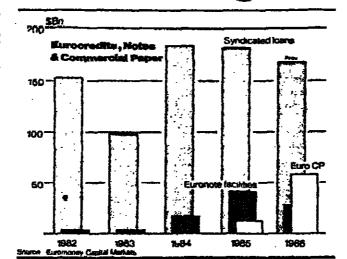
Dealers' performances are being scrutinised increasingly closely. Some borrowers have already shaken up their programmer, dropping dealers and adding new ones, and more are expected to do so next

The spread of the ECP investor base to corporate treasurers has added urgency to another debate: should borrowers open their books

to debt rating agencies?
There is considerable reluctance among European borrowers to subcredit assessment

The argument for ratings is not only that companies might cut their borrowing costs. It is also that corporate treasurers, as potential buyers, typically need to get permission at board level to invest. It is far simpler to get the nod to invest, for example, in all Al/Pl paper than in a long list of individual, unfamiliar foreign companies.

A related issue for borrowers is the yardstick by which they should set borrowing rates. London interbank rates are becoming far less convincing as a benchmark and information is scarce, buyers m- 1967 could see the fruition of efforts



to create a Euro-commercial paper index. US Treasury bill rates have already become the benchmark for much sovereign ECP.

While the ECP market has been growing apace, it is spawning a new market in Euro-medium-term notes - continuously offered like commer cial paper but for longer maturities - which is expected to see signifi-cant growth in 1987.

Meanwhile, new domestic commercial paper markels have been developing in Britain, the Nether-lands, France and Hong Kong. The launch of the UK market saw an ex traordinary outburst of public rela-tions pressure on potential issuers. Progress has been steady but slow, with outstandings estimated to be

about £600m (\$870m). One of the reasons for the growth of commercial paper has been the poor state of the floating-rate note market. Syndicated lending, which had been to some extent supplanted by floating-rate notes, also became competitive with them once again this year.

The Euromoney figures show that syndicated loans - including loan renegotiations but excluding sovereign debt reschedulings and associated new money loans - fell from \$181bn last year to about \$166bn in 1988, with a number of

from a peak of 1,656 two years ago. as, bowever, been some portant business, much of which has been quite lucrative for banks. A number of lesser-rated credits, giving decent yields to banks, have

turned to them for loans. Turkey has been an important borrower this year for the first time since it hit the doldrums before the LDC debt crisis.

At least two borrowers, Algeria and Greece, have accepted a move to higher interest rate margins forced by worsening economic performance, Eastern European borrowers, which came back in force in 1985, have also been important in 1986 but have shown an increasing desire to pare margins, provoking some resistance from banks.

Against this relatively profitable business, however, must be set the intense competition to win mandates, generally from European borrowers, which has seen fees and margins setting new lows.

The deal which aroused furious Renfe, the Spanish railways group, in which terms included a facility fee of just 2% basis points. One banker who declined to go into it remarked: "You struggle to do deals like these and then you lose money transactions dropping below 1,100 are prepared to do any more."

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

A profitable year for borrowers

\$ Bonds Redemption Yield

New Issue Volume (SRA)

borrowers in the Eurobond market. Issues total just over \$180hn, a one-third increase on the \$134bn posted

Against a background of tumbling world interest rates, borrowers have been rushing into the market both to create new debt and to refinance outstanding borrow-

Yet the year has been less profitable for the market itself much of which is still weighed down by unsold inventory. Underwriters have often lost sight of the need to distrioute bonds, as well as to position them in the hope of further interest

At the same time, investors have become increasingly cautious about buying Eurobands amid concern over the direction of interest rates and the falling dollar.

Moreover, the Belgian dentist the archetypal private investor who used to dominate the Eurobond scene and was content to bold a bond to maturity - has been to some extent eclipsed by the institutions, which seek to trade the market for short-term gains even though they find its liquidity wan-

None the less, bankers are ex-pecting a further flurry of issuing activity in the new year, with borrowers encouraged to come to the market on the premise that the long-term downward direction of interst rates may be reversed over the next 12 months. Underwriters will not want to miss out on what may be the last leg of the bull run. This means that competition be-

tween underwriters may continue as fiercely as ever. Yet some of the players, after suffering hefty losses this year, may be taking a more sceptical view of the drive to ascend the book-runners' league tables. If so, it means the Japanese

outbursts was a \$315m facility for houses may sweep the board. They have been aggressively using the vast pool of domestic savings in Japan to buy market share this year. Some of the Japanese houses have been making inroads into tra-ditional dollar bond business and launching straight fixed-rate dollar

bonds. But the backbone of their ef-

d deals for Japanase companies and deals specially designed for Japanese investors.

fort has been the issue of equity-re-

Besides a number of variations on the theme of the dual currency bond, Japanese investors have been regaled with a repertoire of bonds designed to suit their specific tax and cash-flow requirements, such as those with deferred and "step-UP" COUDORS.

Elsewhere, bankers have devoted a great deal of amovative effort to the development of asset-backed is- tional FRN have been plumbing sues, a practice imported from the

The most commonly used assets are mortgages guaranteed by one of the US government agencies. These have been used as collateral by US savings and loans institutions for their floating rate note (FRN) is-

In a further twist, a crop of Eurobonds directly linked to mortgagebacked instruments, known as collateralised mortgage obligations (CMOS), appeared towards the end of the year. Here the bond is serviced by cash flows from the collateral. Although the mortgages themselves are of varying maturities, they are rearranged within the CMO to give the bond a national av-

erage life. So far investors have taken to

maturity to enhance their primary captial. Perpetuals pose problems because there is no guarantee they will be repaid and they are usually issued as subordinated debt and

erous vield over London interbank

offered rate (Libor), combined with

a Triple-A credit rating. Yet, since

the underlying mortgages are all

fixed-rate, the bonds carry interest

rate caps. Investors may start to fo-

new depths, with prime quality of-

might thus have to be converted into preferred stock if an issuing bank became bankrupt.
Margins on new FRN issues will certainly have to be adusted up-wards, making the commercial pa-per market look even more compet-

tractive. A selling wave in Libid-based paper this autumn triggered

In a generally jittery atmosphere

the market began to question the

value of one particular sector: the perpetual FRN market in which banks raise bonds with no final

a wider decline in the market

The "asset swap" business has been one of the fastest growing areas of the Eurobond market this year. Typically, it works like this: the investor buys a fixed-rate bond, collects the coupon and arranges a swap transaction, under which he will sell fixed coupons in exchange

cus on this drawback next year, es-pecially if interest rates turn up-can create a higher-yielding instrument than a genuine FRN. One attraction of securitised The currency sectors of the Euromortgage issues is that they pro-vide an attractive margin over Li-erode the market share of the dolbor. This has been brought into io- lar sector this year. The main imcus during 1988 as margins on tradi- pulse behind currency diversification has been the erratic foreign exchange movement of the dollar and ferings appearing with coupons at the continued liberalisation of mar

below London interbank bid rate kets and supervisory regimes. Downward pressure on margins Will the Eurobond market see an in the FRN market has proved irreother record issuing amount in sistible as borrowers have been 1987? From the borrowers' point of able to issue more cheaply by view, balance of payments argulaunching a fixed rate bond and ments for issuing debt have been swapping it into a floating rate is- undermined by lower interest rates

sue, or else by raising funds in the and lower oil prices. form of Euro-commercial paper.

So some sovereign issues, including the record Abn deal for the UK

The ingenuity of the Eurobond market, particularly in devising ing the record Abn deal for the UK

swap-related borrowing opportunilaunched in September, have apties, has however given Eurobond peared with coupons fixed at below issuing a dynamism of its own. Libid. The theory is that money More borrowers are now issuing for market investors will buy them as refinancing purposes rather than an alternative to US Treasury bills. out of any need for new money. However, the traditional inves-

On the over hand, equities are tors in the FRN market, the banks riskier but much more profitable which fund in the London inter- than Eurobonds, and so many bank market, have found many of houses have been concentrating them because they provide a gen- the aggressively priced FRNs unat- more on this area.

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Warrant Sales	01-629 2588	EUROBOND SALES	
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US & European		Ј араневе	01-629 5188
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Japanese Convertibles &		German Benelux France	
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Warrants Swiss FR & DM			• • •
Trading	01-434 9741	Commodities	01-434 9211

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Anatole Kaletsky explains why US bond dealers dislike the relative calm that has enriched their clients

Handsome rewards for investors in long-term Treasuries

necessarily for short-term traders, who have made the US credit market what it is today: sophisticated, closely followed and lucrative investment business in the world.

For the proverbial widows and orphans—most likely these days to be found in Yokohama or Hokkaido—who want to put their money into a high-yielding. risk-free asset and then forget about it, the US Treasury market has been a happy place, taking this year's performance as a whole. Holders of long-term Treasury

bonds, who had enjoyed capital gains of over 20 per cent a year in 1984 and 1985, found fortune even more generous in the early part of this year thanks partly to the euphoria engendered by the near collapse of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries. The plunge of bond yields maker, however, it has been a in history." A few weeks later, from 9.3 per cent at the start very different story. Salomon within a month of that momen-

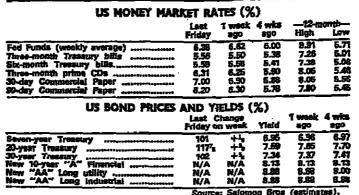
cent coincided with an eight-biggest bond houses—1986 has year high point, the bond been a nerve-wracking and market has wandered aimlessly expensive year. within a narrow trading range. With long-term interest rates fluctuating between the 7.9 per cent and 7.2 per cent marks, the market has never managed to get up the courage for a con-vincing run either at the bears' target of an 8 per cent bond yield or at the bulls' hope of a yield below 7 per cent. Thus life for the passive bond investor has been relatively uneventful since the great rally fizzled out in April.

For the professional market

IT HAS been another bumper of 1986 to the low point of 7.12 Brothers has calculated that year for the long-term investor per cent, which was reached in 1986 has been the year of in US treasury bonds, but not April, produced a suitably highest volatility in the bond triumphant coda to one of the markets since the financial greatest bull markets in the crunch of 1979-82, when the history of investment—with a Fed undertook its hair-raising gain of nearly 25 per cent in the experiment with consciously price of the Treasury's 30-year destabilising monetarist oper-bond in just three months. ating procedures. For traders bond in just three months.

Since April 18, when the cut caught on the wrong end of in the Federal Reserve Board's these whiplash movements—and discount rate from 7 to 61 per that has included several of the

In just one day shortly before the April 18 discount rate cut, the Treasury long bond leapt by 31 points, marking the largest daily advance since the Fed abandoned monetarism in October, 1982. The very next week, as the dollar reacted to the discount rate cut by sinking to a new low against the yen, the market plummeted by almost six points in what Dr Henry Kaufman of Salomon Brothers described as "the largest one-week price retreat



tous discount rate decision, the market had fallen 15 points from its peak and many a bond dealer was looking to his pension plan.
By the beginning of June, the

market's sentiment had turned on a penny once again—a run of weaker-than-expected economic statistics was good enough to send the long point more than 6 points higher before it

plunged again on the basis of a couple of characteristically-ambiguous comments to Con-gress from Mr Paul Volcker, the cheirman of the Fed.

No sooner had they overcome
their shock at Mr Volcker's
scarcely original remarks about the need for foreign help in digging the US economy out of

everyone's surprise, came out in force as bidders in the Treasury's August refunding, purchases in the previous refunding in May. Several US investment houses were caught napping on the short side as the Japanese snapped up the Treasury's \$30bn worth of bonds. Just as the dealers had recovered their composure it was time for another plunge into the abyss as sudden and unaccountable fears of inflation knocked bond prices down 10 full points during the month of

September. This kind of manic depressive This kind of manic depressive fluctuation has certainly not enhanced respect for the bond market's collective wisdom. However, the market's behaviour does perhaps say sumething significant about the economic world, if only indirectly.

The bond market, like so many other financial businesses its deficit hole than the bond many other financial businesses dealers were struck by another today, thrives on uncertainty

is an anotherna to bond traders. Sideways within a narrow range for many months or even years will try to discern new trends seen since the 1960s. This kind It is hardly surprising that they from meaningless fluctuations despite the heavy losses they in economic statistics, set up had suffered on their large computer programmes to exaggerate random blips in market prices, attach deep significance to harmless platitudes from policymakers and make or lose large sums of money in the

The longer term outlook is admittedly clouded by all kinds of familiar problems. The US budget and trade deficits continue to yawn as far ahead as anyone can see — and the probability remains that they will eventually be closed by a combination of further devaluation and inflation.

Government policy makers, especially in the US, have learnt the costs of leaving the management of their economies entirely to market forces and have reverted to a degree of macroeconomic fine-tuning not and instability. The possibility that interest rates might move of the last each of the rest of would be a we worry rather latest wave of i euphoric buying that interest rates might move

of conscious economic mana ment may well account for the stability of long-term interest rates since April. Once they had reached the 7 per cent area, it could be said for the first time in years that long interest rates had attained something like a reasonable equilibrium level. Much higher rates would soon become an obstacle to economic activity, yet yields much lower than ? per cent would probably require too much of a leap of faith from bond investors, given a long-term US inflation rate of 3 or 4 per cent. If this analysis is right, bond traders may see in it an unattractive prospect - continuation of the sideways movement

of the last eight months. But for the rest of the world it would be a welcome relief to worry rather less about the latest wave of panic selling or emboric buring of the Treat euphoric buying of the Treas-

Janet Bush sums up market sentiment in a year which has seen low inflation, Big Bang and a public spending give-away

Gilts learn to live in the shadow of political and economic uncertainty

bonds have ended 1986 which saw the lowest inflation rate for 20 years, Big Rang and a Conservative public spending give-away — little changed from the levels seen at the start of the year. Old habits die hard. The early months of 1986 were dominated by gloom. The year started with a fully fledged sterling crisis, as the authorities were forced to

Vields on UK government

raise interest rates to 12} per cent. Everybody believed the public sector borrowing re-quirement target would be overshot and the Chancellor would have no tax cuts to de-In the event, sterling re-

covered, the PSBR was undershot and Mr Lawson pulled tax cuts out of his hat.

And what of the late nonths of 1986? The Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries was meeting again and sterling was a mess. But then Opec came to an agreement, oil prices firmed, sterling regained some of its popularity,

the PSBR looks likely to undershoot again and everyone is betting that the Chancellor will cut taxes by at

least 2 pence in the pound. Given the Government's talent at muddling through so successfully, why are yields on long-dated gilts still stuck in the 10 to 11 per cent range? The answer is that some of the old problems remain and new ones have come to hannt.

Inflation is one of the old problems. Although the annual rate fell to 2.4 per cent in the middle months of the year, it is now rising again and most independent forecasters are looking for a 5 per cent rate by the end of

next year. The Confederation of British Industry reported earlier this month that pay deals in manufacturing industry were probably running at their lowest level for 10 years but lamented the fact that average earnings ines were still stuck at an underlying rate of 7.5 per

Inflation was helped, of

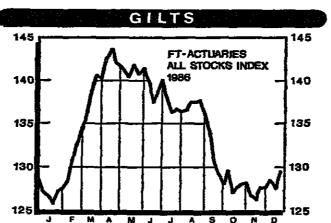
course, in 1986 by the un-precedented fall in world oil prices and very weak com-modity prices. Now, industry's fuel and raw materials prices have started rising again, reflecting some recovery in international commodities markets and the firmer oil

And there is now perceived to be a new threat to inflation in the form of a surge in con-sumer spending, much of it going on imports which are beginning to show signs of getting more expensive.

Sterling remains vulnerable, if not to oil (should the Opec agreement crack), then to the deterioration in the balance of payments.

Economists in the gilt-edged market talk confidently of a huge amount of overseas money poised to flood into UK investments, if only foreigners were confident in the currency. There were few signs in the last weeks of 1986 that their fundamental doubts sterling's reliability had changed.

Clouding the view even further is polities. The forth-



coming General Election has added yet another layer of uncertainty and it seems likely that investors will demand a substantial risk premium until the outlook

And what of monetary policy? Inevitably, the year saw the deeper demise of sterling M3—downgraded in 1985 Mansion House

speech, brushed aside in the 1986 Mansion House speech and explained away Loughborough.

Perhaps 1987 will see MO take on the mantle of its dis-graced broad money cousin by overshooting its target range as well. And the market's attention (and government policy-making) will rest even more firmly on

short-term interest rates and sterling, and the parlour game will be guessing when Mrs Thatcher will take the pound into the European Monetary System.

The Government's fiscal manoeuvrings gave City com-mentators even more to chew on in 1986. The Chancellor marched away from the autumn statement wearing at least some of the garments of his high-spending political opponents, but promising that his style had not changed there would be no extra borrowing to finance his public

There is little doubt that this year's PSBR looks in good shape, despite the overrun on spending, because of busyant VAT and corporation tax receipts and hi eds from privatisation. But next year, many inde-pendent forecasters are expecting a substantial overshoot on borrowing, which could act as a dampener on sentiment in the gilt-edged

market. Mr Stephen Lewis, director economic research at Phillips & Drew, concludes from all this that the gilt market will end 1987 not far from the levels at which the year began, the same pattern which has unfolded for the previous four years.

If the behaviour of gilt yields has had a stubborn consistency about it, there were at least some remarkable changes in 1986 in the way these instruments are

The simple world where two mighty jobbers domin-ated the market ended on October 27.

Akroyd and Smithers and Wedd Durlacher used to be names to conjure with but then came along such animals as S. G. Warbury, Akroyd.
Rowe and Pitman, and
Muliens (Gilt-edged) Limited
(now thankfully shortened in
day-to-day business to Warburg Securities).

After the loss of commissions for the 27 market makers in gilts under the new arrangements there has been the expected explosion in inter-professional trading and a sharp narrowing in spreads.

by the stand-offishness of retail investors, who showed precious little interest in gifts in the weeks following the

Apart from retail interest, there has been more of every thing in the new market. The number of bargaiss in gill futures centracts bit mecessive records as market makers hedged their positives and there is no doubt that volume will surge to even greater heights in 1987.

There are more prices available than ever before, with 27 market makers and inter-dealer flashing information up on a plethora of screens.

There is also more gossip. Have the Americans gosso quiet? Is that builting economist talking his been? Who traded on the Bank of England's Quarterly Bulletin before it came out? Was there anything new in it? Should we trade on fourth-quarter stockbuilding data? Who is making and losing maney? That, too, is a trend which

NEW ISSUE

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OCTOBER 1986



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INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS and COMPANIES

Ian Rodger reports on reorganisation at a Far East securities firm

Carr picks up after defections

obituary-type rumours that have been rife in Far East financial markets since the exodus just over a month ago of most of the top analysts from Wico, the

group's international arm.

A first vice-president of Banque Indosuez, he was the driving force behind the French bank's daring and rapid decision to acquire Carr from Exco, the London-based moneybroking group, only two weeks after the defections.

The opportunity emerged suddenly when British & Commonwealth made its agreed £673m (\$980m) bid for Exco on November 20, and sought the immediate sale of Carr. Indosuez, which has been trying to renew its historic strength in the Far East, had offered to buy Carr before, and was quick British securities firm which to jump at the chance again already had a Japanese licence, for one of the very few independent brokers left in Tokyo.

British securities firm which in 1984. The MoF has never removed Vickers' licence or The final price will be set by formula, but it is likely to be

close to Carr's total capitalisa-tion of roughly £35m. A few days later, even though the Indosuez purchase had not yet been completed, Mr Mignon was installed at the head of Carr and has already begun the job of reconstruction.

His most pressing task, however, is to secure the Japanese securities licence of Wico. The Takyo office accounts for more than a third of Wico's business. In principle, once Indosuez buys Carr, that licence is under threat because Japanese law

licipal Bonds ...

soo people working for us," says

Leven before the deal was

chief executive at Carr.

Mr Mignon, interviewed in

Tokyo, was understandably a bit
exasperated at some of the
obituary-type rumours that have

before the deal was

done, Indosuez had begun

mulgnon puts it, to act as the
friendly partners in such a compartners in such a comp to get around this legal problem. The first was introduced
by Citicorp of the US. It
acquired Vickers da Costa, the
Meanwhile, he has been try-

by any European corporate borrower. It will also be the first joint lead management by a foreign-controlled investment bank in Japan

ing to rebuild Wico's business in the wake of the defections. He does not deny that the

impact of the departure of many

of the group's leading dealers

and analysts to Swiss Bank Corporation International (SBCI)

and Barclays de Zoete Wedd (BZW) was "very significant." Wico's name had been based

largely on its strong research

Volume in the Tokyo office

the research team had already been rebuilt and volume was up

to 80 per cent of pre-defection expectations. The Tokyo prob-

lem was being solved in part by the injection of a team that was

team, he concedes,

TOKYO LICENCE FOR SBC UNIT

SBCI Securities (Asia), an affiliate of Swiss Bank Corporation, has obtained permission to conduct securities business in Japan, writes John Wicks in Zurich.

To mark its debut in the Japanese market, the Swissowned company is to co-operate with Daiwa Securities in launching a first issue in the foreign currency-

obliged Citicorp to reduce its investment

However, since last year, MoF policy has been to allow foreign banks to set up securities com-panies only if the bank's direct holding is no more than 50 per cent. Several European banks have since obtained licences for securities affiliates on this basis. Mr Mignon says Indosuez sounded out the MoF on apply-

ing the Citicorp-Vickers formula, but the authorities apparently made it clear that the French banks would have to go the 50 per cent route. "We wanted to close the transprohibits a company from parti-cipating in both the banking to accept that," he says.

131.53

132.39

131.85

127.93

12 wks 26 wks ago ago

128.62 125.62

729.52 126.84

128.54 125.27

125.36 122.65

132.52 129.02 126.80

NRI TOKYO BOND INDEX

132.94

128 25

130.45

132.91

131 90 4.94

132.78 4.59

132.21 5.38

5.81

6.47

"PEOPLE SEEM to think that with the condition of the licence is a advanced in its planning to set appeared because 60 people condition of the Indosuez purhave left. In fact, there are still seed people working for us," says that Indosuez purhave left. In fact, there are still seed people working for us," says that Indosuez was already well advanced in its planning to set up a securities affiliate in Tokyo on the 50 per cent basis, and the seed that the people working for us," says that Indosuez was already well advanced in its planning to set up a securities affiliate in Tokyo on the 50 per cent basis, and had lined up "two major European insurance companies," as the wignon says that Indosuez was already well wanted to change wice's trategy in Tokyo in any event. The equity research effort, while had lined up "two major European insurance companies," as highly regarded, had been heavily oriented to fundamental research. Yet investors have become more sophisticated

on selling Japanese shares to foreigners. Indosuez wants it to sell bonds, too, and to get in on the boom in Japanese portfolio investment abroad. Indosuez has a growing network of securities operations in Europe, including Carr's strong gilts operation in London, and Mr Mignon believes denominated bond marketthe so-called shogun market— for Ciba-Geigy, the Swiss chemical company.

This will be a \$500m issue it can bring "a broad range of European products" to Japanese investors. A corporate finance operation is also being added with a maturity of seven years and the first issue of its kind

approach.

His other preoccupation 2 bringing Wico under control.

The firm has grown very quickly
in the past few years, and he
remarks that it has often not
been clear who was responsible for what. However, there have also been a couple of pleasant surprises.

become more sophisticated about the Japanese market and need a more market-oriented

One was Wico's office in Seoul, which is successful and was untouched by defections. It also has a 4.5 per cent interest in Daishin. a leading South Korean securities firm. The second was that Wico was about to conclude the purchase of a stockbroking firm in Jersey, "the only tax haven is the world where Indosuez had not

was still very depressed, and it was proving difficult to recruit people. However, in Hong Kong, Mignon is defiant about While it is early days, Mr Mignon is defiant about the wisdom of the purchase. "I do not consider that the limited amount we are paying for good-will is any higher than the real goodwill in the company. It is a well-known name, and we have been able to move quickly."

Banks to aid Bet Shemes

BY JUDITH MALTZ IN TEL AVIV of the approximately \$65m in debt owed to them by Bet Shemes Engines, the country's virtually bankrupt aero engine

manufacturer.
Officials at Bank Hapoalim, one of the company's largest creditors said that the banks had taken this step to save Bet Shemes because they be-lieved the company had poten-Source: Nomura Research Institute. | Ital and perause the check of the closure would be devastate per cent stake.

ISRAEL'S FOUR major banks ing, as it is a major employer have agreed to write off US\$20m in a development region.

of the approximately \$65m in Government officials said they were continuing to negotiate with the banks in order to persuade them to cancel about another \$5m in debts.

A ministerial working group examing the company's future has appointed Mr Giora Gazit, formerly chairman of Bank Hapoalim, to head a committee to negotiate with potential buyers of the government's 60

GTE moves to block **Belzbergs**

GTE. THE US telecommunications group which has been the object of repeated bid speculation, has rebuffed its latest suitor. First City Financial, the holding company of the Belzberg family of Vancouver, AP-DJ reports from Stamford, Cennecticut. Mr Theodore Brophy, GTE's chairman, rejected suggestions from First City that GTE should spin off to shareholders its 50 per cent holding in US Sprint, the loss-making long-distance telephone venture, in which GTE has invested heavily.

GTE has also adopted a series of measures to thwart corporate raiders and to prohibit payment of "greenwall."

CDF spin-off
THE CHEMICALS subsidiary
of Charbonnages de France,
the state-owned coal group,
is to be split off. Charbonnages will cede its 95 per
cent state in CDF-Chimie to
the French state, which
already owns 5 per cent
directly, George Graham
writes from Paris.
The chemicals company has

The chemicals company has experienced significant difficulties recently, despite re-ducing its deficit in the first half of the year. Mr sirge Tchuruk, its new president, said that splitting CDF-Chimie off would enable it to carry out the necessary re-structuring.

Indian share rally HEAVY SHARE buying by Indian government-owned in-vestment institutions has lifted vesiment institutions has littled prices on the country's stock exchanges, lifting the All-India Index to 467.8 by Wednesday, the last trading day of the year, R. C. Murthy reports from Bombay.

The government is anxious that the stock market, afflicted by bearish sentiment in the past two months, should be in good enough shape to raise some Rs50bn (33.87bn) in new capital for industry in the current financial year.

Hitachi Zosen loan Seven banks have agreed to provide up to Y160bn (\$1bn) in loans to three property company affiliates of Hitachi Zosen, the troubled shipbuilding group. Kyodo reports from Osaka. Proceeds will be used to buy land belonging to the group's shipyards in order to help pay off debt and to finance voluntary retirement

Exxon sells its nuclear fuels concern to Siemens subsidiary

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK

EXXON, the world's largest oil com-pany, is selling its nuclear fuels business, Exxon Nuclear Company, to Kraftwerk Union of West Ger-

Kraftwerk Union, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Siemens, is one of the leading international suppliers of nuclear power plants and technology, although it has little presence in the US has little presence in the US.

Exxon Nuclear's main business is the processing and resale of nuclear fuels, which it supplies to electrical

make debut in Yugoslavia

NEGOTIABLE securities will be sold for the first time in Yugoslavia on January 5 when the electric pow-er industry of the constituent republic of Serbia will issue deben-

The offering will be worth 10hn dinars (\$22m) and proceeds will be used to help to finance the construction of power plants.

The paper will mature in two years and bear an interest rate of 68 per cent, to be paid quarterly. The debentures will be sold in bearer form and will be negotiable.

In the rare cases where compa-nies have issued debentures in the past, they could not be sold or trans-ferred.

The securities offer a higher interest rate than savings accounts at the moment, but deposit rates are set to rise as the Government pursues its policy of gradually introducing positive real interest

With an inflation rate of only slightly less than 100 per cent, the debentures still represent a relatively low rate of return.

Several Yugoslav economists have been advocating the introduction of securities with variable interest rates, depending on the success of the issuer, or shares for workers. So far, such ideas have met stiff opposition.

utilities in the US, Europe and the US market for fuel elements. "Over the last few years we have made a number of efforts to enter the US

At present Exam Nuclear pro-cesses 900 tonnes of uranium each year at its US plant at Richland in Washington State and a further 300

The US market, with 101 operat-

tomnes at Lingen in West Germany.
It employs about 900 people in the US and Europe.
Neither side would disclose financial details of the transaction. ing nuclear power stations in West Germany. KWU produces fossil-fired and Talks between Exxon Nuclear nuclear power stations. The compa-

ny also makes fuel elements for naof 1986. In September, KWU said it clear power stations and provides was eager to gain a footbold in the services for the nuclear industry.

Debentures | Morgan Grenfell moves to boost US operations

BY HUGO DIXON IN LONDON

cial details of the transaction.

rities firm, earlier this month.

The new managing director is Mr
Geoff Hill, who is leaving his job as Geoff Hill, who is leaving his job as managing director of Morgan Grennian He will be in charge of the firm's corporate finance activities. Mr Keith Harris will accommodified to the managing director, who will take charge of corporate finance. Mr tivities. Mr Keith Harris will remarkets business.

MORGAN GRENFELL, the financial services group, has appointed a new managing director of its American subsidiary, Morgan Grenfell Inc, as the first step to beef up its US operations following the acquisition of C. J. Lawrence, the US securities firm, earlier this month. come to London.

Gregor Michie will be the managing director with responsibility for main managing director of Morgan director with responsibility for Grenfell Inc's banking and capital banking and capital markets in

OME BUSINESS TRAVELLERS

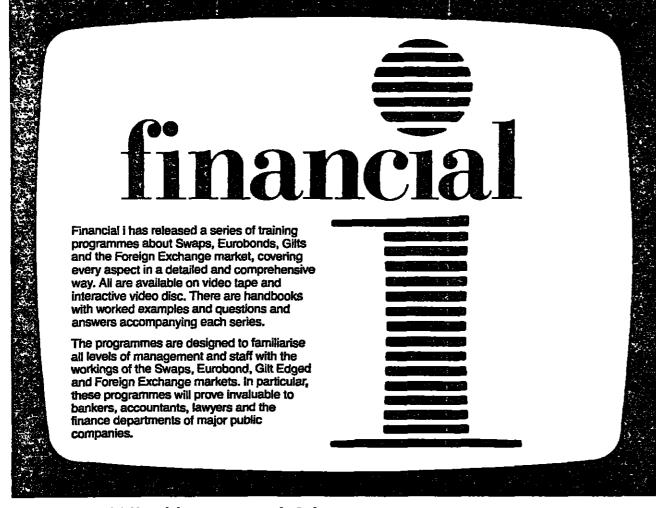
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Following its highly successful SDI Conference held just a year ago, the FT now announces its second defence forum "Entering the American Market" to be held on January 29 and 30, 1987, at the London Inter-Continental Hotel. Lord Chalfont is to chair and introduce and the speakers include Lord Trefgarne, Dr Joseph Luns, The Rt Hon Michael Heseltine, MP, Mr Mark Miller, Dr Edward Luttwak and Mr Colin Chandler. The format of the Defence Conference is designed to encourage maximum discussion of potential issues and delegate numbers are limited to encourage individual participation in the proceedings.

The Fourth FT City Seminar

London — February 6, 9 and 10, 1987

The FT City Intensive Seminar was organised twice in 1986 The FT City Intensive Seminar was organised twice in 1986 and on each occasion achieved maximum capacity attendance. The Seminar is to be held again on Fegruary 6, 9 and 10 under the chairmanship of the FT Conference Adviser, Mr Marc Lee, and with Mr Win Bischoff of Schroders, Mr David Suratgar of Morgan Grenfell, The Rt Hon Sir Edward du Cann, MP, Mr Christopher Johnson of Lloyds Bank, Mr Tony Richards of Quilter Goodison, Mr Edgar Palamountain, Mr Peter Rawlins of R. W. Sturge and Mr David Malcolm of Royal Insurance among the speakers. The Seminar provides one of the best opportunities available in London to examine the workings of the main institutions of the City of London and the February agenda includes a review of the changes that have resulted from Big Bang.

Cable Television and Satellite Broadcasting

London - February 18 and -19, 1987

The Financial Times Fifth Cable Television and Satellite Broadcasting Conference will bring together speakers from the main European Markets and the US to review the future of the new media at a critical turning point in their development. The two-day meeting will be chaired by Lord Thomson of Monifieth and Mr John Jackson. Mr David Mellor, Minister of State at the Home Office, will give the opening address and other contributors will include: Mr Michael Checkland, deputy director-general, BBC; Mr David Shaw, general secretary, Independent Television Companies Association Limited: Mr Andrew Quinn, director, Granada Group plc; Mr Jon Davey, director-general, Cable Authority; and Mr Patrick Cox, chief executive and deputy chairman, Sky Channel.

All enquiries should be addressed to:

The Financial Times Conference Organisation Minster House, Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AX

Tel: 01-621 1355 (24-hour answering service) Telex: 27347 FTCONF G Cables: FINCONF LONDON Fax: 01-623 8814

Notice of Prepayment

THE TOYO TRUST AND **BANKING COMPANY LIMITED** (incorporated with limited liability in Japan)

U.S. \$10,000,000

Redeemable Negotiable Floating Rate Dollar Certificate of Deposit No. 000016 to 000035 issued on 17th January, 1983, aturity 21st January, 1988, Callable on 21st January, 1987

Notice is hereby given in accordance with the conditions of the above Certificates of Deposit ('the Certificates') as printed on the reverse of the Certificates that the Toyo Trust and Banking Company, Limited (the 'Bank') will prepay all the outstanding Certificates on 21st January, 1987, (the

'Redemption Date') at their principal amount.

Payment of the principal amount, together with accrued interest to the Redemption Date, will be made on the Redemption Date against presentation and surrender of the Certificates at the London Branch of the Bank.

Interest will cease to accrue on the Certificates on the Redemption Date.

Bucklersbury House, 5th Floor, 83 Cannon Street, London ECIN SAJ. 29th December, 1986

Notice of Prepayment

THE TOYO TRUST AND BANKING COMPANY LIMITED (incorporated with limited liability in Japan)

U.S. \$15,000,000

Redeemable Negotiable Floating Rate Dollar Certificate of Deposit No. 000036 to 000065 issued on 25th January, 1983, Maturity 26th January, 1988, Callable on 28th January, 1987

Notice is hereby given in accordance with the conditions of the above Certificates of Deposit ("the Certificates") as printed on the reverse of the Certificates that the Toyo Trust and Banking Company, Limited (the "Bank") will prepay all the outstanding Certificates on 28th January. 1987 (the 'Redemption Date') at their principal amount.

Payment of the principal amount, together with accrued interest to the Redemption Date, will be made on the Redemption Date against presentation and surrender of the Certificates at the London Branch of the Bank.

Interest will cease to accrue on the Certificates on the Interest will cease to accrue on the Certificates on the Redemption Date,



Bucklersbury House, 5th Floor, 83 Cannon Street, Lordon EC4N 8AJ.

29th December, 1986

ఎక్కువారి క్రామంలో, నిమార్జున్ <mark>కొన్ని కోట్ల</mark>ు ఎక్కాంటికోన్ని సినిమోగ్ సమార్గి కారికే ఎక్కువ్వి స్

Terry Povey on the cross-Atlantic search for tax-efficient marriages

New life for loss-makers

rewarding way for impoverished UK predators to acquire profit-able US businesses.

American unit.

able US businesses.
Running this scheme is Mr Mark Vaughan-Lee, a former director of MIM, the fund managers, but now working independently, and Mr Chris Mills, who is a consultant overseeing the institution's North American investment opera-tions, MIM, which is owned by tions, MiM, which is owned by Britannia Arrow Holdings, is backing the two men by holding or taking a 10-to-20 per cent equity stake in the companies involved.

Mr Vaughan-Lee and Mr Mills have been searching out trittable.

suitable partners for tax efficient marriages since late

through the merger of Danka Industries with New Court has been won over, the intended Natural Resources. ABS will are introduced. The next stage, also be one of only two companies ever to drop down to the USM from the main market. The nub of the Vaughan-Lee/ restructured so as to produce Mills arrangement is the bring- as clean a shell as possible.

THE SIGHT of profitable com- the US, which is close to collappanies chasing lossmakers for sing under the weight of losses, tax reasons is common—even if and a profitable US company. it is never thoroughly respect- Differences in tax laws and fund able. A pair of investment raising proceedures make it managers have turned this prac-possible for the UK company's tice on its head and found a accumulated losses to shelter the profits and therefore to

> On this side of the Atlantic, the ideal company is USM-listed, for ease of manoeuvre, with a share price pushed down to penny stock status by consistent losses. The oil industry has provided a pool of suitable com-panies — many small independent producers or oil services companies with US operations were listed on the UK stock market in the heyday of expen-sive crude. Several of these have come to grief-some were running at a loss even before tax the oil price collapse hit them.

In the US, Mr Mills has found emerent marriages since late 1984. To date, they have completed one scheme, another is very close to being finished, and the next venture appears just to be getting under way.

The first of the duo's deals involved the restructuring of USM-quoted American Oilfield Services (now renamed American Electronic Components). Danks could earn \$15m\$ within can Electronic Components).

Durakool, a US electronic switch five years (and they retain an manufacturer, was injected into the ailing AOS shell.

Later this month, American Business Systems is to be born

After the UK target has been

After the UK target has been identified and the US partner

ing together, by mutual agreement, of a UK company with virtually all its operations in remains is sharply written down



Mr Mark Vaughan-Lee

(generating more tax losses in (generating more tax losses of the process). In the case of New Court, a one-for-one rights issue at par was required to fund what Mr Mills called "the tidying up operation."

Next, the US company is acquired by the UK shell in an all shares deal. As the shares for the acquisition have to be issued at or close to par value, the rights involved are very -American Oilfields had a nine-for-one, New Court a 15-for-4 (making an 11-for-one increase in equity in four

The need for a trans-Atlantic component in these deals arises, component in these deals arises, ironically, from American legislators' attempts to block US companies from buying tax losses. Presently, US tax losses can only be offset within the same corporate grouping and any change of onwership immediately cancels the potential tax credits.

UK tax laws are far more estrictive about the flexibility with which companies can utilise losses, even within the same group, but there is no change of ownership rule.

It is these differences in tax rules which makes a UK partner the desired "other half" in these arranged mar-

COHEN, manufacturer of

per cent of Australian company

ferral's main activity is refin-ing and trading non-ferrous

ments of The International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland Limited. It titute an offer of, or invitation to subscribe for or purchase, any securities.

riages. When a US company tilt in the duo's favour until raises funds through a rights after Bond Corporation took issue, the American investment over Hampton Gold Mining banks buy the shares being Areas (which held a key stake issued and the sail that t banks buy the shares being Areas (which held a key stake issued and then sell them on, in New Court). Also holding The large rights issues neces- up the scheme was a boardroom sary to recapitalise any lossladen shell would involve, even if only for a matter of minutes, a change of ownership.

In contrast, UK companies can make underwritten rights issues directly to existing shareholders — and tehrefore there is no disqualifying change of ownership. And MIM's good offices can be relied upon to get the instautions behind the tax-driven restructuring plan.

AOS, the prototype operation, had been traded under the matched bargains rule since 1980. Investors initially paid 100p for the shares, but they were suspended in January 1005. were suspended in January 1985 at 22p. Soon afterwards the chairman resigned, Mr Vaughan-Lee took his place and Durakool was absorbed. AOS, with \$21m of tax losses still intact, was listed on the USM as American Electronic Components in March 1985 through an offer for sale at 20p underwritten by MIM.

Taxes actually paid by AEC in the year to June 1986 were a mere 3 per cent of the £2.94m pre-tax profits (which included about £1m of upfront development costs). A couple of acquisitions indicated that AEC's strong attributable profits and costs are accounted to the costs are the costs and cash generation streams were being tapped to fund Durakool's expansion. MIM has a 22.4 per cent stake in AEC and the 5p shares are now valued at 27p.

Mr Mills points out, however, that although such schemes "are simple enough in outline, they are a great deal more com-plex in practice." The New Court-Danka deal was clearly very difficult to pull off. Mr Mills and Mr Vaughan-Lee had to battle against the majority of the board, beginning as ring-leaders of dissident institutional shareholders, which held

wrangle centring on a luxury flat in New York which ran up \$1m in legal costs before it was, to New Court's dis-advantage, finally settled out of

New Court's accumulated tax losses are worth about \$15m plus another \$1m a year as long as the oil price is depressed. If oil prices rise significantly, then the cash flow from the best properties retained is a bonus. ABS is planning to use the simple transfer and hours. the almost tax-free cash flow to expand Danka rapidly in the Fiorida photocopying market— its managemen believes it will be a \$100m company within five years. MIM has, via Consolidated Venture Trust, a major stake in New Court.

What are the difficulties?
First, how much should be paid in the dividends to keep investing institutions on board?
Then there is the more remote threat that US legislators or the UK authorities may consider UK authorities may consider this a loophole worth closing. Most importanty though, at the end of five years or so earnings growth tails off as the shelter is lifited. The various equity partners may want to sell up before this trand becomes too apparent but any change of ownership before the losses run out could threaten to unravel all the tax planning arrangements.

However, for the time being, the MIM-banked due are convinced that they have dis-covered a valuable profits seam that is worth pursuing. Their next target could well be Sapphire Petroleum, Mr Mills has recently joined the company's board, MIM has a 15 per cent stake and the tax losses available are reputed to be a

With Sapphire's shares now at 190 (the par value is 50p) against the July, 1985, offer price of 150p, few of its share-holders are likely to turn down about a third of the equity.

The balance of power did not any scheme out of hand.

purchase and share subdivision

Midsummer Leisure, merly known as the Campaign for Real Ale and latterly as Midsummer Inns, has Midsummer Inns, has announced details of the proposed subdivision of its shares and the acquisition of the Derby Signs group for a maximum

In a circular to share holders, Midsummer proposed a subdivision of its shares in the ratio of two-for-one and the introduction of an executive and savings-related share option scheme. The circular also gave scheme. The circular also gave details of Midsummer's application to the Stock Exchange for a full listing of its shares which are currently on the USM.

Midsummer's interests are in public houses, discotheques, snooker halls and restaurants

snooker halls and restaurants and shopfitting.

An extraordinary general meeting to approve the subdivision and the share scheme has been called for January 20.

Midsummer will pay a maximum £1.25m for Derby Signs.
On completion of the deal, £1.04m will be paid by the issue of £5±0.000-worth of new Midsummer shares and £500.000 casn. The halance to be paid is casn. The balance to be paid is dependent on Derby's profits performance in the years end-ing September 30 in 1987 and

1988. Derby Signs designs manufactures and installs corpora-tion sign schemes, aluminium and glazing fitments and carries out general printing for the sign and promotions industries.
The purchase of Derby Signs

would enable Midsummer's Charmwood Shopfitters subsidiary to expand its services in the brewing, leisure and retail sectors, Mr Adam Page, Midsummer's chairman said. In the year to March 31, Derby made pre-tax profits of £32,000 on turnover of £1,24m. Mr Page said he expected the

vendors of Derby Signs to retain their shares.

Radius acquisition

Radius, the Hull-based computer systems and maintenance group quoted on the USM market, has acquired Advanced Business Technology and its subsidiaries from P and W MacLelland for a "nominal" consideration representing ABT's net asset value at

November 1. The acquisition is effective from that date. ABT's activities are similar to those of Radius. It has locations in Watford and Newark

and employs 45.

Mr E. Sharp said ABTs turnover this year was currently in
excess of £2m, but that the
company's last few months of
trading had not been profitable. He anticipated some reorganisation and write-down
costs after which Radius was tribution from ABT.

Midsummer | Lifecare holders should see some return on shares

BY NIKKI TAIT

International, the nursing homes group where receivers were appointed in August, should see some return on their shares.

In a statement the directors of Lifecare formally Edward

SHAREHOLDERS in Lifecare agreement of shareholders at a International, the nursing general meeting, called for

January 14. Care Homes was set up last March to start a chain of pursing homes—beginning with the renovation of Dormy House in Sunningdale — which Lifecare would then run.

Jones Group—said they understand that receivers Peat Marwick Mitchell have realised that on to December 5, former than sufficient "to meet liabilities to Citibank and all the company's creditors.

That still leaves certain claims by Care Homes, a BES company, against Lifecare unresolved, but the board says that it has entered an agreement with Care Homes settling the dispute. This needs the would then run.

Lifecare has also announced that on to December 5, former managing director, Mr C. Morris was removed from office at the instigation of institutional shareholders. Two other Lifecare unresolved, but the board says that it has entered an agreement with Care Homes settling the dispute. This needs the

Raine agrees not to bid for Tilbury before June

BY CLAY HARRIS

Raine Industries has board was intended to maintain promised not to make a hostile a constructive and friendly restricted from a third party for the diversified construction of the diversifi diversified construction group.

Raine, a housebuilder and property developer, is in the 5320,000 in the 1985 period. Pro property developer, is in the process of raising its holding in Tilbury to 23.2 per cent by buying a 20.3 per cent stake held by Govett Strategic Investment Trust.

Tilbury shares fell 7p to 1989 between the full year would rise to at least £2.5m, or 5 the full year would rise to at least £2.5m, or 5 the full year for the full year fo

The undertaking not to make on Wednesday, against the 220p a general offer without the recommendation of the Tilbury Govett trust's holding.

Guinness Peat US deal

In a deal worth \$16m (£11m), worth around \$100m.

Guinness Mahen Capital Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Guinness Peat other endowments and foundations. financial services group, has tions, private clients and bought the fund management pension funds. business of Eagle Management Guinness Peat said that and Trust of Houston.

The price is made up of \$14m cash and two \$1m interest-free notes, maturing after two and three years respectively unless converted at those times into Guinness Peat ordinary shares at 900 each.

Guinness Peat said that based on unaudited results for the 11 months to November. 1986, Eagle's pre-tax profits would be around \$1.2m on an annualised hasis. The tax charge would be minimal because of Guinness Peat's available tax losses.

at 90p each.

Mr Alastair Morton, GuinThe purchase is Guinness ness Peat's chief executive,
Peat' second major acquisition said the acquisition was the in the US in three months. In second stage of Guinness Pear's October it bought Forstmann-strategy of developing a tax-Leff Associates, a New York efficient earnings stream in the investment company, in a deal US fund management sector.

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International Finance Corporation

African Development Bank

US\$100,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes 1996

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes,

notice is hereby given, that for the interest period

December 29, 1986 to June 29, 1987 the Notes will carry an

interest rate of 6% percent per annum for 182 days. The amount payable per US\$10,000 nominal amount will be

THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, N.A. LONDON, AGENT BANK

US\$331.77.



The Thailand Fund A Contractual Investment Fund established under the laws of the Kingdom of Thailand Managed by

The Mutual Fund Company Limited

U.S. \$30,000,000 Placing of 3,000,000 Units at an issue price of U.S.\$10.375 per Unit evidenced by Beneficial

Certificates in denominations of 1,000 Units and integral multiples thereof.

Morgan Stanley & Co. Banque Internationale à Luxembourg

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Units to be admitted to the Official List. Income will be payable annually in arrear in or about March, the first payment being made in March 1988.

anniany in arrest in or about reason, the mix payment being mattern assents a property of the Patriculars have been published in the form of an Entel Card and may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday (Senurdays and public holidays excepted) from the Company Announcements Office of the Quotations Department of The Stock Exchange, Throgmorum Street, London EC2, up to and including 31st December, 1986 or during usual business hours on any weekday (Sanurdays and public holidays excepted) up to and including 16th January,

BIL (Asia) Ltd.

Scrimgeour Vickers & Co.,

metals. On December 31, 1985, the date of its last audited accounts, the net asset value was A\$16.63m.

Vickers da Costa International Ltd.

Vickers da Costa Ltd., Regis House, King William Screet, London EC4R 9AR

son River Conference Centre, Estates for £3.5m cash. non-ferrous metal ingots, has exercised an option to buy 20 in separate transactions, for a total of some \$13.8m. Both operations were acquired as Nonferral Proprietary from Comalco. It already owned the remaining 80 per cent. Cohen is paying A\$2.75m (£1.3m) for the 20 per cent stake. Nonpart of Hanson's acquisition of SCM Corporation earlier this year. Kleinschmidt has been sold to a group consisting of Kleinschmidt management for \$1.85m cash and \$3.24m in notes and royalties. Hudson has been sold to Gladue Facilitators, a limited partnership, for about

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

MAUNDERS, the North West HANSON INDUSTRIES has based housing group, has sold its Kleinschmidt computer acquired the major part of the services company and its Hud- house building division of Dares

sites and work in progress in Dorset and Hampshire with a total sales value of £10m.

BARROW HEPBURN, chemicals and engineering group, yesterday confirmed its rejection of Yule Catto's £17.3m LONDON INTERNATIONAL

GROUP has bought Cosmetce, a Californian company which assembles personal grooming kits, for a minimum \$2.7m able. He anticipated some re(fl.88m). There will be an initial payment of \$2m, satisfied by the issue of 582,000 new tellowing from ART shares,

International Placing

VEITSCHER MAGNESITWERKE **ACTIEN-GESELLSCHAFT**

Vienna, Republic of Austria

AS 20,000,000

Ordinary Shares of Common Stock

each of a par value of

AS 100 and AS 1,000 respectively

Offering Price:

AS 1,147 per share of AS 100

DG BANK Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank

Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG - Vienna

Berliner Handelsund Frankfurter Bank **Daiwa Europe Limited**

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Morgan Stanley International

Swiss Volksbank

A FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY **ELECTRONICS in PRINTING**

Publication Date: MONDAY FEBRUARY 23 1987

Insertion Guarantee:* FRIDAY JANUARY 16 1987

Advertisement copy date:

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 13 1987 *To guarantee that your advertisement appears in this survey, orders wil ibe required b 7the date shown. The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on the above date. The provisional editorial synopsis is set out below, and is not a press release therefore cannot be used as one.

Introduction Desk Top Publishing

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(DTP) Corporate Publishing

6. Printing

Electronic Mail and 150 x 400 Protocols Fleet Street

9. Global Village

:>

5. Publishing

Banco Nacional do Desenvolvimento Economico

29th December, 1986

U.S.\$50,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1989

Notice is hereby given
pursuant to the Terms and Conditions of the Notes that
for the three months from
29th December 1986 to 30th March 1987 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 7% per annum. On 30th March 1987 interest of U.S.\$17.69 will be due per U.S.\$1,000 Note and U.S.\$176.94 due per U.S.\$10,000 Note for Coupon No. 31.

> **EBC Amro Bank Limited** (Agent Bank)

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

<u> </u>	Dec. 24	Dec., 23	Dec. 22	Dec. 19	Dec. 18	Dec. 17	19 High	56 Law	Since Co	mpliation Low
Government Secs	83.14	82.96	82,89	82.32	82.19	82.13	94.51	80.39	127.4	49.18
Fixed Interest	89.77	89.72	89.67	89.21	89.17	89.15	97.68	86.55	250.4	50.53
Ordinary	1301.2	1294.7	1286.1	1272.1	1270.6	1276.1	1425.9	1094.3	1425.9	49.4
Gold Mines	299.6	308.9	309.2	311.4	311.3	315.9	357.8	385.7	734.7	43.5
FT-Act Ali Share	829.11	827.01	823,18	815.18	815,04	817.34	832.39	664.42	832.39	
FT-SE 100	1665.1	1660.9	1652.2	1632.2	1670.6				1717.6	61.92
								70.1	· 1/1/1	966.9

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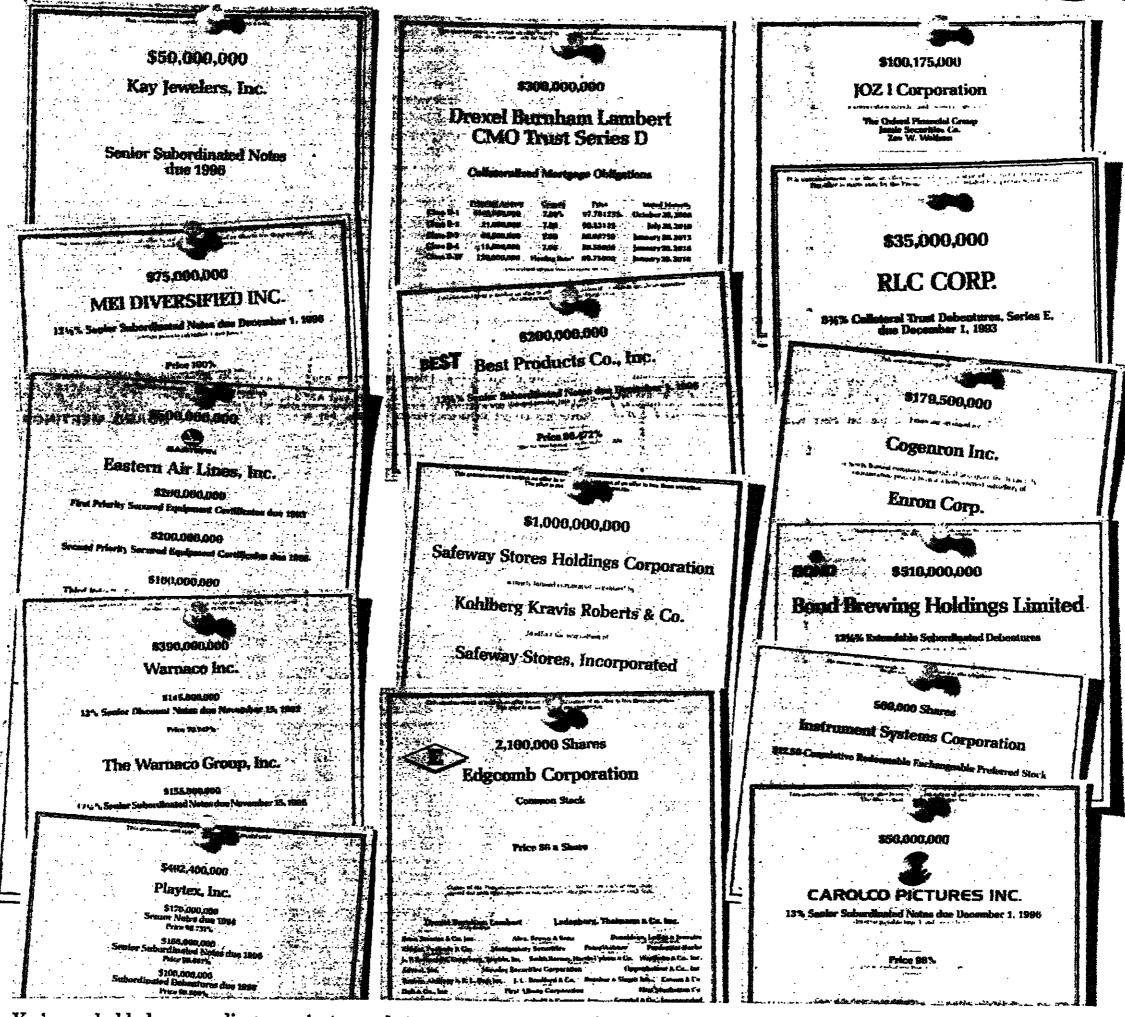
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BOARD MEETINGS

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You've probably been reading a lot of things about Drexel Burnham in the press. However, there are some things you may not have read. For example, what we accomplished during the past four weeks.

Like lead-managing a total of \$4.7 billion in the public and private markets.

Or issuing 22% of all the public debt, preferred and common stock for industrial companies.

Or raising through public offerings 72% of the debt and preferred stock for industrial companies rated BB+ or lower.

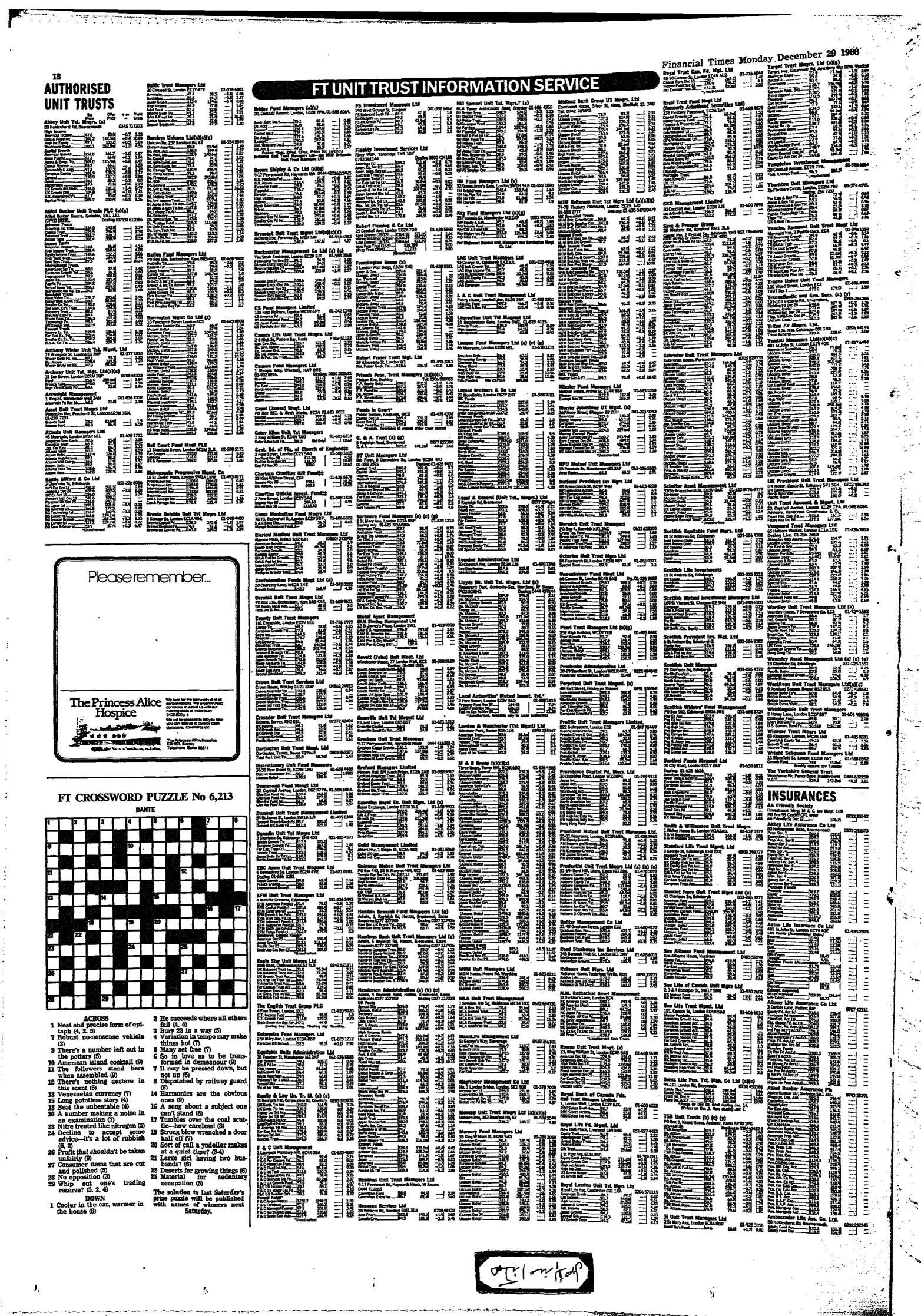
Or even privately placing \$1.8 billion for 10 companies, which we think accounts for more than half of all the private placements completed in. that period.

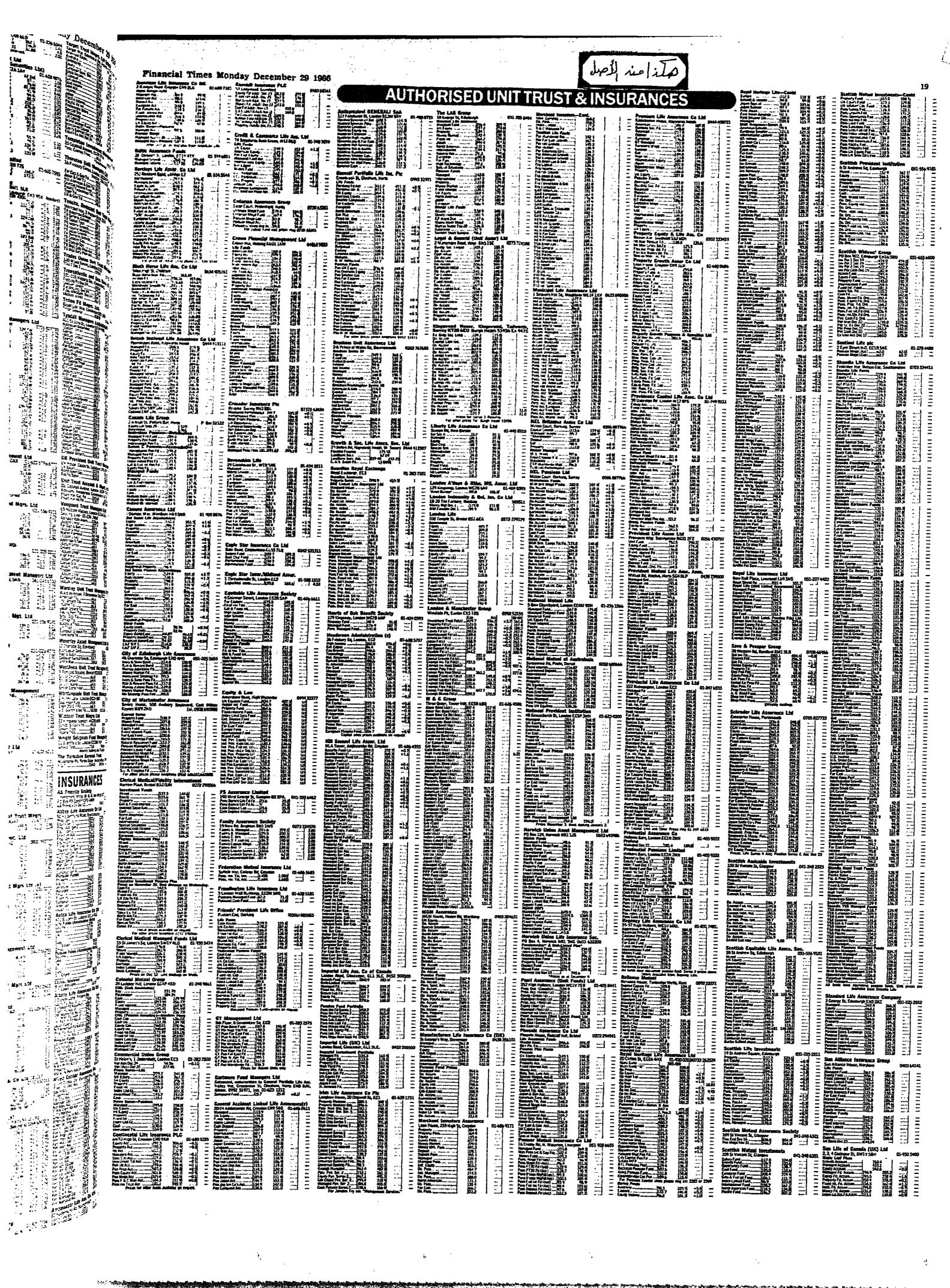
Of course, none of this could have been accomplished without the help of the 10,000 people who work at Drexel Burnham. People who continue to do what they've always done so well. Open up the capital markets to America's growth companies.

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Helping People Manage Change.

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Lowades (Circ. West) host 1974 The Harminster Group ΞΞ 0732 450161 Por Mar-Schroder | PRR Fund Management Ltd. | 149a Goers Victoria St. ECAV 5AP | 02-234-4070 | 1913-1914 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | 1914-1916 | Second International Trust Ca Ltd
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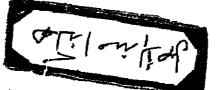
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Managing director for Solicitors' Law

Mr The Bucker has been apprehimed from the board on bointed managing director of Documber 31.

THE SOLICITOR'S LAW STATIONERY SOCIETY, a substituty Mr Martin Lister is to become THE SOLICITORS LAW STATHONERY SOCIETY, a substiary of Hollie Francial and Profess advector of SAVE & PROSPER manual Services. Mr Ducker was investigated in Management of Pergamon Infoline.

WEDENS TRUST & wholly.

MEDENS TRUST, a wholly-owned subaldiary of Brown, Shipley & Co, has appointed My Bests Owens as managing direc-tor, He is a former director of Forward Trust Group, and replaces Mr Rodney Elliss who has left the Company and the board of Brown, Shipley & Co.

Mr Ed Lorimer and Mr Ian Wafter have joined HUNTING OILFIELD SERVICES as technical director and general manager, sales and marketing, respectively. Mr Lorimer was engineer director, Oilfab Group, and Mr Walker joins from Candogan where he was general manager.

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Sir Colin Rose Corness has been appointed a director of the BANK OF ENGLAND for four years from March 1 in place of Lord Nelson of Stafford. Sir Colin is chairman of Realpointed for the same term are fir Hoctor Lalag, chairman of United Biscults (Holdings): Sir John Barling, chairman of Barling Brothers & Co; and Sir Martin Jaconab, chairman of Barclays & Edet Wedd, deputy chairman of Barclays Bank, and chairman of Barclays Bank, and deputy chairman of the Securi-ties and Investment Board.

Mr David Wood has been appointed finance director of CONNELS ESTATE AGENTS following the retirement of Mr Gorden Bickerton.

date of redemption.

Bank of Montreal

Toronzo, Opracio M5X IAI

BANK OF MONTREAL 9 Queen Victoria St. London EC4N 4XN

60 Cours St. Michel

1040 Brusches,

CHEMICAL BANK

Freigunstrause 16 8002 Zurich,

Tocomo Securities Service Centre B I Level, First Consdian Place

BANQUE BRUXELLES LAMBERT S.A.

Mr Frier de Fiana has been appointed managing director and Mr Martin W. Besk deputy chair-man of BERISFORD MOCATTA (UNDERWATTING AGENCIES) from January.

At HARRISON INDUSTRIES Mr Jess-Claudo Canazi has become a director. He has been with the French subsidiary for DEATTY ME YEARS.

Lease Management Ser-LEASE MANAGEMENT SER-VICES has appointed Mr Alestair Lawson joint managing director. Mr Deminie McCarthy will continue as chief executive and joint managing director. Mr David Deason, chief accountant and company secretary, becomes a director. All of these changes are from January I.

Mr Failly Morgan has become general manager and Mr Ken Musgrave underwriting manager at hir (UK),

Mr W. B. Carmichael, chairman and managing director of Attken Campbell & Co. and Attken Campbell & Co. and THE UNION DISCOUNT CO OF LONDON from December ...

CLIFTON INNS has appointed Mrs Heien Fitcher as personnel

CRAY ELECTRONICS HOLD.

NEWCASTLE BUILDING

Laptborne will become the director. Policy has appointed Mr Eark N.

A. Cowan at deputy chief or responsible for the Court
log of the Policy of the Court
tollows the recent appointment of the P.

Thy appointment of Mr D. W. Midgley as the Society's chief executive and last appointment of Mr D. W. Midgley as the Society's chief executive and last announced that Mr Earli Samuel has ratired as a director from ment, in March of Mr P.

January I. He is chief executives of PosTel investment Management and a member of the Securities and Investment Management and a member of the Securities and Investment Board.

At LOMBARD CONTINEN
Mr Maliace Mackenzic will be TAL the deputy general don to become managing director. NEWCASTLE BUILDING

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

GENERAL MOTORS

ACCEPTANCE

CORPORATIO

Canadian \$50,000,000 161/2% Notes due February 1st, 1989

Pursuant to the terms of paragraph 8 (a) of the Notes, which provides that at any time on or after February 1st, 1987 the Notes may be redeemed at the option of

the Company, notice is hereby given that General Motors Acceptance Corporation of Canada, Limited intends to redeem on February 1st, 1987 the Cdn, \$50,000,000

161/2% Notes due February 1st, 1989 at a price of 100.5% of the principal amount

surrender thereof with all unmanured compons at any one of the following paying

Banque Générale du Luxumbourg S.A.

P.O. Box 1906

CHEMICAL BANK P.O. Box 17 41 6

Ulmenstrasse 30 6000 Frankfurt 17,

CHEMICAL BANK

Paris, France

CREMICAL BANK 46 Avenue Des Arts 1040 Bruxelles

190 Avenue Charles DeGanile 92523 Neurlly-Sur-Seine

together with interest on such principal amount accrued and unpaid to the said

The redemption price of the said Notes shall be payable on presentation and

NOTES should be surrendered with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing on or after the date fixed for redemption, failing which the face value of any coupon not so delivered will be deducted from the sum due for payment.

within a period of 10 years from February 1st, 1987. On and after the date fixed for redemption, interest on the notes will cease to accrue.

GENERAL MOTORS ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION OF CANADA, LIMITED

Any amount so deducted will be paid against surrender of the said coupons

Dated at City of Toronto this 15th day of December, 1986.

be promoted to deputy general manager on January 1.

THE HAMMERSON PROBERTY INVESTMENT AND DE-VELOPMENT CURPORATION been appointed deputy chairman of that subsidiary. Mr Redney joint managing director with effect from January 1. He joined the company in January 1984 (Company, which will manage all director in the totoler of that year. He will share responsibilities with Mr Sydney Mason, who remains chairman.

HDA FORGINGS, part of the Hawker Siddeley Group, has appounced that Mr Peter Mayters will become company sales and marketing director and Mr Charles Andersen director and general manager of the blade forging division of the company from January 5

Mr P. R. (Paul) Rawson has been appointed financial control-ler of LLOYD'S REGISTER from January 1. He succeeds Mr F. R. (Frank) Vickers, who will remain as a consultant until April, when he will retire after 36 years service with LR.

director.

Mr V. Millar will be appointed to the board of SAATCHI from tomorrow.

Dr G. B. Turner will be reticing from the board of COURT-AULD's at the end of January. Mr M. Glynn will take reaponsibility for the development of the group's packaging interests from January 1. He will become chairman of BCL and Betts. From February 1 Mr G. A. Campbell will assume responsibility for the pulp group, and Mr R. D. Lagtborne will become the director responsible for the Court-aulds Pensions Common Investment Fund.

Eurotunnel joint board

Mr Jean-Lery Dherse, chief executive of Emotumes, and Mr Michael Jahes, deputy chief executive, have been appointed to the joint board of EURO-TUNNEL, the Anglo-French partnership responsible for the chairmen and operation of the Channel Turnel, and operation of the Channel Turnel,

ALLIED DONAR HAS MADE to the following changes from January I. Mr Alian McColville is appointed executive director, northers region; Mr Derek Elley becomes executive director,

becomes exacutive director, sales; fir Nigel Barton is made executive director, international and new projects; and fir Brian Thomas is appointed executive director, actuarial.

MARKS AND SPENCER has appointed Dr David Atterion as a non-executive director from appointed director in charge of January 1. He is a member of sales. ADWEST GROUP has appeigted Mr Ted Jones, divisional chief executive, electrical, as a

Mr Nigal Whitisher has been appointed chairman of the Con-federation of British Industry's BAIN DAWES has appointed distributive trades panel in sucdirector of Bain Dawes Anglia
director of the Birmingham director of the Birmingham director of the Birmingham Holdings.

office.

Mr Hichsel Mander has been SALE TILNEY'S main board: appointed to the board of HILL Mr J. B. Buckanan, Mr J. H. Cahill and Mr R. T. D. Stott. CAMUEL, & CO.

CHAMPION SPARK PLUGS

has appointed Mr Bill Graham Mr Cahill and Mr E. T. D. Stott. Mr Buchanan is managing director of Sale Tilmey Technology; Mr Cahill is managing director of the group's insurance division; and Mr Stott is chairman of R. L. Stott & Co (LO.M.), which was recently acquired by Sale Tilmey.

SPONSORED SECURITIE

Capitaliasta.	_		70200	Gross	Yisto	
2000	Company	Price or				P/E
4,578	Azz. Brit. Ind. Oed	132xd	-	7.3	5.5	8.1
·	Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	145xd		10.0	6.9	_
475	Armitage and Rhodes	35	+ 1	4.2	12.0	4.9
3,648	BBS Dealgn Group (USM)	. 97	_	1.4	2.1	160
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5,23 ş 405	Brey Technologies	96 133	=	4.3 2.9	4.5	11.3
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	James Burrough	387.cd	41	17.0	41	10.0
3.187	James Buttough Spc Pref	91	+1	129	14.2	_
87.703	Mulbhouse NV (AmstSE)	-40	÷35		_	36.8
8.119	Record Ridgway Ordinary	353	-2			6.3
2,214	Record Ridgway 10pc Pref	82×d	_	14.1	17.2	_
877	Robert Jenkins	86	_	_		3.8
1.845	Struttone "A"	41zd	+1	_	-	_
3,363	Torday and Carlusia	139	+2	5.7	4.1	84
	Trevian Holdings	326	-2	79	2.4	6.8
15,600	Unilock Holdings (SE)	73	-1	2.8	3.6	14.4
	Welter Alexander	110	+5	50	45	10.5
	W. S. Yestes	198	-	17.4	8.9	19.8
	West Yorks Ind Hosp (USM)	96 4.	-7	5.8	5.8	13.7

Granville & Co. Limited 8 Lover Lane, London EGJR SBP Telephone C1-621 1212 Member of FINIBRA

Crawille Davies Coleman Limited 27 Lovar Lane, London EC3R SDT Telephone 21-621 1212 Member of the Stock Exchange



Export Development Corporation

(An agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada)

l'expansion des exportations

(Mandataire de Sa Majesté du chef du Canada)

Société pour

NOTICE OF PARTIAL REDEMPTION

TO THE HOLDERS OF C\$100,000,000 111/2% NOTES DUE DECEMBER 15, 1989 SERIES RC

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to paragraph 7(B) of the Fiscal Agency Agreement dated as of December 13, 1984 between EXPORT DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION ("EDC") and ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED (the "Fiscal Agent"), and in accordance with Condition 5(c) of the Terms and Conditions of the 11½% Notes Due December 15, 1989 Series RC (the "Notes"), that EDC has elected to redeem C\$6,100,000 aggregate principal amount of the Notes in the denominations of C\$1,000 and C\$10,000 each bearing the distinguishing letters "RC" and the under-mentioned distinguishing numbers, namely:

FOR THE C\$1,000 DENOMINATED NOTES

FOR THE C\$10,000 DENOMINATED NOTES

1987 2050 2178 1804 2085 2214 1911 7086 2246 1940 2133 2240 2012 2144 2254 2032 2171 2208 2046 2173 2220 184 123 194 1234 1984 1344 1123 1276 1129 1280 1147 1283 1187 135 1604 1604 1677 1667 1667 1702 1706 1706 1717 1786 1815 1817 1864 1866 1872 762 7627 7637 764 764 764 764 764 2632 2634 2635 2670 2674 **美见给证券的第** 2661 2666 2705 2713 2716 2769 2777 2779 2765 2807 1512 1625 1626 1562 1583 2276 2403 2436 2431 2431 2438 2576 2541 2594 2598 2598 2575 3036 3051 3053 3056 3076 2862 2893 2864 2812 2817 2976 2976 2981 2966 3005 3136 3136 3136 3135 3135 3135

have been selected by lot by the Fiscal Agent for redemption on the 28th day of January, 1987 at a redemption price equal to 101% of their principal amount plus accrued interest to the date of redemption (totalling C\$1,023-74 per C\$1,000 Note and C\$10,237-36 per C\$10,000 Note). The aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding after January 28th, 1987 will be C\$21,121,000. All the notes listed above will be redeemed on January 28th, 1987 in Canadian Dollars upon presentation and surrender of Notes (accompanied by the interest coupons appertaining thereto which mature after January 28th, 1987 failing which the face value of any missing unmatured coupon will be deducted from the sum due for payment), at any of the following paying agents, at the option of the holder:

> Orion Royal Bank Limited 1 London Wall, London EC2Y 5JX,

The Royal Bank of Canada (France) S.A. 3 rue Scribe. 75440 Paris

The Royal Bank of Canada AG Bockenheimer Landstrasse 61, 6000 Frankfurt/Main 1, West Germany

The Royal Bank of Canada (Suisse) rue Diday 6, 1204 Geneva, Switzerland

> Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgoise 43 Soulevard Royal, 2955 Luxembourg

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN, that all interest on the Notes so called for redemption shall cease to accrue on or after the said 28th day of January, 1987, and coupons for the payment of interest after such date on said Notes shall be void.

The Royal Bank of Canada

Royal Bank Plaza,

Toronto, Ontario M4J 2J5.

Canada

The Royal Bank of Canada

(Belgium) S.A.

rue de Ligne 1, B-1000 Bruxelles, Belgium

Fiscal Agent

U.S. \$50,000,000

mapoalim International N.V.

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1988

For the six months
30 December 1986 to 30 June 1987
the Notes will carry an
interest rate of 51% per annum
Coupon Value U.S. 3334.93
Listed on The Stock Exchange, London

Wells Fargo & Company U.S. \$100,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Capital Notes due September 1997

In accordance with the in accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period 29th December, 1986 to 30th March, 1987 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 6'Vis% per annum.

Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 30th March, 1987 will amount to US\$169-05 per US\$10,000 Note. Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York London

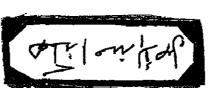
DATED AT LONDON This 29th day of December, 1986, by ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED

ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED

A member of The Royal Bank of Canada Group

Financial Times Monday December 29 1986

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Shand Committed to Construction

Shand Ltd. Shand House Matlock Derbyshire DE4 3AF Tel: (0629) 734441

Repairing Ely

back to the 1940s when the company's founder, James sidiary of George Wimpey, has a separate Translink contract. Rattee, was employed on the

awarded a contract worth in the region of £3.2m by the Decian Kelly Group for the construction of 14 flats and 64 houses at Cowley, Middlesex. A. E. Symes, another subsidiary. has been awarded a contract worth about £1.25m by Clay-form Properties to build offices

SCULL joint venture has been work for the galleries and hall and associated structures awarded a £2.2m contract to transfer towers of a petroleum progresses. Another Trafalpar construct a boiler house at the coke handling plant which will Great Ormand Street Hospital transport material from Mina Engineering, is supplying two for Sick Children in London. Abdullab Refinery to Shuwaik turbine units for the extended The boiler house will incopor. Port, for loading on to ships. plant. Cleveland Bridge has ate six boilers, chimneys and all The contract includes erection also secured a maintenance conassociated equipment to conassocia

CONSTRUCTION

Testing the ground for Channel Tunnel

TERRESEARCH has commenced also been awarded a £1.27m con-work on the first of two geo-technical surveys as part of pre-liminary works on the Channel Tunnel project. The company has received a contract from a self-elevating drilling plat-Repairing Ely

Cathedral roof

A £1.5m contract for repairs to the nave and aisle roofs of Ely
Cathedral has been awarded to
RATTEE & KETT, Cambridgebased member of the John
Mowlem Group. The project is the first phase of the current appeals programme for the John
Mowlem Group. The project is the first phase of the current appeals programme for the John
involves repairs to the decaying timber roof structure and complete releading of the roof, passonary tensity and paging to the second survey for the massonary tensity and paging to the second survey for the massonary tensity and paging to the second survey for the massonary tensity and the second survey for the massonary tensity and the construction of an area of forceshore near Dover to assess its suitability for the disposal of spoil from t

of the roue of the projected Channel Tunnel. Working from a self-elevating drilling platform — the "Lancelot" — a maximum of 11 rock cores of 85 mm diameter will be taken from depths of up to 100 metres into another the sea had on into, and below, the sea bed on both sides of the Channel. Bore holes will be drilled

using up-to-date wire-line dril-ling techniques to establish en-gineering parameters for the tunnel designers. In situ tests, using packers, will assess the permeability of the rock surrounding the bore holes. Grophysical logging in the bore piete releading of the roof, masonary repairs, and reglazing of the clerestory together with other conservation. The client is the Dean and Chapter of Ely to the British terminals at the proposed sites the British terminals at the direction of the Surveyor of the Fabric, Mr Peter Miller is the direction of the Surveyor of the Fabric, Mr Peter Miller, is due to start in January for completion in two years. Rattee & Kett's association with Ely goes back to the 1940s when the

design and carving of the stone reredos for the cathedral, and more recently has included restoration of the West Tower and the famous Ely Lantern. Rattee & Kett has also been awarded a £250,000 contract from Newark District Council for stonemasonary repairs and the restoration of Newark Castle in Nottinghamshire.

JOHN WILLMOTT HOUSING, a subsidiary of the John Willmott Building Group, has been awarded a contract worth in the north of the station started in London (Paddington) main line formerly occupied by sidings.

JOHN WILLMOTT HOUSING, a subsidiary of the John Willmott Building Group, has been awarded a contract worth in the north of the station started in London (Paddington) main line formerly occupied by sidings.

Middle East steelwork orders for Cleveland

SWORLD VALUE OF THE DOLLAR

BANK OF AMERICA GLOBAL TRADING ECONOMICS DEPT., LONDON

The table below gives the rates of exchange for the U.S. dollar against various currencies as of Wednesday, December 24, 1986. The exchange rates listed are middle rates between buying and selling rates as quoted between banks, unless otherwise indicated. All currencies are quoted in foreign currency units per one U.S. dollar except in certain specified areas. All rates quoted are indicative. They are not based on, and are not intended to be used as a basis for,

CURRENCY

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Three steelwork contracts with scheduled for completion in a combined value of £3.5m mid-1987.

have been secured in Kuwait For Dubai Electric Company, and the UAE by Trafalgar Cleveland is to supply, facricate EC1. John Willmott/Cambridge has been awarded a contract worth about £1.5m by Spicers at Sawston, Cambridge, for an extension to the central distribution warehouse.

The FAIRCLOUGH-DRAKE & Science is for 3,000 tonnes of steel-science of the steel work for the galleries and except as design work on the turbine work for the galleries and associated structurae hall and associated structuraes.

Bank of America Global Trading, London,

New York, Tokyo, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Toronto.

24-hours a day trading capability.

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DIARY DATES

Finance

The following is a record of the principal business and financial engagements during the week. The board meetings are mainly for the purpose of considering dividends and official indications are not always available whether dividends concerned are interims or finals. The sub-divisions shown below are based mainly on last year's timetable.

BOARD MEETINGS...

BOARD MEETINGS—
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New Zealand 144pc 1987 7'sec
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Trade fairs and exhibitions: UK

Antiques Fair (04447 2514)

Kensington Town Hall

January 18-22

Wembley Conference Centra Light Show (05884 January 31-February 1 Olympia Hobby Fair (01-701 7127) January 20-22 Office and Contract Interiors Exhibition — DESIGN (01-888 February 1-5

4499) Design Centre International Spring Fair (Gift January 22-25 Ideal Home Exhibition (0202 section 01-855 9201, Hardware 296275) Metro Exhibition Hall, Brighton February 3-4 NEC, Birmingham

January 23-25 February 3-4
Holiday and Leisure Sepctacular Entrepreneurs' Exhibition (01-583 9199) Exhibition (01-583 9199) Royal Garden Hotel, WS

Tower Hotel, EC3

Rensington Exhibition Cente **Overseas**

January 9-12 January 15-18
International Furniture Exhibi Travel Exhibition (01-486 1951) tion (01-439 3964) January 18-21 January 12-15
Middle East Electronics Communications Show and Conference—MECOM (01-486 1951)

January 13-18

January 13-18

January 18-21

Hong Kong Fashiun Week (01-930 7955)

Hong Kong Kong Kong Caravan, Camping, Car, Boat, Garden and Tourism and Leisure Exhibition (01-651 2191)

Hanover 21-25 January 13-18
International Furniture Fair
(01-930 7251) Cologue February 21-25
Spring Fair (01-734 0543)
Fran International Oil and Gas Chemical and Process Engineering Industries Exhibition and Conference—CHEMTECH AND ORT (01-221 2043)

Business 12-20

Frankfurt

Frankfurt

Frankfurt

Frankfurt

Materials Handling and Ware-housing; Packaging and Printing

(021-455 9600)

Bruo

Business and Management Conferences January 19

January 29
International Business Communications: Long-term finance for Research Groups: Cargo insurance ment (01-236 4080)

January 28-30
Insurance and Reinsurance Research Groups: Cargo insurance clauses international workshop (01-236 2175)
Tower Hotel, EC3 January 20 January 20
IBC Legal Studies and Services:
The annual company report
(01-236 4080) Portman Hotel, 171
January 21-22
January 28
IBC Legal Studies and Services:
Takeovers and acquisitions in the
US—the key issues (09323
55244) January 28

January 21-22
IBC: Control accounting and taxation of bank risk (01-236 January 28
4080)
Café Royal, WI CCH Editions: The practical implications of the Financial Services Act (01-491 1322)
Hyde Park Hotel, SW1 taxation or 4080)

Café Royan,
January 22

The Strategic Planning Society:
Strategic issues for the 1990snew frontiers? (01-235 0248)
6 John Adam Street, WC2

Fundamy 28-29

Euromoney Publications: The
gilts market explosion (01-238

Hilton Hotel, Wi

January 29-30

Times Conferences Financial Times Conferences: The Second FT Defence Conference—entering the American market (01-621 1355)

Brunel University, Uxbridge January 27 Longman Seminars: Relief from Capital Gains Tax (01-242 4111)

Barblean Centre, EC2

Capital Gains Tax (01-242 4111)

Barblean Centre, EC2

January 27

NEDO: Who benefits from corporate venturing? (01-211 3100)

Café Royal, W1

Café Royal, W1

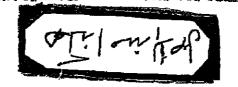
Café Royal, W1 Anyone wishing to attend any of the above events is addised to telephone the organisers to ensure that there has been no change in the details published.

Parliament

COMMONS Business for wek beginning January 12, after Christmas MONDAY: Local Government Finance Bill, second reading.

trial Training Levy (Construction Board) Order 1987, motion.
THURSDAY: Coal Industry
Bill, remaining stages, City of
London (Various Rights) Bill.
FRIDAY: Private members'
business, including Free Television Licences for Pensioners
Bill, Obscene Publications Bill.
and Police Complaints Authority TUESDAY: Debate on the vision Licences for Pensioners Bill, Obscine State Complaints Authority (1942) 14pc, 44pc2ds (1953) 23pc, 1950, 14pc, 14p

n.a. Not available. (m) Market rate "U.S. dollars per National Corrency smit. (a) Freemarket central bank. (b) Official rate. (b) Rate. (c) Commercial rate. (d) Freemarket. (e) Controlled. (f) Financial rate. (g) Preferential rates. (h) Non essential imports. (f) Financial products, (l) Priority Rate. (n) Essential imports. (p) Exports. (l) Venezuela; For debts incurred prior to February 1983. (2) Van Oct. 1985: Van devalued by approx. 81%. (4) Venezuela; 7 Dec. 1986: Bolhar devalued by approx. 81%. (4) Venezuela, 7 Dec. 1986: Bolhar devalued by approx. 81%.



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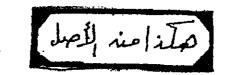
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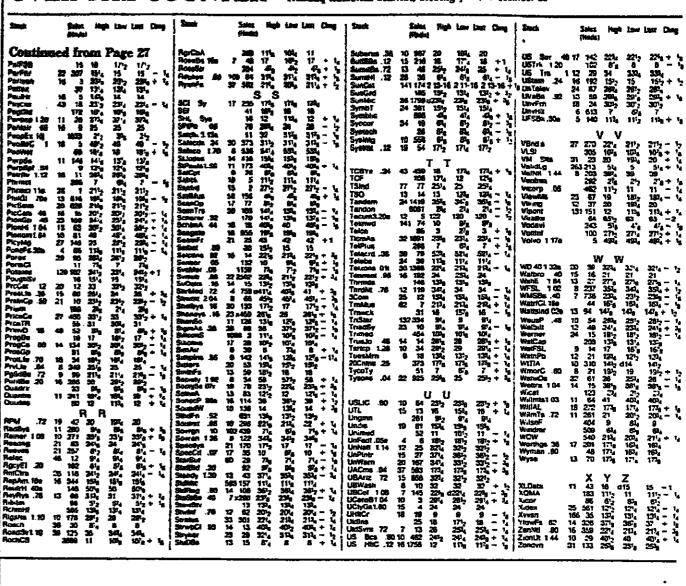
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January 31-February Briss International Moonly Fair (01-78)



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for further details contact: Richard Willis Financial Times (Europe) Ltd Singel 512 1017 AX Amsterdam Netherlands Tel: 239430 Telex: 16527



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FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

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Dollar and interest rates expected to fall

INTERNATIONAL interest rates are expected to fall in 1987. There was unanimity among the economic forecasters on this subject as 1986 drew to an end, and attention turned to the New Year. James Capel's international bond and currency review for December said the only doubt about declining interest rates n the major industrialised coun-

tries concerned the UK.
The US discount rate should be cut during the first quarter of next year, according to James Capel, in response to sluggish growth in the economy, continuing concern over manufacturing industry and inflation reaching a 22-year low of 1.1 per cent in January.

Dec 26	Latest	Previous Clase
Spot 1 month	1.4560-1.4589 0.42-0.40 pm 1.58-1.55 pm 6.40-6.39 cm	1.4625-1.464 0.42-0.41 pr 1.66-1.57pr 6.45-6.35 pr
	nums and discor	

STERL	STERLING INDEX						
		Dec. 24	Previous				
8.30	am	€3.9	68.5				
9.00	271	63.9	68.5				
10.00	307	68.9	68 4				
11.30	2m	69.1	65.3				
Nesn		69.0	68.3				
1.00	pm	_	÷.2.÷				
2.30	;m	_	62.5				
3.00	pr	_	65.6				
2.50		ı !	45.6				

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

Dozember 24	Bark of Employs Index	Morgan Suarenty Changes fo
Sterling U.S. Doller Senar un Doller Australian Schalling Berigaa Frang Bandr Krame Gerttine Mark Sans Frang Guider French Frank Ling Ven	59.0 109.5 179.4 135.1 50.7 154.1 167.1 152.0 72.5 204.4	-24.9 +2.7 -12.3 +5.4 +6.3 +20.9 +13.5 -12.6 -15.3

CURRENCY RATES

Dec. 24	5ack	Scenal	European
	*818	Drawing	Currency
	*3,	Protest	Cast
Sterling U.S. Dollar Carad.a: 5	 55 8,47	0.840090 1.21141	0.728331 1.05297 1.44923
Austrian Sch	6	16.7914	14.6154
Belgion Franc		49.7254	-3.2566
Danish Krone		9.65226	7.87573
Describe Wark	31:	2.38572	2.07890
Neth. G.:: Scr	41:	2.70266	2.35066
French Franc	5:	7.85297	6.83533
ltahan ura Japane o You Norway Frone	12 30	1664.07:1, 197.218 9.10375	14-239 171-015 7.89319
Scarce Pearla	72	151 481	140.505
Seesor Posta		8 34543	7.24353
Swith Frank] Greek Brack]	2012	1.99398	1.73329 147.574

*CS:SGR rate for Dec. 23; 1 66860 (1) SDR rate for Dec. 22

OTHER CURRENCIES

Ces. 24 (, £	S
Argentina	1.7905-1.7975	1.2310-1.2350
Attraira	2.2029-2.2060	1.5140-1.5155
Erazii	21,34-21,47	14.68-14.75
Finland	7.0110-7.0745	4.2400-4.8500
Greece	202.15-203.75	139.20-140.30
Hээд Колд	11.5385-11.3 53 7	7.7540-7.7990
!r27	109 70*	78. 5 0=
Korea (Sth)	1259.55-1261.90	858.10-865.10
Kuwaiti	0.42510.0.42380	0.29435-0.29455
Lucembourg	59.70-59.20	47.45-41.05
Maiaysız	3.7775-3.7645	2.5915-2.5965
N. Zealand 🛶	2.7755-2.7855	1,9025-1,7140
Saudi Ar	5.4580-5.4630	3.7525-3.7535
Singapore	3.1770-3.1865	2.1820-2.1379
S. Af. (Cm)	3.2295-3.2375	2.2195-2.2250
S. Af. (Fr)	6.3955-6.6895	4.3955-4.5975
Taiwan,	51.90-52.15	36.65-35.75
U.A.E	5.3415-5.3470	3.6725-3.6735
Sellins rate	·.	

FORWARD RATES **AGAINST STERLING**

	Spot	l ndh	3 mths	ध्याप्तर र	12 mths
US Dollar D-mark French Fr. Swiss Fr. Yen	2.8700 9.4400 2.4025	2.857.8 9.4265	2,8297 9,4157 2,3651	2.7876 9.3697 2.3230	2.709 9.264 2.248

Midland Bank's market review for December agrees that US interest rates will trend lower once seasonal

The Bank says there is wide-spread expectation that the Federal Reserve will move to lower the discount rate in early 1987. Lloyds Bank International Finan-

cial Outlook has also recently pre-dicted a fall in the US discount rate James Capel expects a reduction

in Japanese interest rates in the first half of next year, to head off any upward move in the yen, against a background of continuing disappointment over the perform-

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

en per 1,000: French Fr per 10: Lira per 1,000: Belgian Fr per 100.

197,114 11,114 8-82 67,74 14-15 82-9 6-19 19-124

POUND SPOT—FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

1.4565-1.4575 2.0055-2.0065

3.2÷3.25 5°.70 59 80

DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

1.3770-1.378

133.10-133.20 1367%-1367% 7.48%-7.48% 6.46%-6.48% 6.86%-6.86% 161.90-162.00 13.84-13.84% 1.6490-1.6500

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

7:282 7:74 0:46 6:472 6:47 6:47 6:47 6:47 4:43 8:49 5:45

3231,-3251; 59 58-59 91

4530-1.4590

1.3760-1.3780 2.2215-2.2285

1363-1368 7,48-7,49 6,47-6,48½ 6,85½-6,86¼ 61,60-162,05

UK clearing bank base lending rate 11 per cent since October 15

Midland Bank's market review

points out the Treasury has forecast a shortfall of £1.5bn, while the National Institute of Economic and

Belgium . Denmark W. Germa

40.9041.05 40.9041.05 40.9541.05 7.45½-7.45½ 1.9620-1.9705 147½-147¾ 132.90-133.20 133.10-133.20

Can, Oction D. Guilder 5w Franc

B. Fr. (Cort.) 📖

forecasts that Japanese rates will months to November the money Bank of J

credit po currency in 1987. Money supply growth is seen as the major factor preventing an early cut in West German interest rates. At the Bun-desbank council meeting on December 18 the money supply target range for next year was widened to 3 to 6 per cent from 3.5

YEN ! F Fr. | S Fr. | H Fl.

11,2-11,4 61,-61, 8-24, 6,2-6,3 41,-41, 5-2-5,3 85,-91, 107-115, 71,-71, 71,-71, 41,-41, 101,-105, 34,-4

11-11-9
77-71-2
77-8-0-12
5-3-6
6-3-0-12
6-3-12
74-73
74-73
4-3-41
9-10-10-10
4-4-12

Long-term Eurodollars: Two years $6l_2 + 6l_4$ per cent; three years $7-7l_4$ per cent; four years $7l_2-7l_4$ per cent, four years $7l_2-7l_4$ per cent, from rotated. Short-term rates are call for US Dollars and Japaness (e.g. others, two days' notice.

59.76.59 50 19.14c ds 10.852-10.864 112-14cre pm 10.850-10.864 112-14cre pm 10.850-10.864 112-14c pm 112-150 01 10.850-10.864 112-150 01 10.850-10.864 112-150 pm 112-15 pm 112-

15-Ic pm 19-14c dis

0.42-0.39c pm 0.75-0.68c pm 0.04-0.07c dis

0.04-0.07c diss -0.48 0.17-0.12c pm 0.78 2 pm-par pm 0.29 Par-lore dis -0.90 0.31-0.28pf pm 1.90 120-170c dis -4.51 212-412 irre dis -3.08 4.75-5.75oce dis -9.01 0.75-1.00c dis -1.62 0.75-1

11.2-11.2 6.2-6.2 8-84 5-7-6 4-41.2 5-3-5-2 6-4-91. 104-114 7-3-74 7-84 104-104 3-3-34

4.24 4.78 -3.05 0.90 -2.36 5.57 -5.38 -0.99 -0.10 -4.52 1.24 6.57 5.21

4.24 6.93 -1.67

50-41dis 2%-2pm 0.50-0.75 dis 4½-3% pm 242-386 dis 20-76 dis 2 pm-3 dis 114-12% dis 3½-2½ pm 3½-2½ pm 3%-2½ pm 28½-24 pm 3%-3% pm 28½-3% pm

1.57-1.52 pm

0.55-0.60 d

0.17-0.12 pm 11-15 dis 4.50-5.50 drs 0.71-0.66 dis 330-390 dis 175-225 dis

16.50-18.000

5.00-5.50 dis 5.00-6.00 dis 0.88-0.83 pm 23-3.00cmm

0.83 -2.55 4.70 -7.04 -1.39 -0.30 -5.23 1.83 1.35 6.36 5.13 4.99

3.34 6.22

ierately lower over the next hs, while the yen remains sly stable against the dollar, kens against the D-Mark suggests it is unlikely the Japan will further ease its slicy. Interest generally expect with to remain the strong	stock rose by nearly 9 per of Capel says interest rates in Germany will only be cut womentary growth slows down line with the 1987 target, believes no cut is likely before third quarter. Midland expects German is to remain at their present le
ark to remain the strong	to remain at their present le

Midland Bank is not so sure, but to 5.5 per cent, but in the six and following a realignment bill in the US Congress and stub-forecasts that Japanese rates will months to November the money drift moderately lower over the next stock rose by nearly 9 per cent. Lloyds and Capel agree it is more generate calls for a further six months, while the ven remains. likely around the end of the first decline by the dollar, according to quarter. Capel comments that it is

Germany will only be cut when monetary growth slows down in line with the 1987 target, and believes no cut is likely before the third quarter.

Midland expects German rates to remain at their present levels over the next two to three months, but then forecasts a cut to stimulate down or even reverse, the D-Mark's appreciation.

Lloyds also forecasts a reduction in German rates, after the Federal elections on January 25, with an impending protectionist of the US to acheve a deal on trade in the latter group.

Gapel.

There is not much argument about 2 further weakening of the 1987 target, and forecasts a about 2 further weakening of the 1987 target, and forecasts a doult a further weakening of the 2001ar, which is expected to gain momentum in the Spring Capel and Midland see a dollar rate and momentum in the Spring Capel to the Danish krone. Belgian franc and Irish punt. The against the D-Mark of DM 1.93 in the latter group.

Frustration over the inability of the US to acheve a deal on trade and interest rates with Europe. June, but Capel is more conservation in German rates, after the weakening of the 1987 target, and forecasts a about 2 further weakening of the 1987 target, and forecasts a about 2 further weakening of the 1987 target, and forecasts a about 2 further weakening of the 1987 target, and forecasts a and Midland see a dollar rate and Midland see a doll

LIFFE LONG SILT FUTURES OPTIONS LIFFE US TREASUR					REASURY	BOKO FL	TURES (OPTIONS	LIFFE FT	SE 190 F	NDEX FU			
Strike Price 100 102 104 106 108 110 112 114 Estimated Previous d	Mar. 1150 9.51 7.55 6.00 4.19 2.55 1.47 0.61	Jene 12.04 10.13 8.27 6.50 5.19 4.01 2.60 2.05 stal, Calls ynt, Calls	Mar. 0.00 0.01 0.05 0.14 0.33 1.05 1.61 3.11 430 Pars	Lest Jame 0.08 0.17 0.31 0.54 1.23 2.05 3.00 4.09 5 ots 6,347	Strike Price 90 92 94 96 98 100 102 104 Estimated Previous d		June 9,35 7,49 6,09 4,44 3,29 2,23 1,42 1,05 rat, Calls	Mar. 0.01 0.03 0.10 0.26 0.57 1.44 2.54 4.20 1 Pets 10		Strike Prinz 15750 16750 16500 16500 16750 17750 17750 17750 Entimated Prespons 6	22%- Jan 11.62 9.17 6.63 4.71 2.95 1.65 0.27 92.74 (2) 27, 384	Feb 11.81 9.53 7.43 5.56 3.98 2.71 1.75	Jan 0.02 0.02 0.23 0.41 1.35 4.21 7.57 0. Puts 0	Feb 0.21 0.43 0.93 1.46 2.38 3.61 5.15
LIFFE £/\$ £25,000 (c									£'S OPTI					

Last 90.05 0.20 0.80 2.50 16.00 10.10 15.00 Jan. 0.10 0.85 4.50 20-YEAR 12% NOTIONAL EILT

2.30,000	22002 01 1	W75	_	
Dec. March June Estimated Previous	Close 111-20 111-25 111-30 volume 2, day's open	112-01 492 (9.04	41	Prev. 111-00 111-06 111-10
	TOKAL ST 64ths of		.T	-
	Close 97-03 97-07 Volume 1 day's open		97-03 212)	Prev. 96-54 96-58
	IONTH ST paints of			
March June Sept.	Close 88.92 89.25 89.38	High 88,94 89,26 89,37	Low 88.91 89.24 89.37	Prev. 88.69 89.23 89.35

Close High 166.30 166.30 169.10 169.10 172.10 — volume 212 (757)

	Close	High	Low	Pres.
March	93.95	93.97	93,94	93,95
Jone	93.98	94.00	93.98	93.97
Sept.	93.91	93.89	93.89	93.89
Dec.	93.71	_	_	93.69
March	93.41	_	_	93,39
June .	93.08	_	_	93.06
Sept	92.75	92.74	92.74	92.73
	volume 5			
	day's open			l)

Previous	June 99-10 - 99-06 Estimated Volume 71 (1,367) Previous day's open lot. 3,235 (3,404) CURRENCY FUTURES								
POUND-	-\$ (FORE	CH EXC	HANGE)						
Spot 1.4570	1-mth. 1.4530	3-mth, 1.4416	6-mm. 1.4242	12-enth. 1.3935					
IMM-S	IMM-STERLING So per £								
Mar.	Close 1.4455	High 1.4490	Low 1.4410	Prev 1.4475					

County NatWest's gilt-edged mar-ket bulletin for January warns there

must be doubt about Opec's willing

ness to stick to its new quotas, but is generally optimistic about marke

Midland Bank is worried about the oil market, the UK current account, and faster growth in MO

money supply, fearing these factors could force a rise in interest rates

prospects for the New Year.

•† UK and Ireland are quoted in US currency. Forward premiums and discounts apply to the US dollar and not to the individual currency. Belgian rate is for convertible traces. Financial frant 41.35-41.45.

MONEY MARKETS

Uncertainty about the UK's prospects

ON CHRISTMAS Eve sterling rose to its highest level against the dollar since September, and the exchange rate index was the strongest for over a month. London interest rates hardly moved however, indicating the amount of uncertainty in the

A UK current account deficit in National Institute of Economic and 1987 is expected to produce a Social Research expects £5.6bn.

James Capel has based its predicof the deficit is open to debate. As tion of a weaker pound on a current

ET LONDON INTERRANK EIVIN

ri Lur	adou na	IERDAIN FIAIN	3		
(31.00	a.m. Dec. 24	3 months U.S. dollars	6 months	U.S.	dollars
bid	6 .	Offer 6 1	bid 6 g	L	Offer 6 🔏
offered rau The banks	es for \$10m q	e arithmetic means, round soted by the market to five Westminster Bank, Bank ranty Trust.	reference banks at 11.	.s 00	m. each working da

BANK OF ENGLAND TREASURY BILL TENDER

	Dec. 24	Dec. 19		Dec. 24	Dec. 19
Bills on offer Total of apolications Total allocated Makeom accepted bid Allocmem at minimum level	£386m £100m £97.345	£309m £100m	Top accepted rate of discount	10.6492% 10.94%	10.6646%

WEEKLY CHANGE IN WORLD INTEREST RATES

LONDON	Dec. 24	change	NEW YORK	Dec. 24	change
Base rates 7 day interbank 3 month interbank Treasury Bill Tender Band ? Bill:	10%	Unch'd + 12 Unch'd -0.0154 Unch'd	Prime rates	77 ₂ 57 ₄ 5.63 5.61 6.50	Unch'd Unch'd ~0.10 ~0.28 +0.25
Band 2 Bills	101	Unch'd Unch'd Unch'd Unch'd Unch'd	FRANKFURT Lombard	5.5 4.90 4.875	Unch'd Unch'd +0.075
3 Mth. Bank Bills TOKYO One months Eills Three months Eills	10 ₁ , 4 40625 4.34375	-13 -0.0625 Uncird	Intervention Rate One mth./nterbank Three month	7,00 8] _A 8 i _B	Unch'd Unch'd + 12
BRUSSELS One month Three month	73 <u>1</u> 712	+1k +1k	MILAN One month Three manth	11% 11%	Ungb'd Unch'd
AMSTERDAM One month	655	+13	One worth	13 (2	-l _e

London—band 1 bills mature in up to 14 days, band 2 bills 15 to 33 days, band 3 bills 34 to 63 days and bund 4 bills 64 to 91 days. Rates quoted represent Bank of England buying or selling rates with the money market. In other centres rates are generally deposit rates in the domestic money market and their respective changes during the week.

account deficit for the year of £3.4bn, and expects sterling to slide with a falling dollar, against a background of political uncertainty, and problems for Opec in propping up oil

Capel says the main risk to this torecast is a May general election, with an outright Conservative vic-

tory, plus more buoyant oil prices in 1987, which would push sterling sig-

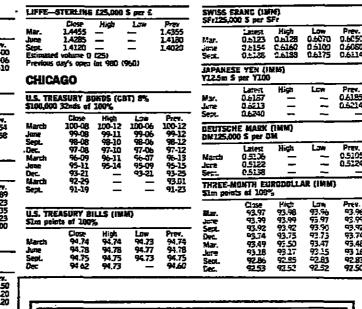
والمنافية والمنا

MONEY RATES NEW YORK Treasury Bills and Bonds Three year ...
Fine year ...
Seven year ...
30 year

6.43 6.63 6.70 6.93 7.07 7.23 Dec. 24 5.25-5.50 74-74 7-14 65-64 4.28125 114-114 8.25 13-134 8-84 5-54 64-613 4.40625 59 ----64-64 1112-12 74-74 134-14

LONDON MONEY RATES 112-114 114-114 112-114 112-114 103-11 112-112 112-112 114 114 1112-2 11ኤ-10% 11%-10% Local Authority Deposits... Local Authority Bonds Discount Market Deposits 117-114 114-11 1011 114-11 114-11 1011 1011 114-8 810-8.00 7:3-7:3 8:3-81 10 114 Decomm Marvet Deposits Company Deposits Finance House Deposits Finance House Deposits Treasury Billis (Buy)
Bank Billis (Buy)
Fine Trade Bitis (Buy)
Dollar CDs ...
SDR Linked Deposits ... 114 10|| 11|| 630-625 64-64 87-84

Treasury Bills (sell); one-month 10½ per cent; three-months 10½ per cent; Bank Bills (sell); one-month 10½ per cent; three months 10½ per cent; Treasury Bills; Average tender rate of discount 10 6492 p.c. ECGD Fixed Finance Scheme IV reference date November 1 to 28 (inclusive); 11.248 per cent. Local Authority and Finance Houses seven days' notice, others seven days' fixed. Finance Houses Base Rate 11½ per cent from December 1, 1986; Bank Deposit Rates for sems at seven days' notice 4.35-4.375 per cent. Certificates of Tax Deposit (Series 6): Deposit £100,000 and over held under one month 10½ per cent; one-three months 11½ per cent; three-six notices 11½ per cent; streeme months 11½ per cent inter-12 months 11½ per cent; Under £100.000 10½ per cent (rom December 16. Deposits held under Series 5 10½ per cent. Deposits withdrawn for cash 5½ per cent.



NOTICE OF EARLY REDEMPTION To the holders of

RHM International Finance N.V. ("the Company")

US \$20,000,000 8% Guaranteed Bonds 1988 ("the Bonds")

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Conditions 4(c) of the Bonds, the Company has elected to redeem on 1st March 1987 ("the Redemption Date") all of the Bonds outstanding at par together with interest accrued to the Redemption Date. On the Redemption Date, interest will cease to accrue. The Bonds should be presented for payment together with all

unmatured Coupons appertaining thereto, failing which the face value of any missing unmatured Coupons will be deducted from the sum due for payment. Any amount so deducted will be paid against surrender of the relative missing Coupons. Bonds and Coupons will become void unless presented for payment within a period of 12 years and 6 years respectively from the Redemption Date.

The Bonds may be presented for redemption at the offices of the Paying Agents as set out on the reverse of the Bonds.

29th December, 1985

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited The Principal Paying Agent



U.S. \$200,000,000 Bankers Trust Overseas Finance N.V.

Guaranteed Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due 1994

For the three months 29 December, 1986 to 30 March, 1987 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 615/16 per cent. per annum and interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 30 March, 1937 against Coupon No. 18 will be U.S.\$17-54 per U.S. \$1,000 Note and U.S.\$175-36 per U.S. \$10,000 Note.

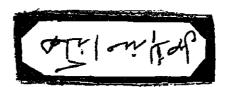
By Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, London Agent Bank



American Express Bank Ltd. U.S. \$100,000,000 Floating Rate Subordinated Capital Notes Due 1997

Natice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 678% and that the interest payable in respect of

U.S. \$10,000 principal amount of Notes for the period December 29, 1986 to March 30, 1987 will be US\$173.78. December 29, 1984 London By. Cihbank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.1, Agent Bank



9900 Manner Drac blan Con Can Red Pet ET 101 Int Cat May 81% Con Can Red Pet ET 102 Int Cat May 81% Con Can Red Pet ET 102 Int Cat May 81% Con Can Red Pet ET 104 Int Cat May 81% Con Red Pet ET 104 Int May 81% Water Water Dian Red Pet 104% Int May 81% Water Water Dian Red Pet 104% Int May 81% Water Water Dian Red Pet 104% Int May 81% Bat 21% Con Participation With Bat Ned Pet 104% "RIGHTS" OFFERS 61-gam *America Ip
22-am *Access Tables 61
12-bm *Barmacham Marin
10-am *Maring Ind 1012-am *Maring Ind 1012-am *Marin Sino 1012-am *Marin Sino 1012-am *Marin Sino 1012-am *Marin Ind 101

R Forecast annualised dividend, cover and pie cuto based or prospectus or other of local Rennance. In Proceedings of the Control of the Contr

HOLIDAY AND TRAVEL ADVERTISING

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and now, he cannot bear to turna corner

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We look after these bear man and women to the country.

the service of our Country.

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